EGYPT

RISK OF PREMATURE DEATH DUE TO NCDs (%)*

PROPORTIONAL MORTALITY*

- 40% Cardiovascular diseases
- 24% Other NCDs
- 13% Cancers
- 10% Communicable, maternal, perinatal and nutritional conditions
- 4% Chronic respiratory diseases
- 6% Injuries
- 3% Diabes

MORTALITY*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NATIONAL TARGET SET</th>
<th>DATA YEAR</th>
<th>MALES</th>
<th>FEMALES</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Premature mortality from NCDs ✓</td>
<td>Total NCD deaths</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>270 200</td>
<td>241 300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Risk of premature death between 30–70 years (%)</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suicide mortality ✗</td>
<td>Suicide mortality rate (per 100 000 population)</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

RISK FACTORS

- Harmful use of alcohol X
- Physical inactivity ✓
- Salt/Sodium intake ✓
- Tobacco use ✓
- Raised blood pressure ✓
- Diabetes ✓
- Obesity ✓
- Ambient air pollution ✗
- Household air pollution ✗

SELECTED ADULT RISK FACTOR TRENDS

CURRENT TOBACCO SMOKING

OBEITY

RAISED BLOOD PRESSURE

NATIONAL SYSTEMS RESPONSE

- Drug therapy to prevent heart attacks and strokes ✓
- Essential NCD medicines and basic technologies to treat major NCDs ✓

152 900 LIVES CAN BE SAVED BY 2025 BY IMPLEMENTING ALL OF THE WHO “BEST BUYS”

* The mortality estimates for this country have a high degree of uncertainty because they are not based on any national NCD mortality data (see Explanatory Notes)