**Morbidity and Mortality**

Crude cervical cancer incidence per 100 000 women (2020): 11.9
Age-standardized cervical cancer incidence per 100 000 women (2020): 18.4
Cumulative risk of cervical cancer, ages 0-74 (2020): 1.9%
Cervical cancer deaths (2019): 10 600
Cervical cancer mortality-to-incidence ratio (2020): 0.66
Population-based cancer registry exists (2021): Yes

**Primary Prevention**

HPV vaccination programme (2020):
- HPV included in national vaccination programme: No
- Scale of vaccination programme: -
- Year of introduction: -
- Primary target cohort: -

Related risk factors:
- Tobacco use prevalence, women aged 15+ years (2020): <1%
- Condom use at last high-risk sex (2018): 46%
- HIV incidence per 1000, women aged 15+ years (2020): 0.66

HPV vaccination programme coverage among girls (2020):
- Programme coverage:
  - Coverage by age 15:
    - No data
    - No data
  - 0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100% % of target population

HPV vaccination is not included in the national vaccination schedule

**Secondary Prevention**

National screening programme for cervical cancer exists (2021): No
Primary screening test used (2021): -
Target age range of programme (2021): -
Programme/guidelines exist to strengthen early detection of first symptoms at primary health care level (2021): No
Clearly defined referral system exists from primary care to secondary and tertiary care (2021): DK

Screening for cervical cancer (2019):
- Screened in last 5 years:
  - 11%
- Ever screened:
  - 14%
  - 0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% % of women aged 30 - 49 years

1 in 10 women have been screened for cervical cancer in the last 5 years

**Treatment and Supportive Care**

National guidelines on cervical cancer management exist (2021): No

Cancer diagnosis and treatment services generally available (2021):
- Cancer centre or cancer department at tertiary level: Yes
- Pathology services (laboratories): Yes
- Cancer surgery: Yes
- Chemotherapy: Yes
- Radiotherapy: Yes

Palliative care for patients with NCDs in the public health system generally available (2021):
- In primary health care facilities: No
- In community or home-based care: No

Number of radiotherapy units per 10 000 cancer patients (2021): 1
Number of brachytherapy units per 10 000 cancer patients (2021): <1

Number of medical staff (per 10 000 cancer patients):
- Radiation oncologists (2019): 6
- Medical physicists (2019): 9
- Surgeons (2014): 158
- Radiologists (2019): 30
- Nuclear medicine physicians (2019): 0

Reported annual opioid consumption - excluding methadone - in oral morphine equivalence per capita (2017): <1mg

**WHO Cervical Cancer Elimination Strategy Targets for 2030**

- 90% of girls fully vaccinated with the HPV vaccine by the age of 15
- 70% of women are screened with a high-performance test by 35 years of age and again by 45 years of age
- 90% of women identified with cervical disease receive treatment

DK = don’t know

* Programme coverage: % of national target population (among 9-14-year-old girls)
† Coverage by age 15: % of population turning 15 that have been vaccinated against HPV at any time between ages 9 to 14

[See Explanatory Notes for indicator descriptions.](#)