Democratic Republic of the Congo

African Region

33.1M [24.8M, 43.5M]

67.5K [43.2K, 109.8K]





I. Epidemiological profile

Population (UN Population Division)	2023	%
High transmission (>1 case per 1000 population)	102.6M	97
Low transmission (0-1 case per 1000 population)	3.2M	3
Malaria free (0 cases)		-
Total	105.8M	

Parasites and vectors Major plasmodium species P. falciparum: 100 (%)*, P. vivax: 0 (%) (indigenous cases): An. gambiae s.l., An. funestus s.l., An. moucheti, An. pallidus, An. Major anopheles species: coustani, An. nili

includes mixed infections and other species of Plasmodium

Estimated cases:

Estimated deaths:

Reported				
Presume	d and d	onfi	rmed	ca

Reported deaths:

Presumed and confirmed cases	29 630 177
Total confirmed cases:	27 657 762
Confirmed cases from public sector:	25 164 969
Confirmed cases from private sector:	-
Confirmed cases at community level:	2 492 793
Confirmed cases in combined health sectors:	-
Reported deaths:	22 224

II. Intervention policies and strategies

Intervention	Policies/Strategies	Yes/ No	Year adopted
ITN	ITNs/LLINs distributed free of charge	Yes	2016
	ITN distributed by mass campaign	Yes	2008
IRS	IRS is recommended	No	-
	DDT is used for IRS	No	-
Larval control	Use of Larval Control	No	-
IPT	IPT used to prevent malaria during pregnancy	Yes	2006
Diagnosis	Malaria diagnosis using RDT is free of charge in the public sector	Yes*	2010
	Malaria diagnosis using microscopy is free of charge in the public sector	-	-
	Malaria diagnosis is free in the private sector	No	-
Treatment	ACT is free for all ages in public sector	Yes	2010
	The sale of oral artemisinin-based monotherapies (oAMTs)	banned	2009
	Single low dose of primaquine (0.75 mg base/kg) with ACT to reduce transmissibility of <i>P. falciparum</i>	NA	-
	Primaquine is used for radical treatment of P. vivax	NA	-
	G6PD test is a requirement before treatment with primaquine	NA	-
	Directly observed treatment with primaquine is undertaken	NA	-
	System for monitoring of adverse reaction to antimalarials exists	Yes	2010
Surveillance	Malaria is a notifiable disease	Yes	-
	ACD for case investigation (reactive)	NA	-
	ACD at community level of febrile cases (pro-active)	NA	-
	Mass screening is undertaken	NA	-
	Uncomplicated P. falciparum cases routinely admitted	No	-
	Uncomplicated P. vivax cases routinely admitted	NA	-
	Case investigation undertaken	Yes*	-
	Foci investigation undertaken	No	-
	Case reporting from private sector is mandatory	No	-

Yes* = Policy adopted, but not implemented in 2023

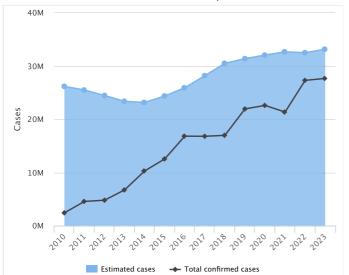
Disc = Discontinued

Earliest year that policy is adopted was adjusted based on the earliest year that the WHO policy was recommended

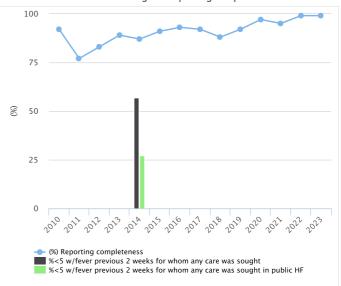
						Medicine	Year adopted
Antimalaria	treatment po	licy				Medicine	теат айоргей
First-line treatment of unconfirmed malaria					AS+AQ	-	
First-line treatment of <i>P. falciparum</i>					AL; AS-PYR; AS+AQ	-	
Second-line treatment P. falciparum					AL; AS+AQ	2016	
Treatment of severe malaria					AS; QN	-	
Treatment of P. vivax					NA	-	
Dosage of p	orimaquine for	radical t	reatmen	t of <i>P. v.</i>	ivax		
Type of RDT used (public)					P.f only		
Therapeutio	efficacy tests	(clinical	and para	sitologi	ical failure, %))	
Medicine	Year	Min	Median	Max	Follow-up	No. of studies	Species
AL	2015-2019	0	0	18	28 days	11	P. falciparum
AS-AQ	2017-2019	0	0.75	9	28 days	10	P. falciparum
DHA-PPQ	2017-2019	0	0	12	42 days	10	P. falciparum
Resistance s	status by insec	ticide cla	ss (2018	-2023)	and use of cla	ass for malaria vector	control (2023)
Insecticide class		(%) sites ¹		Vectors ²			Used ³
Carbamates	arbamates 50% (1/2) An. funestu.		funestus s.l., Ai	n. gambiae s.l.	No		
Neonicotinoi	nicotinoids			No			
Organophosphates		0% (0/1	3)				No
Pyrethroids		100% (2	18/28)	An.	funestus s.l., Ai	Yes	
	tes for which resisted to exhibit res				umber of sites th	nat reported data	

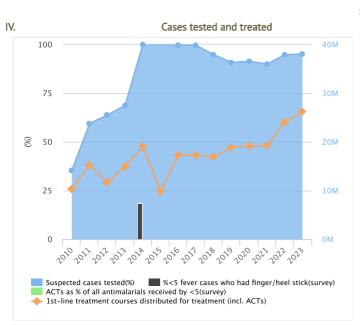


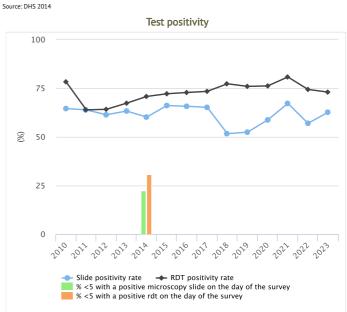




Treatment seeking and reporting completeness





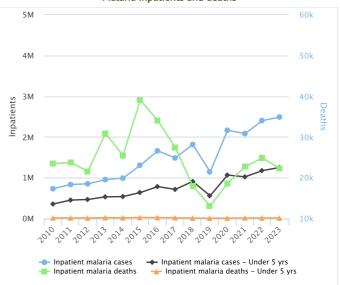


Source: DHS 2014 Source: DHS 2014

Confirmed malaria cases per 1000 population at risk and ABER

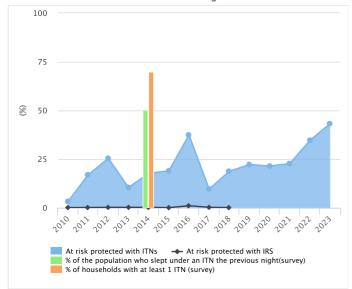
500 400 per 1000 population at risk 300 ABER (%) 200 100 0 Cases(all species)

Malaria inpatients and deaths

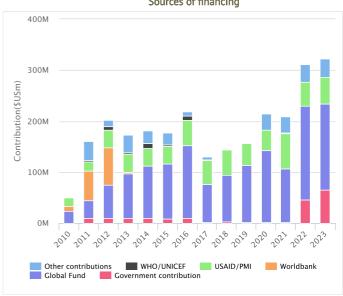


ABER=smears examined in a year X100 / Total population. Includes cases that are imported and introduced

Coverage of ITN and IRS



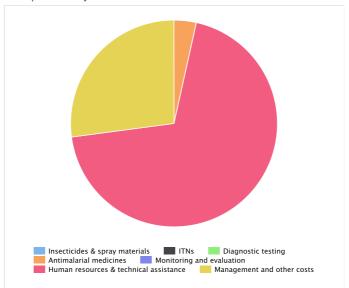
Sources of financing



Source: DHS 2014

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VI. Government expenditure by intervention in 2023



(est.) : WHO estimates based on the survey

Country profiles are generated automatically based on data reported by countries. They are available for all current malaria endemic countries and territories asked to report to the Global Malaria Programme annually. Country profiles are based on data validated by the countries as of 14 November 2024.

Further information on the methods used to estimate malaria cases and an explanation for the gap between estimated and reported confirmed indigenous cases is provided majara-burden-session6.pdf (who.int)