

Global Congress on Implementation of the Code of Marketing of Breast-milk Substitutes June 2023

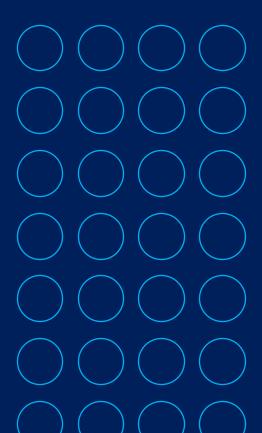
Welcome!

Please take your seats.

The program will begin shortly.









Paul Zambrano

Regional Associate Director

Alive & Thrive East Asia Pacific









Global Congress on Implementation of the Code of Marketing of Breast-milk Substitutes June 2023

How civil society can support governments in Code advocacy and implementation

Experience of Alive & Thrive

Paul Zambrano, MD, MSc.
Technical Associate Director
Alive & Thrive East Asia Pacific / FHI
360





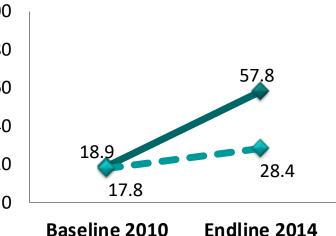
Disclosures

Alive & Thrive is managed globally by FHI Solutions and is funded by The Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, The Government of Ireland, and UNICEF, among others.

A&T receives no funding or other support from manufacturers or distributors of breastmilk substitutes, feeding bottles and teats, or from entities representing those interests.

Alive & Thrive improves maternal and child nutrition at scale







A proven framework for improving maternal nutrition and child feeding practices at scale

Partnerships & alliances in the health system and other sectors for scale and sustainability

ADVOCACY

Interpersonal communication & community mobilization

MASS COMMUNICATION

Policy Employers makers & legislators

Staff of multiple sectors

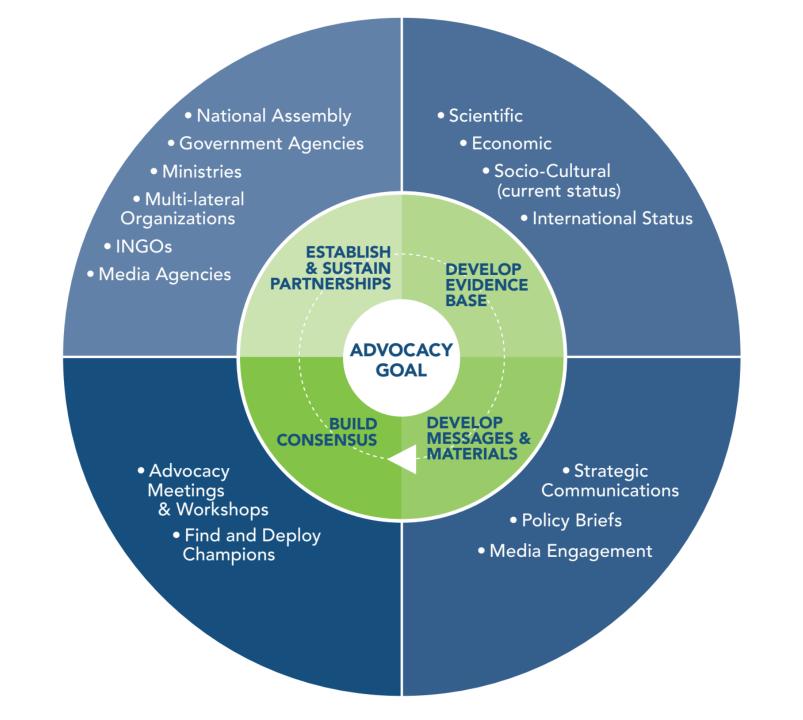
Service providers & Family community leaders

Mothers Caregivers

Improved knowledge, beliefs, skills, and environment

Improved breastfeeding & complementary feeding practices

Improved health outcomes



Establish and Sustain Partnerships for collective impact

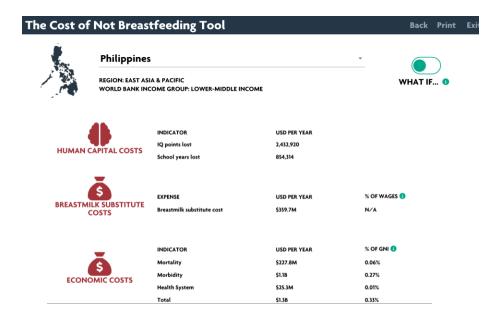
- Regional advocacy coalitions
- Regional and global level partners: UNICEF, WHO, ASEAN, WBG, EU, SUN, ASEAN, IPU
- Country level partners: Governments, parliamentary groups, UN, NGOs, SUN, unions, professional associations, independent research institutions, media, social media groups
- Non-traditional partners (e.g. non-health ministries, Women's Associations, Parliamentarians)
- Hospitals and other health facilities





Develop the Evidence Base

- For Code advocacy, enhancement, implementation
- Stakeholder analysis, legal / law making reviews, opinion leader assessments,
- Economic modelling (e.g. Cost of Not Breastfeeding)
- Evidence to link BF and the Code to other development agendas
- Documentation of Code violations through media audits, scoping review, and digital monitoring tools
- Documentation of policy impact for process learning











Develop the Evidence Base





Articl

Old Tricks, New Opportunities: How Companies Violate the International Code of Marketing of Breast-Milk Substitutes and Undermine Maternal and Child Health during the COVID-19 Pandemic

Constance Ching ^{1,*}[0], Paul Zambrano ², Tuan T. Nguyen ³[0], Manisha Tharaney ⁴, Maurice Gerald Zafimanjaka ⁵ and Roger Mathisen ³[0]

RESEARCH Open Access

Globalization, first-foods systems transformations and corporate power: a synthesis of literature and data on the market and political practices of the transnational baby food industry



Phillip Baker^{1*}, Katheryn Russ², Manho Kang², Thiago M. Santos³, Paulo A. R. Neves³, Julie Smith⁴, Gillian Kingston⁵, Melissa Mialon⁶, Mark Lawrence¹, Benjamin Wood⁷, Rob Moodie⁸, David Clark⁹, Katherine Sievert¹⁰, Monique Boatwright¹⁰ and David McCoy¹⁰

SUPPLEMENT ARTICLE

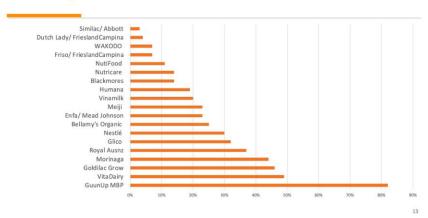
Maternal & Child Nutrition WILEY

Global evidence of persistent violations of the International Code of Marketing of Breast-milk Substitutes: A systematic scoping review

Genevieve E. Becker¹ | Paul Zambrano² | Constance Ching³ | Jennifer Cashin³ | Allison Burns⁴ | Eva Policarpo⁵ | Janice Datu-Sanguyo² | Roger Mathisen²



Percentage of Code violations among <u>fanpage</u> posts in 2022 by <u>BMS companies</u>



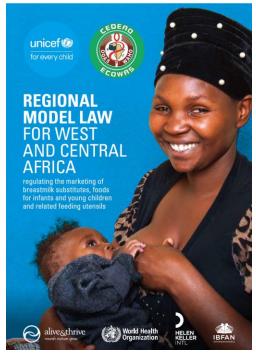


Develop Messages and Materials

- Strategic communications
- Policy/advocacy briefs
- Calls to action
- Implementation guides
- Sensitization materials
- TV spots, op-eds, social media posts

Babies before bottom lines: A call for Australia to end exploitative marketing of commercial milk formula at home and abroad

Madeleine Munzer, ^a Jennifer Cashin, ^{b,*} Nicole Jameson, ^a Constance Ching, ^b Sedtha Chin, ^c Kroeun Hou, ^d Chan Myae Aung, ^e Paul Zambrano, ^f Duong Vu Hoang, ^g and Roger Mathisen ^g





products from companies failing to meet international standards1 to protect the health and

well-being of children and their mothers. We are also concerned by the results of the recent

investigation of infant formula milk powder produced by Nutrilatt. The result of the independent laboratory tests revealed inadequate levels of iron and zinc in the company's

infant formula milk powder. This is a reminder of the crucial importance of robust regulation

of BMS products. Micronutrients like iron and zinc are critical for the health and development

of children, Insufficient levels in children can lead to lifelong impaired physical and cognitive growth. We request the Government to arrange for affected children and their families to



Hanoi TV clip regarding ban on the promotion of breastmilk substitutes in Viet Nam





^aIndependent Breastfeeding Advocate, Sydney, Australia

^bAlive & Thrive Southeast Asia, FHI Solutions, Washington, DC, USA

^cAlive & Thrive Southeast Asia, FHI Solutions, Scaling Up Nutrition Civil Society Alliance in Cambodia, Phnom Penh, Cambodia ^dHelen Keller International, Scaling Up Nutrition Civil Society Alliance in Cambodia, Phnom Penh, Cambodia

^eAlive & Thrive Southeast Asia, FHI Solutions, Scaling Up Nutrition Civil Society Alliance Myanmar, Yangon, Myanmar ^fAlive & Thrive Southeast Asia, FHI Solutions, Manila, Philippines

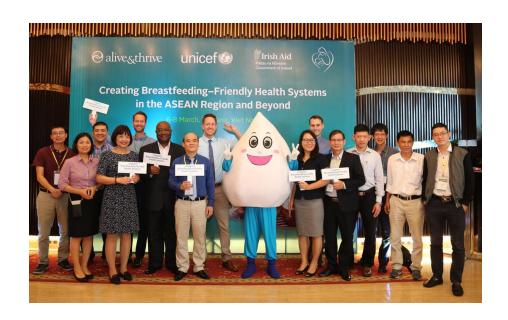
⁹Alive & Thrive Southeast Asia, FHI Solutions, Scaling Up Nutrition Civil Society Alliance Viet Nam, Hanoi, Viet Nam

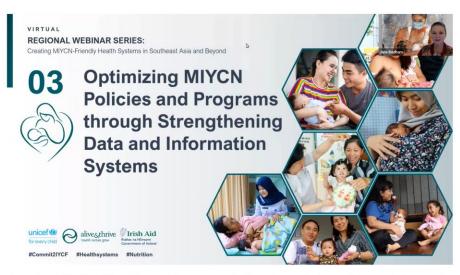
Building Consensus

- Regular Advocacy Meetings and Workshops
- SMART commitments
- Policy change windows
- Capacitate and deploy champions (media, advocates)





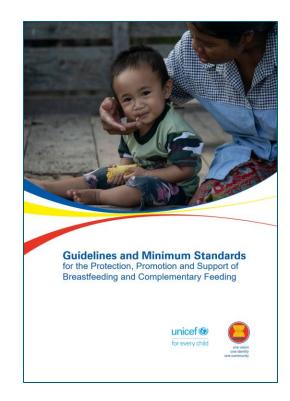




Creating MIYCN-friendly health systems in Southeast Asia and beyond: Strategic use of data

Technical assistance

- Development of Regional Minimum Standards (include the Code)
- Code drafting working groups supported
- Code trainings conducted
- Facilitated knowledge exchange visits
- Various expert advisory groups at country, regional, global level







Orientation of health workers on the BMS Code at PHC U/Sarki, Kaduna state

Results

- Codes adopted in Viet Nam, Laos, Burkina Faso
- Improved Codes in Nigeria, Ethiopia
- Improved monitoring system in Viet Nam
- Enhanced Code in Philippines
- Integration of Code implementation and monitoring into hospital quality standards in Cambodia, Laos, Viet Nam



Support mothers to maintain uninterrupted skin-to-skin contact with infants for at least 90 minutes to ensure the successful early initiation of breastfeeding.

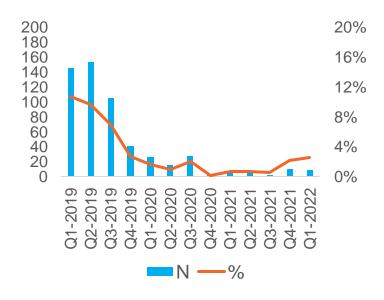


Facilitate exclusive breastfeeding during hospital stays regardless of whether they give birth vaginally or via caesarian.





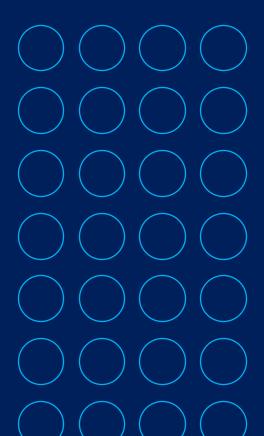
Do not promote breastmilk substitutes, feeding bottles and teats.







https://www.aliveandthrive.org/en
https://www.aliveandthrive.org/fr





Kudakwashe Zombe

Coordinator

Scaling Up Civil Society Nutrition Alliance, Zimbabwe





International Code of Marketing of Breast-milk Substitutes





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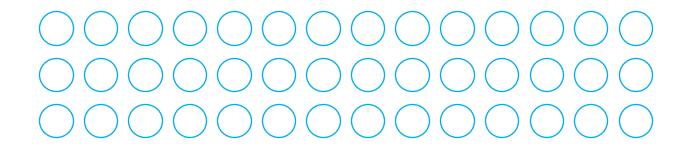
How Governments and Civil Society can better work together.

National Coordinator - Zimbabwe Civil Society Organisations Scaling Up Nutrition Alliance (ZCSOSUNA)





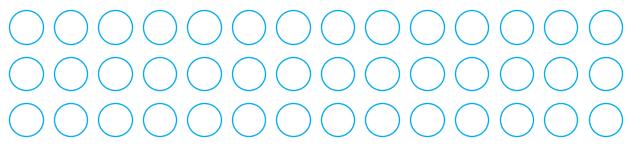
Why are CSO-Government collaborations important in strengthening the Code?



- Supporting families throughout their breastfeeding journey is not the role of the government alone.
- CSO-Government collaborations are key in protecting the rights of breastfeeding families
- Opportunities for collaborations agenda setting, policy development, Code implementation, enforcement and monitoring and implementation of Code national road maps

What role can CSOs play in building political will and creating change?

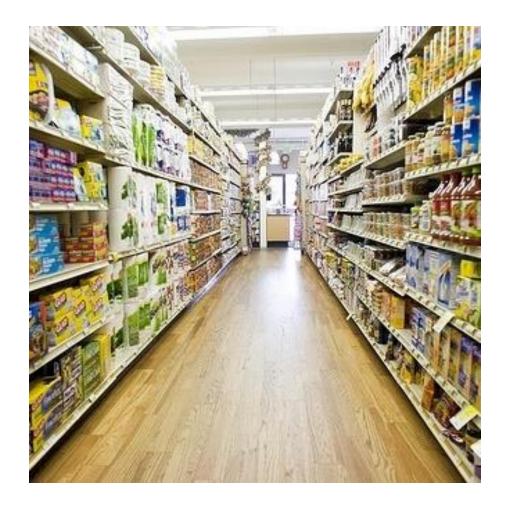


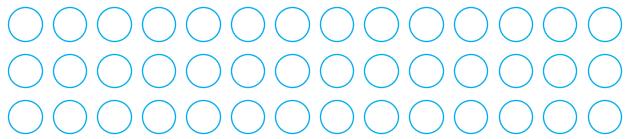


Voices of constituents: CSOs can represent constituents and offer a powerful and credible voice on the need for Code implementation

Communicators: CSOs can be powerful messengers to generate support for new laws or policies through both paid and earned media and grassroots advocacy

What role can CSOs play in building political will and creating change?



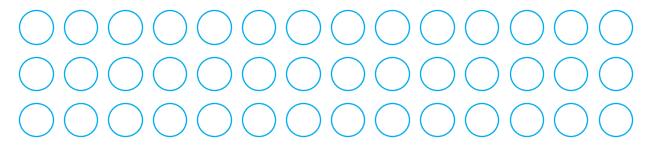


Whistleblowers: CSOs can engage with key stakeholders in a broader range of ways than what is possible for governments -calling them to account for violations or interference

Trainers: CSOs can train policymakers, health professionals, inspectors, and monitors involved in monitoring and enforcement.

How can CSOs support Governments in implementing their national roadmaps/work plans to the BMS Code?



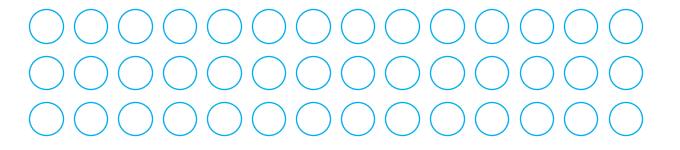


Innovative: Developed an online Code monitoring tool, report a violation, take a picture, get feedback on action taken

Research: Conducted a study at grassroots level on socio, economic and cultural factors affecting the adoption of optimal IYCF – indicators on the code

Policy maker engagement: Made submissions lobbying for revision of public health act on Code regulations

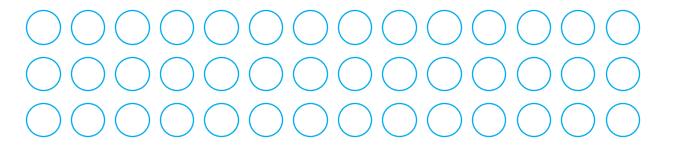
How can CSOs support Governments in implementing their national roadmaps/work plans to the BMS Code?



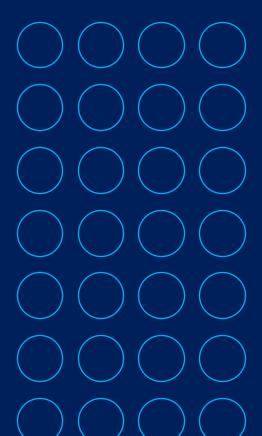
Monitoring donations of Breastmilk substitutes under exceptional circumstances such as cyclones

End!!

How can CSOs support Governments in implementing their national roadmaps/work plans to the BMS Code?



Thank you!!



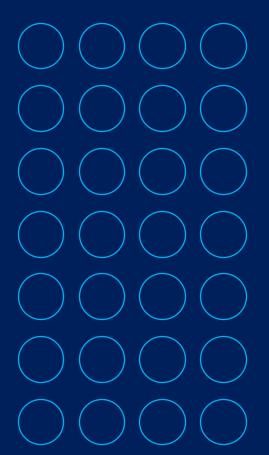


Laetitia Ouedraogo

Regional Nutrition Advisor WHO Regional Office for Africa









UNICEF and WHO'S Support to governments for a successful implementation of the Code.

Dr Laetitia Ouedraogo Nikiema Regional Advisor, Nutrition and Food Safety, WHO Regional Office For Africa. <u>louedraogo@who.int</u>





Technical guidance

Develop and disseminate technical guidance materials to help countries understand and implement the provisions of the Code

Provide information on the recommended practices for breastfeeding promotion, appropriate marketing of breast-milk substitutes, and the regulation of the baby food industry

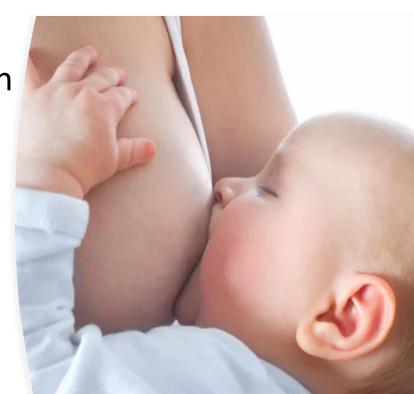
Recommendations and best practices on the key areas covered by the Code, including marketing restrictions, labelling requirements, and the promotion of breastfeeding.

Advocacy and Awareness-Raising

□ Raising awareness about the importance of breastfeeding, risks associated with the inappropriate marketing of breast-milk substitutes

□ Inclusion of breastfeeding promotion and the Code's provisions in national policies and legislation

□ Collaborating with governments, civil society organizations, and media to disseminate information, conduct public awareness campaigns, and promote the benefits of breastfeeding



Policy development and legal frameworks

□ Conducting policy assessments, providing template policies or guidelines, and facilitating consultations with key stakeholders to ensure comprehensive and evidence-based policy development

☐ Assistance in drafting comprehensive and effective policies, laws, regulations, or guidelines that reflect the principles and provisions of the Code

Capacity building

Provision of educational resources on breastfeeding promotion and the regulation of breast-milk substitutes

Training programs and capacity-building initiatives for government officials, healthcare professionals, policymakers and other stakeholders to effectively implement the Code

Health care workers on their responsibilities under the Code and national legislation to avoid conflicts of interest and fully protect, promote, and support breastfeeding

Education of all stakeholders on appropriate marketing practices and guide monitoring and enforcement.

Enforcement and penalties



Providing guidance on enforcing the Code and imposing penalties for violations



Assisting governments in establishing mechanisms to handle complaints, investigate reported breaches, and take appropriate actions against companies found to be in violetical of the Code



Accountability mechanisms: guiding governments to identify bodies responsible for implementing the laws and make them operational by providing training

Monitoring and compliance



Assist in establishing monitoring and evaluation systems.

Ensure compliance with the Code Track the implementation and impact of policies related to the Code



Guidance on data collection, indicators, and assessment methodologies to ensure effective monitoring and reporting on policy progress



Assistance in conducting periodic monitoring of compliance with regulations and laws regarding the marketing of products covered by the Code

Guidance on assessing compliance levels, assisting in analyzing data and identifying areas where improvements are needed

Foster collaboration and partnerships

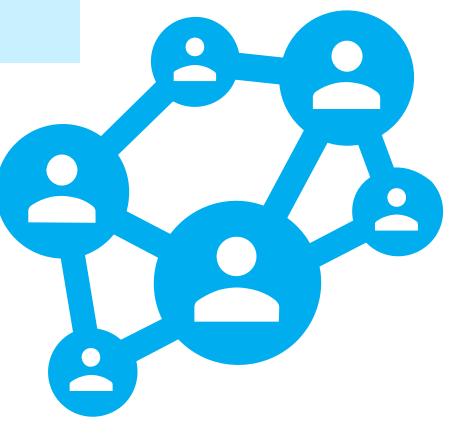
Facilitating collaboration and partnerships among governments, civil society organizations, private sector representatives, and other stakeholders.

Bringing together different actors, encouraging joint efforts, shared accountability, and collective action to promote and support breastfeeding and regulate the marketing of breastmilk substitutes

Facilitate knowledge sharing and exchange

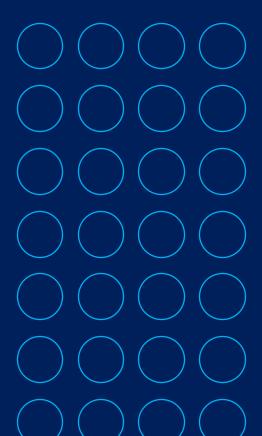
Serving as platforms for knowledge sharing and exchange among governments

Building networks: facilitating the sharing of experiences, successes, challenges, and lessons learned in implementing the Code, enabling countries to learn from one another and adopt effective strategies



Thank you!







Ailan Li

Assistant Director-General for Universal Health Coverage, Healthier Populations

World Health Organization



