

# BUNDIBUGYO VIRUS DISEASE

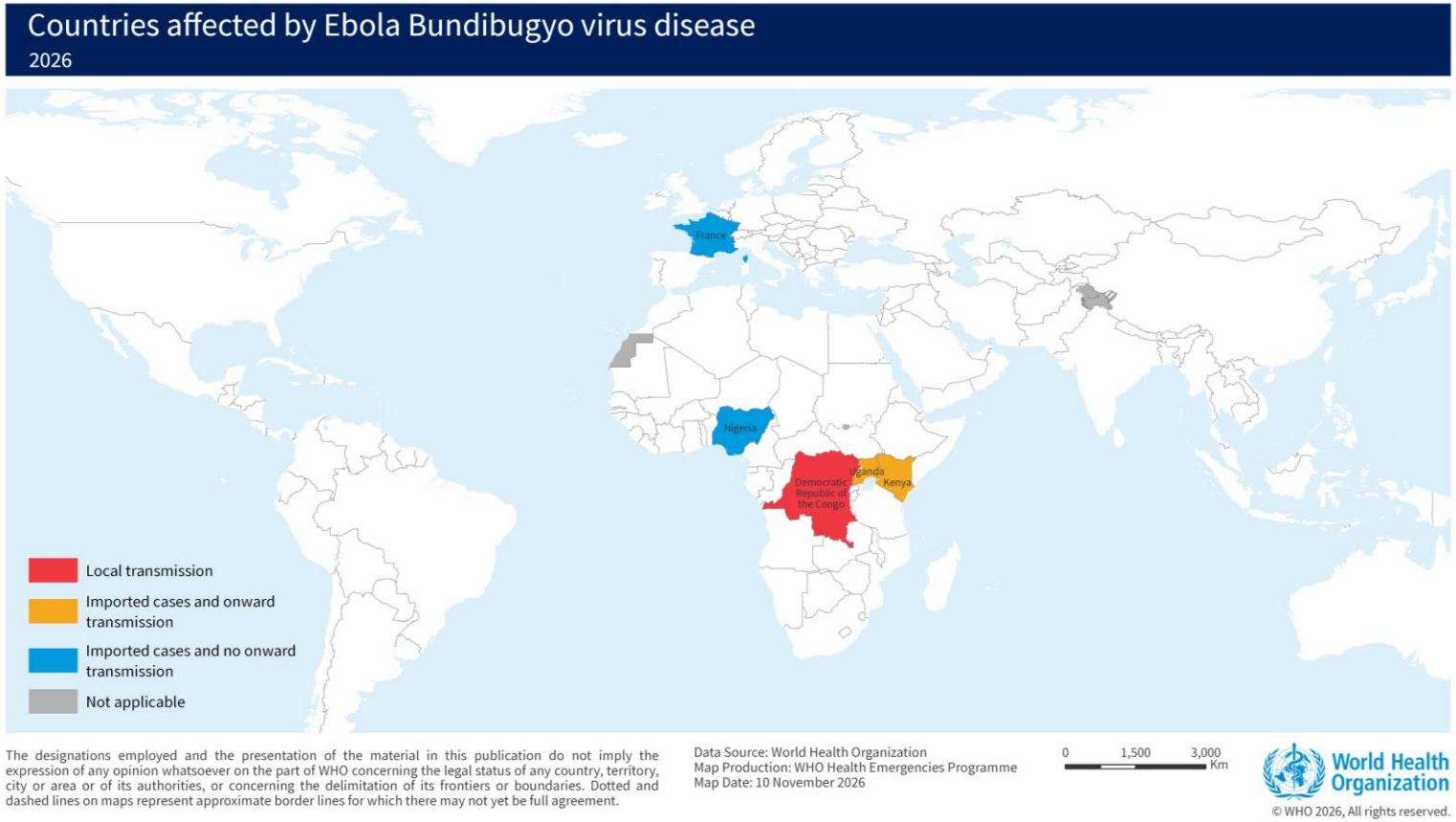
Democratic Republic of the Congo

12 November 2026

EPI–WIN Webinar

World Health Organization

# Global summary (as of 10 November 2026)




| Country | Type of transmission | Total number of confirmed cases | Status |
|---|---|---|---|
| DRC | Community transmission | >11 000 | Active |
| Kenya | Imported, onward transmission | 9 | Active |
| Nigeria | Imported, no onward transmission | 1 | Active |
| Uganda | Imported, onward transmission | 20 | Ended |
| France | Imported, no onward transmission | 1 | Ended |

Onward transmission refers to additional cases reported in country following the imported case(s)

# Overview of the Bundibugyo virus disease epidemic in the Democratic Republic of the Congo – data as of 10 November 2026

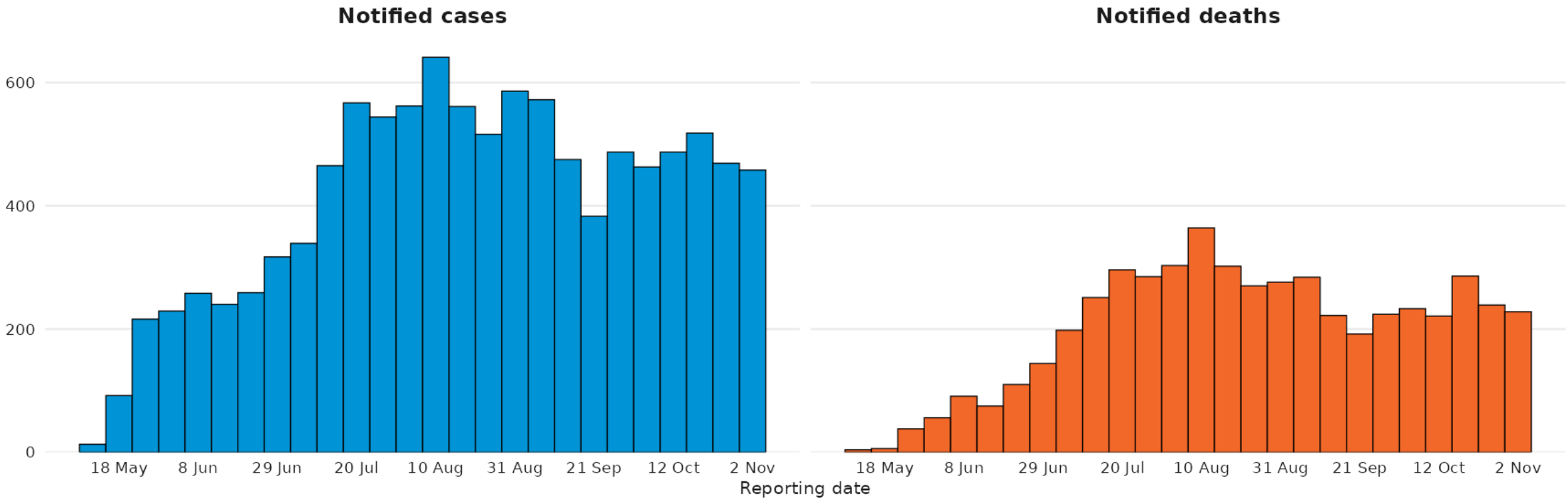



| Province | Days since last case | Total | | | Last day of reporting | | Last 7 days of reporting | | Last 21 days of reporting | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Cases | Deaths | CFR | Cases | Deaths | Cases | Deaths | Cases | Deaths |
| Ituri | 0 | 7,728 | 3,655 | 47% | 44 | 27 | 243 | 123 | 688 | 384 |
| Nord-Kivu | 0 | 2,761 | 1,523 | 55% | 24 | 18 | 168 | 101 | 625 | 325 |
| Haut-Uele | 0 | 499 | 216 | 43% | 3 | 1 | 29 | 8 | 78 | 33 |
| Tshopo | 2 | 98 | 32 | 33% | 0 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 22 | 5 |
| Bas-Uele | 32 | 13 | 4 | 31% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nord-Ubangi | 0 | 10 | 1 | 10% | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Sud-Kivu | 165 | 3 | 1 | 33% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sud-Ubangi | 49 | 2 | 1 | 50% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Total** | **0** | **11,114** | **5,433** | **49%** | **72** | **46** | **446** | **235** | **1,417** | **747** |

Active health zones: ≥1 case notified in the last 21 reporting days. Health zones affected and provinces affected: at least one cumulative confirmed case.

# Notified cases and deaths per week

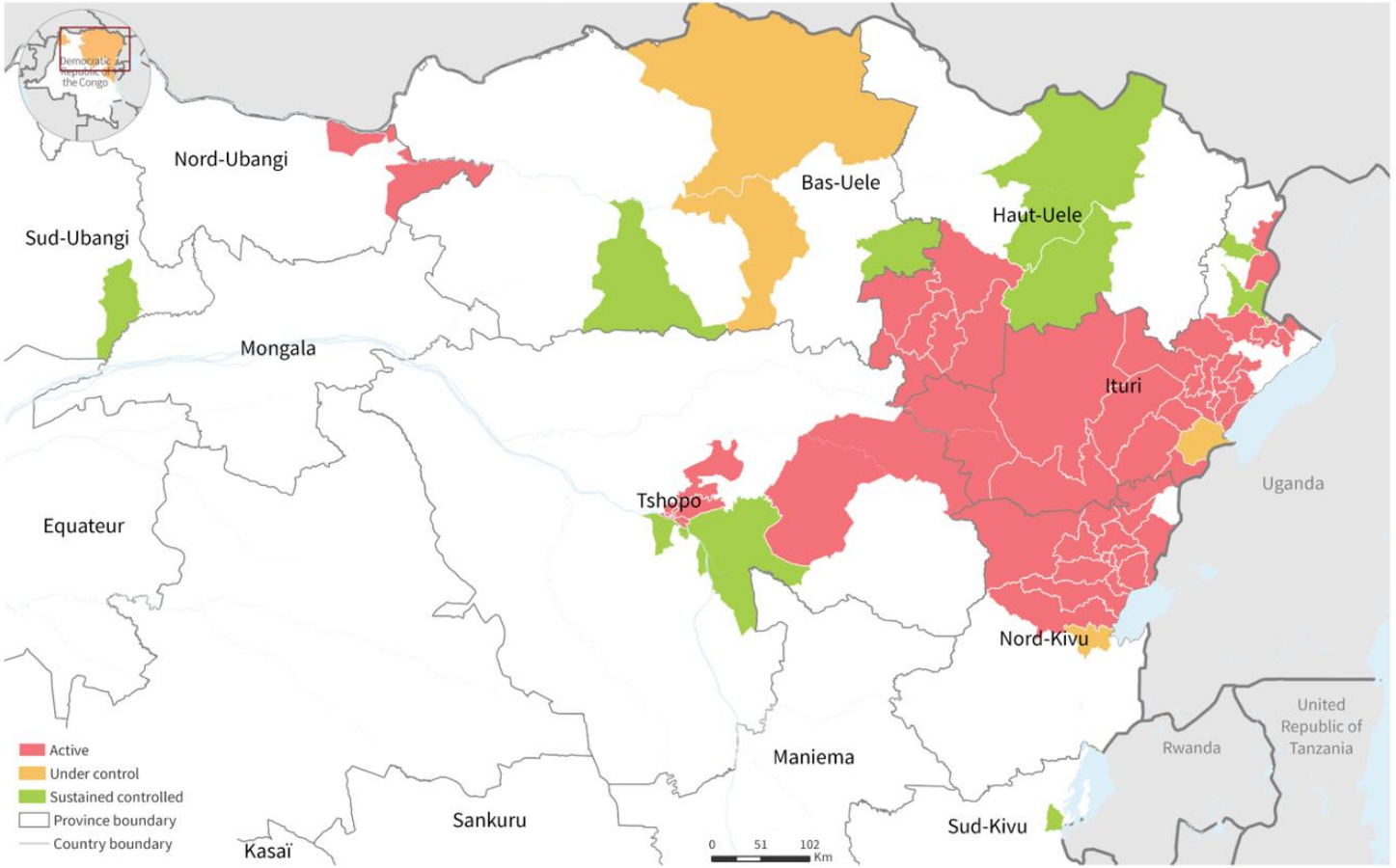
Data as of 8 November 2026, Epidemiological week 45




Health zones reporting the largest number of cases in the last 21 days 19 October 2026 - 8 November 2026 : Beni (Nord-Kivu, 309, 20%) ; Mandima (Ituri, 233, 15%) ; Bunia (Ituri, 152, 10%) ; Mutwanga (Nord-Kivu, 77, 5%) ; Mambasa (Ituri, 61, 4%).

Source: COUSP situation report. Notified confirmed cases and confirmed deaths.

# Health zone classification data as of 9 November




The designations employed and the presentation of the material in this publication do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of WHO concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. Dotted and dashed lines on maps represent approximate border lines for which there may not yet be full agreement.

Data Source: World Health Organization, Ministry of Health of the Democratic Republic of the Congo, GRID3
Map Production: WHO Health Emergencies Programme

*Due to data availability limitations, data for Dakwa Health Zone in Bas-Uele are represented in Ango Health Zone.

World Health Organization

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| Classification | Health zones |
|---|---|
| Active zones | 51 |
| Zones under control | 6 |
| Sustained control zones | 10 |
| **Total** | **67** |

Active | Under control | Durably controlled

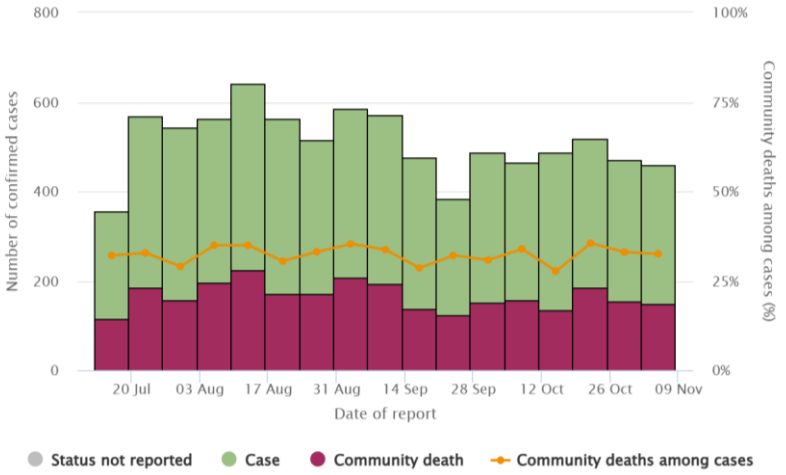
Colour is the time since the last rise in cumulative confirmed cases. Active: 0–21 days. Under control: 22–42 days. Durably controlled: more than 42 days.

No cases for more than 42 days:

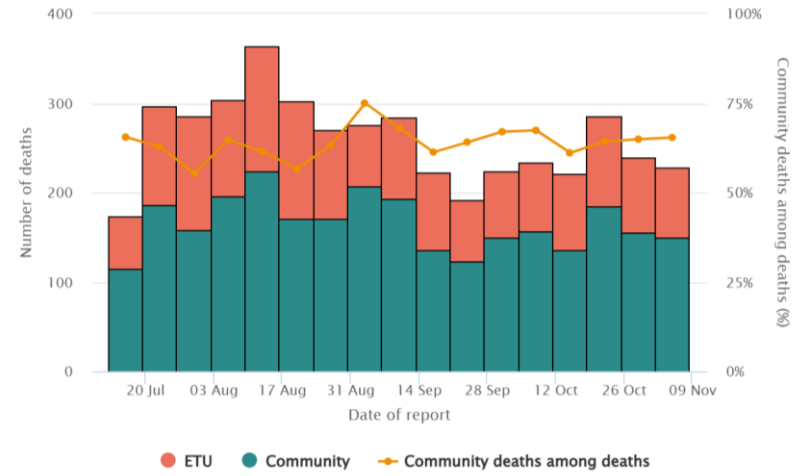
Bas-Uele : Buta
Haut-Uele : Dungu, Gombari
Ituri : Adja, Aungba
Nord-Kivu : Goma
Sud-Kivu : Miti Murhesa
Sud-Ubangi : Bulu
Tshopo : Lubunga (Tshopo), Wanierukula

# Trends in community deaths, data as of 10 November

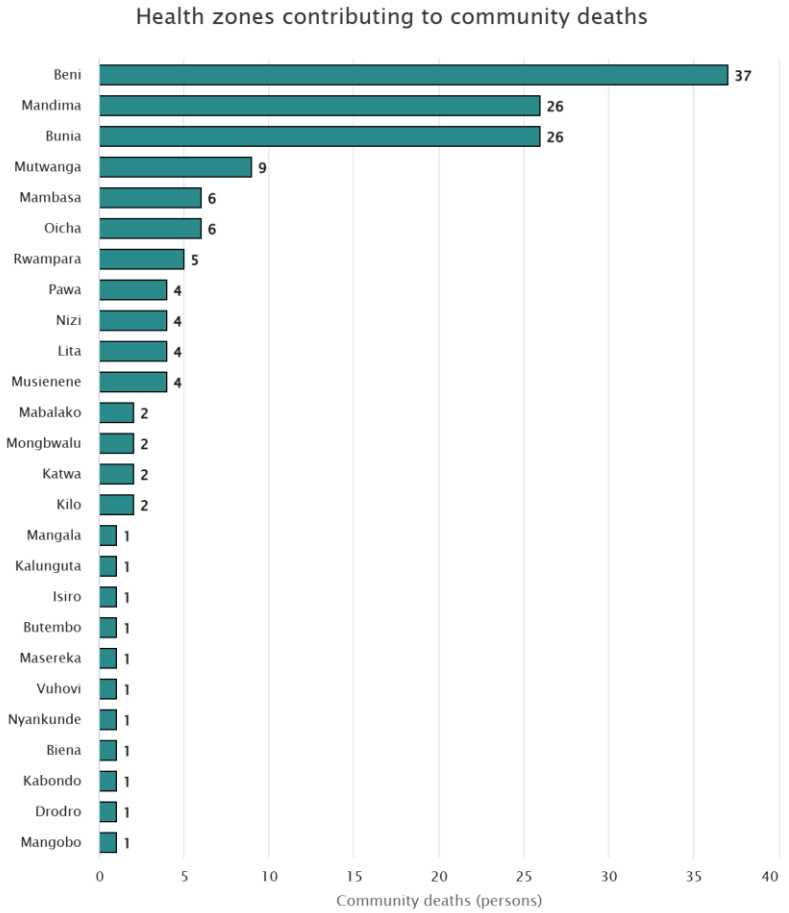
## Community deaths among all cases




## Community deaths among deaths




## Health zones reporting community deaths

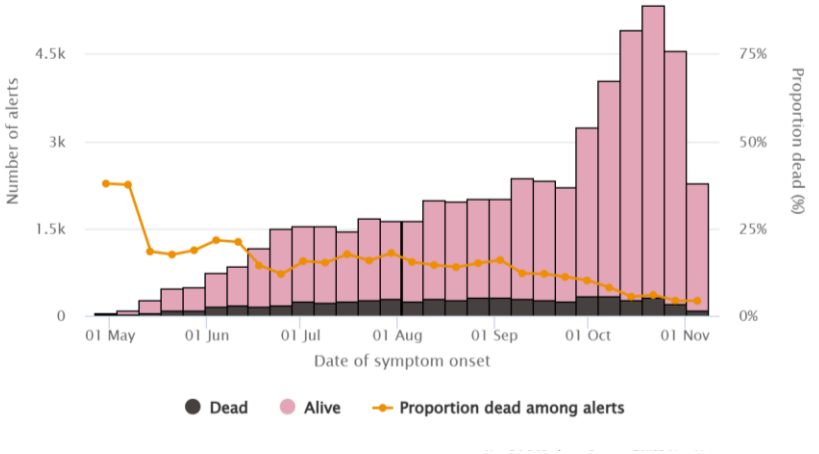



- % new confirmed cases classified as community deaths stable ~30%
- % of all deaths that are community deaths stable at ~65%
- Beni, Mandima and Bunia reporting the highest number of community deaths in previous 7 days

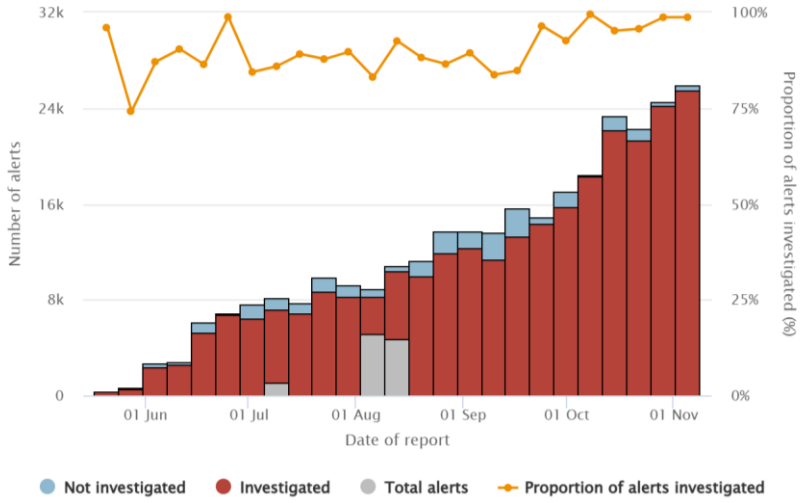
Last 7 reporting days (4 November 2026 – 10 November 2026). Health zones that reported at least one community death. Source: COUSP situation report.

# Trends in surveillance activities: improvement or maintained

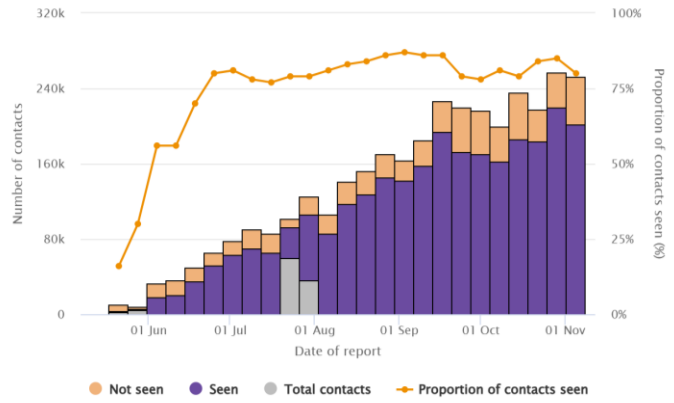
**Nature of alert (validated)**



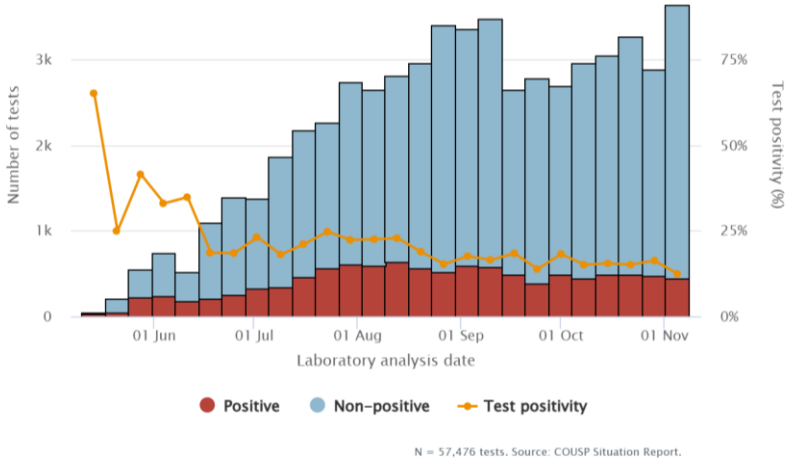

**Proportion of alerts investigated**




**Contact follow up**




**Test positivity**




- % of validated alerts that are detected as deaths has decreased to ~5% in epi week 45
- % of alerts investigated has risen from ~80% in September to ~100% in recent weeks
- Contact follow up rates between 80% to 85%.
- Test positivity among all new samples has decreased to 12% in epi week 45

# Thank you, Merci, Asante



WHO response to Ebola outbreak in Kayna, Nord Kivu, the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC), September 2026