

Pakistan Society of Pediatric Oncology

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To

World Health Organization (WHO)
Essential Medicines List Committee

Subject: Endorsement for the Inclusion of Blinatumomab in the WHO Essential Medicines List for Children (EMLc)

Dear EML Secretariat,

On behalf of the **Pakistan Society of Pediatric Oncology (PSPO)**, I am pleased to strongly endorse the application submitted by **Resonance Inc**. for the inclusion of **blinatumomab** in the WHO Essential Medicines List for Children (EMLc).

Blinatumomab, a bispecific T-cell engager (BiTE) immunotherapy, has revolutionized the treatment of **relapsed or refractory B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia (B-ALL)** in children. As pediatric oncologists practicing in resource-limited settings like Pakistan, we confront the dire consequences of relapsed/refractory ALL daily, where therapeutic options are limited, and outcomes remain unacceptably poor. The inclusion of blinatumomab in the EMLc would represent a transformative advancement in narrowing global disparities in childhood cancer care and significantly improving survival rates.

Rationale for Endorsement

1. Superior Efficacy in High-Risk B-ALL

Blinatumomab has demonstrated **higher remission rates and survival benefits** compared to conventional chemotherapy, offering a critical lifeline for children with refractory or relapsed disease.

2. Favorable Safety Profile

Unlike intensive salvage chemotherapy, which is often poorly tolerated in low-resource settings, blinatumomab provides a **targeted**, **less toxic alternative**, enhancing treatment feasibility and quality of life for vulnerable patients.

3. Bridge to Curative Therapy

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For children eligible for hematopoietic stem cell transplantation

(HSCT), blinatumomab can induce deep molecular remissions,

maximizing transplant success rates and long-term survival.

4. Advancing Global Equity in Cancer Care

Despite its proven benefits, access to blinatumomab remains severely

restricted in low- and middle-income countries (LMICs) due to cost

and procurement challenges. Inclusion in the EMLc would accelerate

affordability, regulatory approvals, and sustainable access through

national and global health initiatives.

Urgent Need in Pakistan and Comparable Settings

In Pakistan, where childhood cancer survival rates trail high-income

countries due to delayed diagnoses, financial barriers, and limited

treatment infrastructure, blinatumomab's inclusion in the EMLc would be a

watershed moment. Streamlined procurement and approval mechanisms

would empower oncologists to deliver this **life-saving therapy** to children

who currently have no alternatives.

We urgently appeal to the WHO Expert Committee to approve

blinatumomab's inclusion in the EMLc, aligning with the WHO Global

Initiative for Childhood Cancer (GICC) goal of achieving at least 60%

survival for all children with cancer by 2030. This decision would

reaffirm WHO's commitment to equitable access to cutting-edge

therapies and offer hope to countless children worldwide.

Yours Sincerely,

Prof. Tarig Ghafoor

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