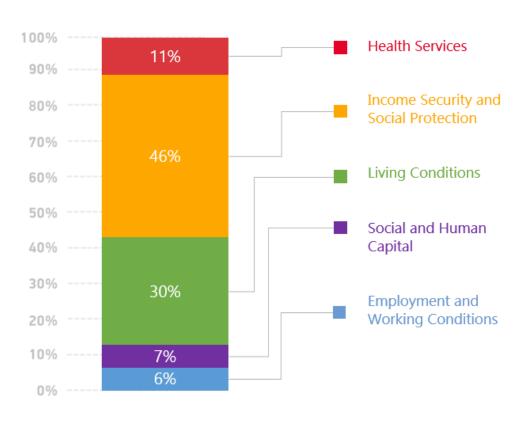
# Insecurity in 5 'essential conditions' are driving health inequity in Europe





Relative contribution to the mental health gap from differences in 5 factors, controlling for age & sex (based on analysis of EQLS 2003-2016)

Source: Health Equity Status Report, WHO, 2019



- ■1.5 x higher poor mental health
- ■2.5 x higher poor life satisfaction
- 2x higher illness limiting daily life

Gap increased in + 33% of countries in last 10yrs



- 2 x higher poor mental health
- ■3 x higher poor life satisfaction
- ■2 x higher illness limiting daily life

Gap increased in 20% of countries in last 10yrs

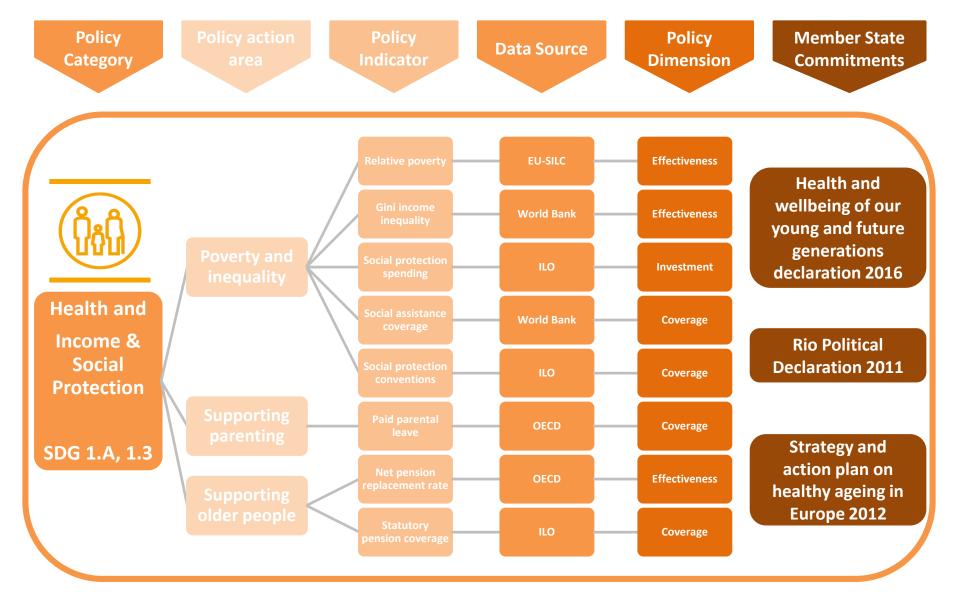
**Policy Member State Policy Data Source** Indicator **Commitments** Category **Dimension EU-SILC Effectiveness Effectiveness** Geneva UN **EU-SILC Charter on EU-SILC Effectiveness** Sustainable Housing 2015 Coverage New indicator Coverage **Health and WHO** Ambient **Parma Declaration Effectiveness** Living on **Environment Environment** Coverage and Health 2010 Investment SDG 6.1, 6.2, ESS, WVS **Effectiveness** 11.1 **Ashgabat** Coverage **Declaration 2013** Coverage **EU-SILC Effectiveness** 













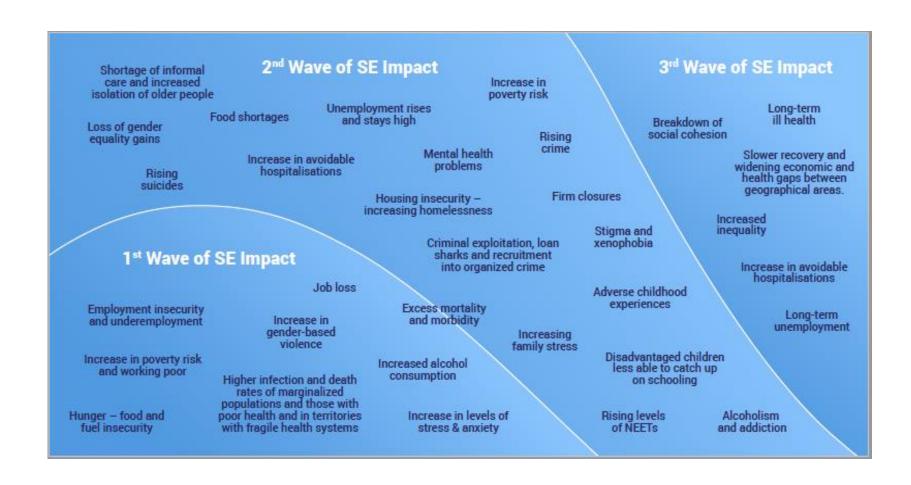






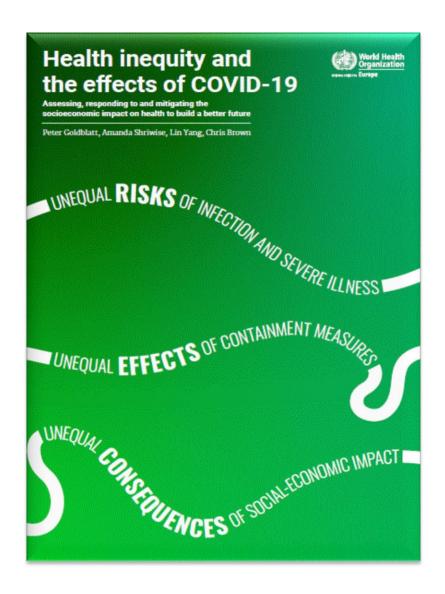
#### Lessons learned from past crisis and current policy challenges

- Compounding existing inequities in health within countries
- New health and economic vulnerabilities
- Increased insecurity in access to essential health goods and services
- Increased levels and concentration of unmet health and social needs





#### COVID-19 - the same virus but unequal impacts on health, lives and livelihoods



#### Risks of infection & severe illness

- People living with co-morbidity
- Frontline and service sectors workers, informal workers
- Black and minority ethnic groups
- People living with multiple deprivation
- 'Looked after' older people, prisons, child & youth centres

#### Effects of containment on health & health related good and services

- Mental Health, Violence, Abuse and Substance Misuse
- Housing
- Food
- 'Connectivity' digital and human
- Access to ongoing Health & Social services & Learning

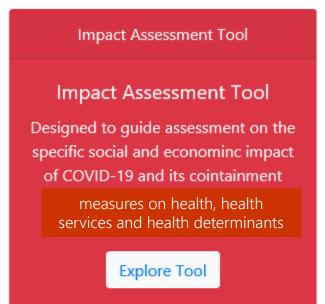
#### Consequences of social and economic impacts on health

- Unemployment rose by 1.811 million in the EU
- Loss of earnings, in April 2020 alone, 500,000-3million people sought social protection
- Indication of Gender inequity in caring and loss of wages/ employment
- Young people emerging as some of lockdown's biggest losers



## Leaving No one Behind The Country Health Equity Impact Assessment & Mitigation Tool







### **The Rapid Assessment Tool Policy Dialogue on Priorities** for Health Recovery **Country Health Recovery Plan Country Socio-Economic Recovery Plans** and Investment Mechanisms **Policy Dialogue on Priorities for Health in Country Recovery Plans Update on National Development Plans/ UN Country SDG Plans**

and investment

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Designed to guide writing of your report based on suggestions and examples

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