Total population: 8 545 000

Income group: High

Mortality

Number of diabetes deaths

	maics	Terriares
ages 30–69	310	120
ages 70+	1 000	1 520

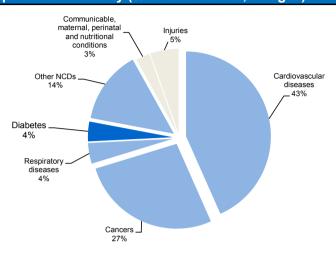
malac

fomales

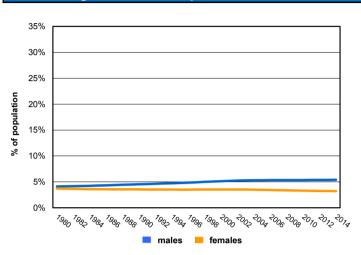
Number of deaths attributable to high blood glucose

	Illaies	Telliales
ages 30–69	500	170
ages 70+	1 700	2 620

Proportional mortality (% of total deaths, all ages)



Trends in age-standardized prevalence of diabetes



Prevalence of diabetes and related risk factors

	males	females	total
Diabetes	7.1%	5.0%	6.0%
Overweight	64.4%	49.2%	56.6%
Obesity	22.1%	18.1%	20.1%
Physical inactivity	21.1%	31.3%	26.4%

National response to diabetes

Policies, guidelines and monitoring

Operational policy/strategy/action plan for diabetes	No
Operational policy/strategy/action plan to reduce overweight and obesity	Yes
Operational policy/strategy/action plan to reduce physical inactivity	Yes
Evidence-based national diabetes guidelines/protocols/standards	Available and partially implemented
Standard criteria for referral of patients from primary care to higher level of care	Available and partially implemented
Diabetes registry	No
Recent national risk factor survey in which blood glucose was measured	No

Availability of medicines, basic technologies and procedures in the public health sector

Medicines in primary care facilities

Insulin

Metformin	•
Sulphonylurea	•
Procedures	
Retinal photocoagulation	•
Renal replacement therapy by dialysis	•
Renal replacement therapy by transplantation	•

Basic technologies in primary care facilities

basic technologies in primary care facilities		
Blood glucose measurement	•	
Oral glucose tolerance test	•	
HbA1c test	•	
Dilated fundus examination	•	
Foot vibration perception by tuning fork	•	
Foot vascular status by Doppler	•	
Urine strips for glucose and ketone measurement	•	