## A.1 Abacavir + dolutegravir + lamivudine – EMLc Reviewer summary X Supportive of the proposal ☐ Not supportive of the proposal Justification (based on considerations of the dimensions described below): -HIV management in children continues to be complex due to lack of child-friendly drug formulations -Good evidence for DTG in children -ABC/3TC has already been in use in children -Lower cost than current regimens -already included in multiple guidelines including WHO guidelines as the preferred initial regimen for children -Generic formulations that already have regulatory approval Does the EML and/or EMLc currently recommend alternative medicines for the X Yes ☐ No ☐ Not applicable proposed indication that can be considered therapeutic alternatives? (https://list.essentialmeds.org/) Does adequate evidence exist for the efficacy/effectiveness of the medicine for the X Yes ☐ No ☐ Not applicable proposed indication? (e.g., evidence originating from multiple high-quality studies with sufficient follow up. This may be evidence included in the application, and/or additional evidence identified during the review process;) Does adequate evidence exist for the safety/harms associated with the proposed X Yes ☐ Not applicable □ No medicine? (e.g., evidence originating from multiple high-quality studies with sufficient follow up. This may be evidence included in the application, and/or additional evidence identified during the review process;) Overall, does the proposed medicine have a favourable and meaningful balance of X Yes ☐ No ☐ Not applicable benefits to harms? Are there any special requirements for the safe, effective and appropriate use of the X Yes ☐ No ☐ Not applicable medicines? (e.g. laboratory diagnostic and/or monitoring tests, specialized training for health providers, etc) HLA B\*5701 testing may be required particularly in population with higher prevalence to prevent hypersensitivity reaction to ABC (WHO 2016 - not required in African sites as it is very rare) Routine viral load testing as per treatment guideileins Routine paed HIV treatment guidelines training. No specialised training or treatment facility The concern may be the number of tablets an older child has to take.

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Are there any issues regarding price, cost-effectiveness and budget implications in different settings?	applic	Yes cable	X No	□ Not
Generics available				
PPPY cost slightly higher than the separate components of ABC/3TC + DTG (price expected to reduce as volumes increase), significantly cheaper than ABC/3TC + LPVr granules				
No specific cost effectiveness studies so far				
Reduced risk of DTG mono or other dual therapy due to the FDC				
Is the medicine available and accessible across countries?	X Yes	$\square$ No	☐ Not ap	oplicable
(e.g. shortages, generics and biosimilars, pooled procurement programmes, access programmes)				
Multiple generic manufactures, some already WHO prequalified				
Does the medicine have wide regulatory approval?	X Yes, for the proposed indication			
	☐ Yes, but only for other indications (off-label for proposed indication)			
	□ No	□ Not a	pplicable	