Infection prevention and control (IPC) and water, hygiene and sanitation (WASH) in Health emergency readiness for response operation capabilities "IPC & WASH HERO CAPE"

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What is the IPC & WASH-HERO CAPE Checklist?



Derived from the WHO-Framework and Toolkit for infection prevention and control in outbreak preparedness, readiness and response at the national level



The IPC & WASH-HERO CAPE checklist is a self-assessment tool



Helps health officials evaluate key functionalities of IPC and WASH readiness capabilities at national and sub-national levels



Aims to strengthen IPC &WASH operational readiness for response to public health threats



FRAMEWORK AND TOOLKIT FOR INFECTION PREVENTION AND CONTROL IN OUTBREAK PREPAREDNESS, READINESS AND RESPONSE AT THE NATIONAL LEVEL







Why to use the IPC & WASH-HERO CAPE Checklist?



General Objective:

Evaluate and **enhance**IPC and WASH readiness
for imminent or recurring
public health risks.



Specific Objectives:

Assess existing readiness capabilities.

Identify gaps for operational readiness.

Develop improvement plans and monitor progress.

Target Users of the Checklist

Governments, national and subnational authorities, e.g., ministries of health.

National-level CDC and emergency operations centers.

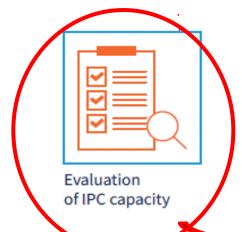
IPC and WASH focal points, public health professionals.

For joint assessments involving national teams, WHO, and other stakeholders.





What are 10 key IPC activities at national, sub-national and HCF level?





IPC preparedeness and response plan



IPC outbreak into IPC guidelines



IPC outbreak training



Surveillance and reporting programme



IPC communication strategy



IPC surge capacity



IPC outbreak taskforce



IPC partners mapping and networks



Test/assess the system







Overview of the IPC & WASH-HERO CAPE Checklist

IPC and WASH
coordination
mechanism(s) is/are in
place at the national,
subnational and
designated priority HF
levels communication
strategy

IPC and WASH
readiness plans
needed for the priority
public health threat(s)
are in place.

IPC and WASH
guidelines, policies,
SOPs and/or standards
for priority public
health threat(s) are in
place at the national
level and in the
designated priority

HFs.

capabilities -

IPC and WASH training programmes on the priority public health threat(s) are in place at the national, subnational and designated HF levels.

IPC and WASH assessments at the national, sub-national and the designated HFs to evaluate the readiness to priority public health threat(s).

National surveillance and reporting programme for early detection of the priority public health threat(s), especially among hospitalized patients and health and care workers.

communication strategy IPC partners' mapping functioning IPC stakeholder network contingency plan surge-capacity responsive stockpiling process identifying the priority HFs National IPC guidelines, WASH standards

Dissemination plan for the national IPC and WASH guidelines The IPC and WASH training curriculum and materials

actively provides training on priority public health threats.

information, education and communication (IEC) materials developed There is a system in place that includes all the resources required

IPC and WASH simulation exercises

The IPC assessments have been completed in designated HFs

The WASH assessments have been completed in designated HFs

Active coordination

Mechanism for collection and reporting data

The surveillance tools for PPHT with standardized case definition

HCWs at designated HFs have been trained

There are functional laboratory services

Sub-capabilities





Scoring system

TRAFFIC LIGHT SCORING:	
Not ready	
Score "1" (0-20%)	The sub-capabilities are not in place (e.g. no/few updated guides, protocols or strategies/tools).
Minimally ready	
Score "2" (>20-40%)	The sub-capabilities are under development (e.g. documentation work has been updated but no resources are in place for implementation, e.g. no trainings/SimEx have been conducted, no financial resources and workforces are ready to be mobilized).
Partially Ready	
Score "3" (>40-60%)	The sub-capabilities are at national level only, with some limitations meeting the demands (updated documentations/protocols, tools, plans, SOPs and resources are in place).
Mostly Ready	
Score "4" (>60-80%)	The sub-capabilities are in place at national and subnational levels and/or among some of the designated health facilities* (but need external technical, workforce and financial support).
Completely Ready	
Score "5" (>80-100%)	The sub-capabilities are in place at national and subnational levels and/or among all of the designated HFs (no need for external support; the country is able to manage all the resources and technical capabilities by internal capacity only).
* except for the assessment of the sub-c	capabilities 5.3 and 5.4

- The numerator: is the number of health facilities that have achieved a target score ≥80%, except in cases where the IPC minimum requirement target is 100%.
- The denominator: is the number of the designated health facilities assigned by the country.
- *some of the designated HFs means any number below the assigned number of the designated HFs





How to use the IPC & WASH-HERO CAPE Checklist

General assessment of IPC & WASH readiness capabilities

Disease specific when identified priority public health threats

Identify

- Identify Priority Health Facilities
- Assign HFs proportionate to the overall number of facilities.

Assess

- Assess Readiness at Designated HFs
- Use appropriate assessment tools (e.g., IPC, WASH FIT).

Evaluate

- Evaluate Country Capabilities
- Score each capability and sub-capability using a traffic light system.

Develop

- Develop Improvement Plan
 - Identify actions and responsibilities, submit for decision-making.

Conduct

- Conduct Follow-up Assessments
- Recommended every 6 months or when there are significant changes.

Integrate

- Integrate with National Plans
- Use in conjunction with national strategic preparedness and response plans.





Screenshot from the checklist



Infection prevention and control (IPC) & water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) in health emergency readiness for response operations (HERO) capabilities checklist "IPC & WASH HERO CAPE"







Risk-assessment Control of the Contr				
The priority threat(s) identified in the country	Insert Threat(s) identified			
Others, please specify				
Number of the designated health facilities (HFs) the public health priority threats	Insert number here			
Number of the HFs that achieved the target sco IPC assessment tool	Insert number here			
Percentage of the designated HFs IPC-ready to one health threat	#VALUE!			
Number of the HFs that achieved the target sco WASH assessment tool	Insert number here			
Percentage of the designated HFs WASH-ready priority health threat	#VALUE!			
	Name	Туре	Region	
List of the designated facilities				

Num	nber	Capabilities	CAPE score	Comments\Notes	verifiers
1	ı	IPC and WASH coordination mechanism(s) is/are in place at the national, subnational and designated priority HF levels.	0%		
1.1	Sub-capabilities	There is a coordination mechanism in place that provides oversight of the IPC and WASH strategy, technical and operational actions and activities for the priority public health threats (e.g. national IPC committee, IPC task force or technical working groups (TWGs)) supported (e.g. cochaired) by WHO and including all relevant stakeholders and implementing partners, such as national/international NGOs and health-care facilities' leaders.			copy of the IPC coordination mechanism TORs copy of minutes from coordination meeting(s) copy of the partners list (who, what, where, when and why) copy of the meeting minutes, if any
1.2		There is a communication strategy in place that has been adapted from and integrated with the broader, existing one, to disseminate IPC- and WASH-related information on the priority public health threat or outbreak to the stakeholders and various groups (HFs, health and care workers, community and public social media) using available platforms (social media, official website, WhatsApp groups, contact list emails, hotlines, etc.) in coordination with partners in risk communication and community engagement (RCCE).			 link for the platform copy of provided material any evidence the dissemination copy of the IPC stakeholders list copy of the meeting minutes, if any
1.3		There is an IPC partners' mapping mechanism in place using the "5 Ws" to prepare and coordinate the IPC readiness activities for the priority public health threat(s).			
1.4		There is a functioning IPC stakeholder network in place at the national and subnational levels and among the designated HFs to handle priority public health threat(s). For example, IPC national focal points (FPs), quality and patient safety FPs, IPC leaders at the health facility level, hospital administrators and key decision-makers at the national and subnational levels for readiness and response to the identified priority public health threat(s).			
		IPC and WASH readiness plans needed for the priority public health threat(s) are in place.	0%		
2.1	Sub-capabilities	There is a national contingency plan for specific priority public health threat(s) that includes IPC and WASH readiness activities with an allocated budget.			copy of the plan(s)list of the designated priority HFscopy of the referral system
2.2		There is a surge-capacity plan for the priority threat with allocated resources for IPC and WASH activities/interventions, including staffing, infrastructure and supplies.			
2.3		There is a responsive stockpiling process in place to ensure adequate IPC and WASH supplies and equipment.			
2.4		There is a mechanism in place to identify the priority HFs ensuring the coordination, delivery of resources (e.g. supplies) and an isolation-referral system in the event of a surge.			

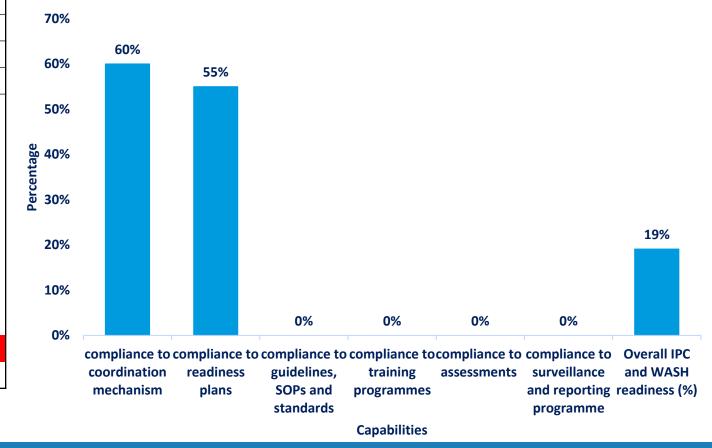




Number		Capabilities	CAPE score	Comments\Notes	verifiers
1		IPC and WASH coordination mechanism(s) is/are in place at the national, subnational and designated priority HF levels.	60%		
1.1		There is a coordination mechanism in place that provides oversight of the IPC and WASH strategy, technical and operational actions and activities for the priority public health threats (e.g. national IPC committee, IPC task force or technical working groups (TWGs)) supported (e.g. co-chaired) by WHO and including all relevant stakeholders and implementing partners, such as national/international NGOs and health-care facilities' leaders.	3		 copy of the IPC coordination mechanism TORs copy of minutes from coordination meeting(s) copy of the partners list (who, what, where, when and why)
1.2	Sub-capabilities	There is a communication strategy in place that has been adapted from and integrated with the broader, existing one, to disseminate IPC- and WASH-related information on the priority public health threat or outbreak to the stakeholders and various groups (HFs, health and care workers, community and public social media) using available platforms (social media, official website, WhatsApp groups, contact list emails, hotlines, etc.) in coordination with partners in risk communication and community engagement (RCCE).	5		 copy of the meeting minutes, if any link for the platform copy of provided material any evidence the dissemination copy of the IPC stakeholders list copy of the meeting minutes, if any
1.3		There is an IPC partners' mapping mechanism in place using the "5 Ws" to prepare and coordinate the IPC readiness activities for the priority public health threat(s).	1		
1.4		There is a functioning IPC stakeholder network in place at the national and subnational levels and among the designated HFs to handle priority public health threat(s). For example, IPC national focal points (FPs), quality and patient safety FPs, IPC leaders at the health facility level, hospital administrators and key decision-makers at the national and subnational levels for readiness and response to the identified priority public health threat(s).	3		
2		IPC and WASH readiness plans needed for the priority public health threat(s) are in place.	55%		
2.1		There is a national contingency plan for specific priority public health threat(s) that includes IPC and WASH readiness activities with an allocated budget.	2		copy of the plan(s)list of the designated priority HFscopy of the referral system
2.2	Sub-capabilities	There is a surge-capacity plan for the priority threat with allocated resources for IPC and WASH activities/interventions, including staffing, infrastructure and supplies.	3		
2.3		There is a responsive stockpiling process in place to ensure adequate IPC and WASH supplies and equipment.	4		
2.4		There is a mechanism in place to identify the priority HFs ensuring the coordination, delivery of resources (e.g. supplies) and an isolation-referral system in the event of a surge.	2		
		IPC and WASH guidelines, policies, SOPs and/or standards for priority	02/		

Score summary				
Total not ready	1			
Total minimally ready	1			
Total partially ready	3			
Total mostly ready	1			
Total completely ready	1			
compliance to coordination mechanism	60%			
compliance to readiness plans	55%			
compliance to guidelines, SOPs and	0%			
standards	U%			
compliance to training programmes	0%			
compliance to assessments	0%			
compliance to surveillance and reporting	0%			
programme	0/0			
Overall IPC and WASH readiness (%)	19%			
Overall interpretation	Not Ready			
Assessment completion	32%			

IPC &WASH readiness capabilities







IPC & WASH HERO CAPE ON WHO PARTNERS PLATFORM



Value of the IPC & WASH-HERO CAPE Checklist on WHO partners platform

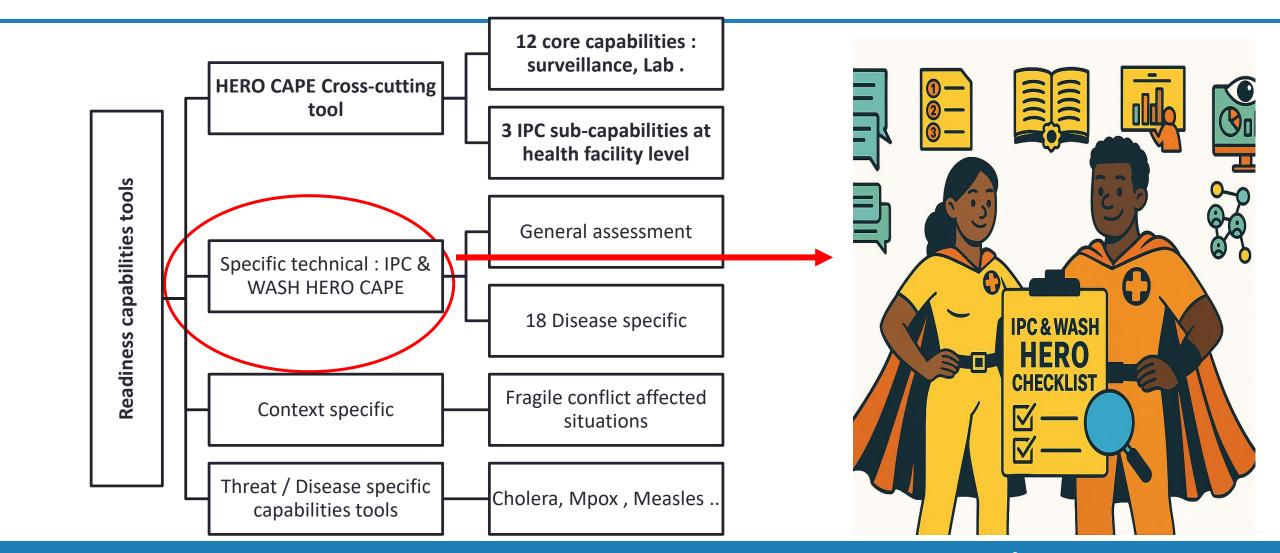
Supporting countries to scale up core capabilities to be ready to respond with partners







Readiness capabilities (CAPE) tools: a growing Family on partners platform









Supporting countries to scale up core capabilities to be ready to respond







Planning tools for scaling up capabilities

Action Planning Tools



HERO CAPE Tool

Digital tools supporting countries to identify, implement and track their risks, core capabilities, readiness gaps and anticipatory actions needed to be ready to respond to high priority or imminent threats.

♣ Offline CAPE Tool

Online CAPE Tool



NIP and Funding Proposal Tools

HEPR templates to support the development of national investment plans (NIPs) and funding proposals.



WHO Country Office ERF Readiness Checklist

Essential readiness guide for all WHO Country Offices to support emergency response.



IPC & WASH HERO CAPE checklist

Supports countries in assessing six core IPC and WASH capabilities and tracking actions to strengthen readiness for priority public health threats and outbreak response.

₫ Offline Checklist

Online Checklist

IPC & WASH HERO checklist on WHO partners platform



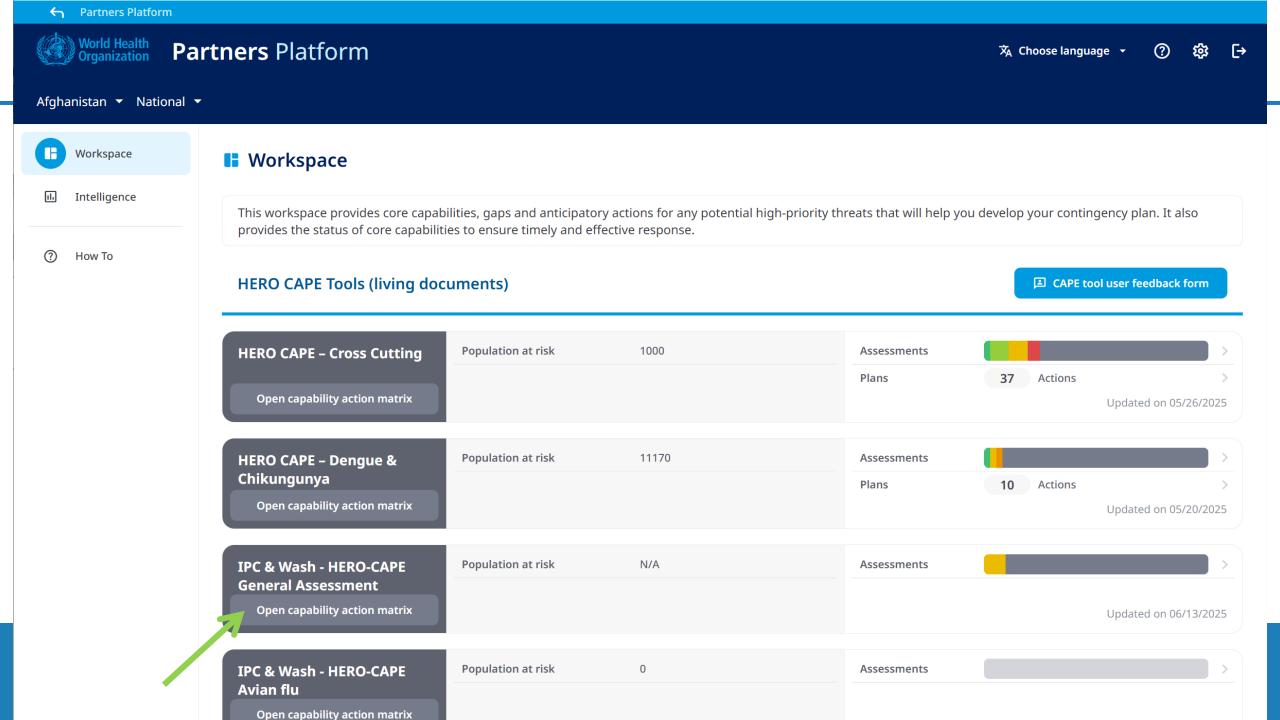
You can also download the offline Excel version of the checklist from the same link: IPC & WASH HERO CAPE

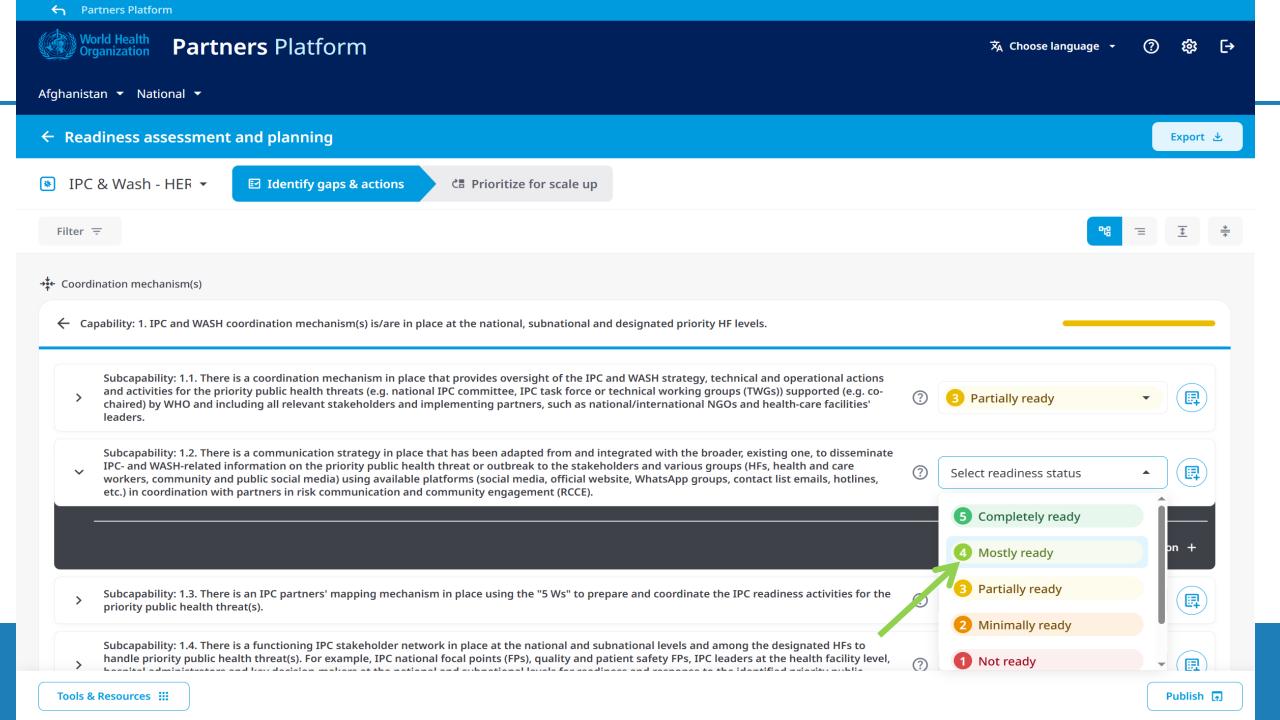
To activate the disease specific checklists please visit this link: <u>activate the disease specific</u> checklists.

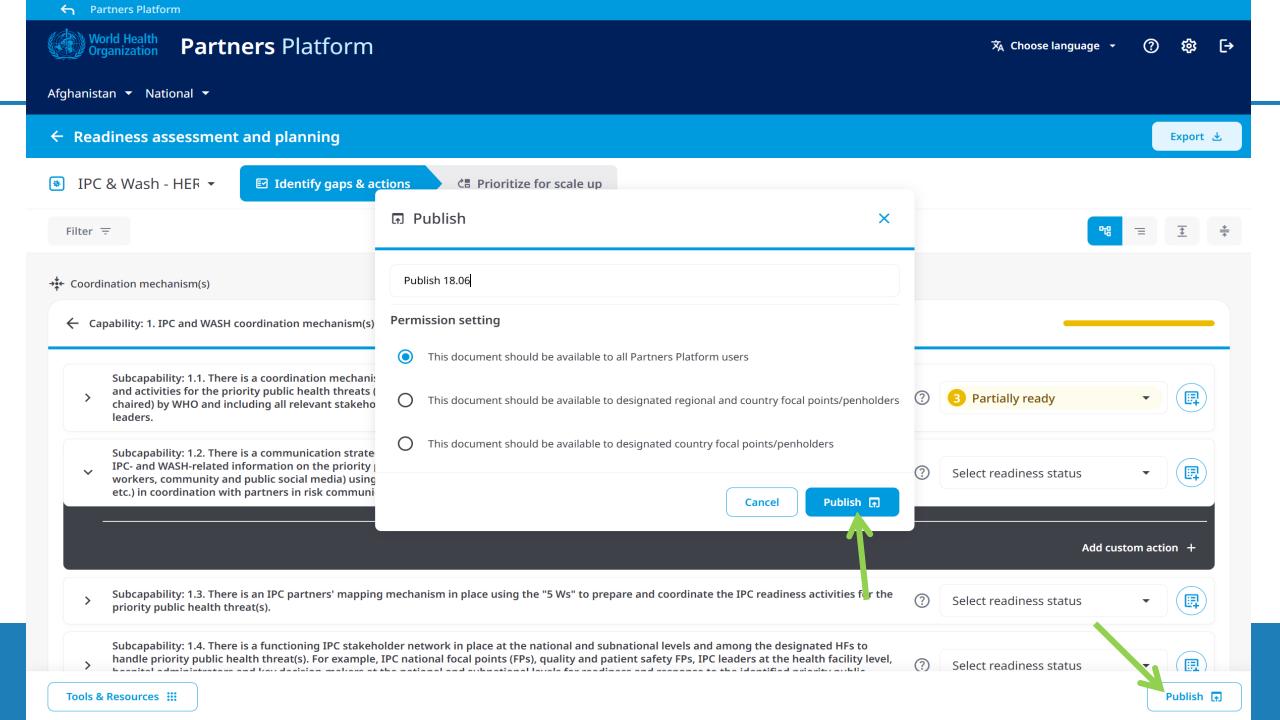
IPC and WASH CAPE training videos

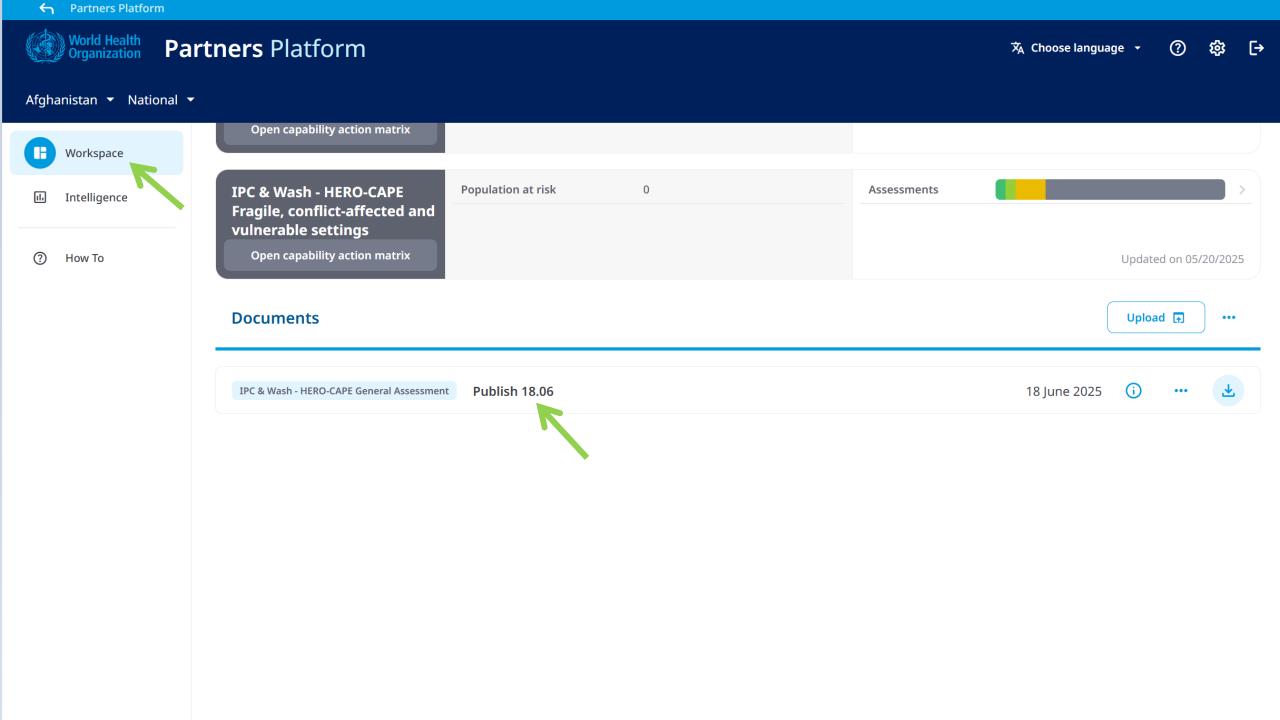














Thank You

Any Questions?

