Health and environment scorecard Sierra Leone



Air pollution



Extent of the problem

the WHO air quality guideline

value for PM₂₅



Sierra Leone annual mean: 39 µg/m³

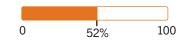


population without clean fuels and technology for cooking

Health impact



of deaths from stroke and ischaemic heart disease caused by air pollution1



¹ Air pollution causes many other diseases and adverse health outcomes, stroke and ischaemic heart disease have been chosen for this country scorecard.

Policies



Existence of legal standards for PM_{2.5}





Compliant with WHO Air **Quality Guidelines**

INSUFFICIENT DATA



Existence of national policy on household energy

INSUFFICIENT DATA







² Operationalised as using safely managed drinking water and sanitation services



from diarrhoea caused by unsafe drinking water, sanitation and inadequate personal hygiene



Financial resources available for implementation of national plans

Urban

Rural

Drinking water

<50% of what is needed

<50% of what is needed

Sanitation

<50% of what

<50% of what

is needed

is needed

Health care facilities

Schools

INSUFFICIENT DATA

INSUFFICIENT DATA

Climate





Percentage of hot days3 in 2050 under a high emissions scenario4

INSUFFICIENT DATA

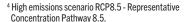
³ A 'hot day' is a day when maximum temperature exceeds the $90^{\mbox{\tiny th}}$ percentile threshold for that time of the year. The threshold is based on the period 1961-

Analysis by the Climatic Research Unit, University of



Heat deaths in 2050 compared to 1961-1990 period under a high emissions scenario4

INSUFFICIENT DATA



⁵ Existence of a recent national assessment and plan refers to having conducted a climate change and health vulnerability and adaptation assessment and/or a health national adaptation plan (HNAP) since January



Existence of recent national assessment and plan5

INSUFFICIENT DATA

INSUFFICIENT DATA

Vulnerability and adaptation assessment

Health National Adaptation Plan (HNAP)



Committment to **COP26 Health Programme**



Climate resilient health systems



Sustainable low carbon health systems



Net zero commitment



Inclusion of health co-benefits in Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC)



Extent of the problem



International Health Regulations (IHR) capacity score for chemical events

IHR capacity score



not attained

⁶ Key informants report on attainment of a set of attributes for chemical events (core capacity 14) using a standard WHO instrument.

Health impact

10 out of 100,000 children under five die from poisonings every year

Sierra Leone compared to regional values:



42nd of 47 countries in the African region

Policies



Existence of legal limit on lead paint





Existence of a poison centre

INSUFFICIENT DATA



Party to the Minamata Convention on Mercury



Radiation

Chemicals



International Health Regulations (IHR) capacity score for radiation emergencies

IHR capacity score

for radiation emergencies7



not attained

⁷ Key informants report on attainment of a set of attributes for radiation emergencies (core capacity 15) using a standard WHO instrument.

ut of 100,000 people die from melanoma and other skin cancers every year

Less than Lout of 100,000 people die from residential radon every year



Existence of standards on electromagnetic fields

INSUFFICIENT DATA



Existence of regulation of artificial tanning devices/sun beds

INSUFFICIENT DATA



Existence of national radon regulations for dwellings

INSUFFICIENT DATA

Occupational health





employment in total employment



working class population exposed to long working hours (≥55 hours/ week)

26 out of 100,000 people of working age die from diseases due to occupational risks every year

Sierra Leone compared to regional values:



47th of 47 countries in the African region

out of 100,000 people of 14 out of 100,000 people of working age die from injuries due to occupational risks every year Sierra Leone compared to regional

values:



33rd of 47 countries in the African



Existence of programmes for occupational health and safety of health workers



2 of 3 key international labour conventions on occupational safety and health ratified

C155 Occupational safety and health

C161 Occupational health

C187 Promotional framework



29

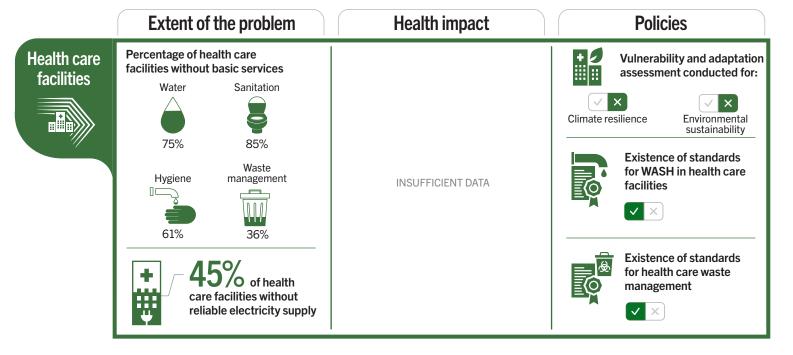






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Please access the reading guide here

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This scorecard is based on already published data (see references). It is a tool to measure and track the progress of Member States and is not intended for ranking.