

Addressing the Social Determinants of Health at WHO Headquarters

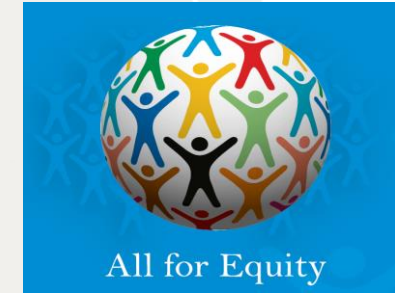
Changes to structure post-Commission on Social Determinants: 2008-2014



Commission on
Social Determinants of Health



World Health
Organization



1. Adopt better governance for health and development: Health in All Policies approach!
2. Promote social participation in policies and their implementation
3. Reorient the health sector for reducing health inequities
4. Strengthen global governance and collaboration
5. Monitor progress and improve accountability

Intersectoral Action and Health in All Policies

Training



of
countries:

77

of
workshops:

20

of
participants :

750

Global Network



World Health
Organization

Urban setting & specific environment issues

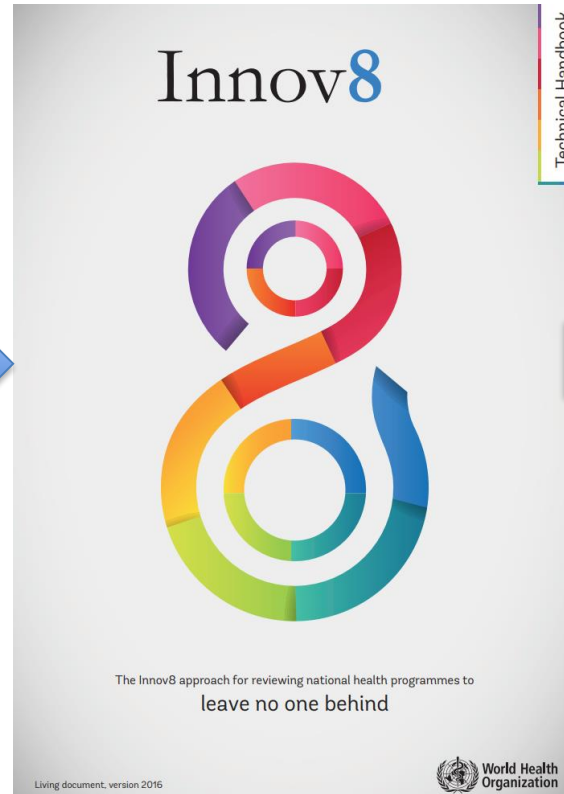
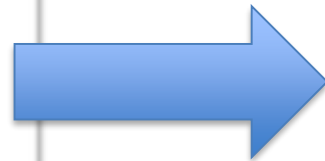


Health System Reorientation

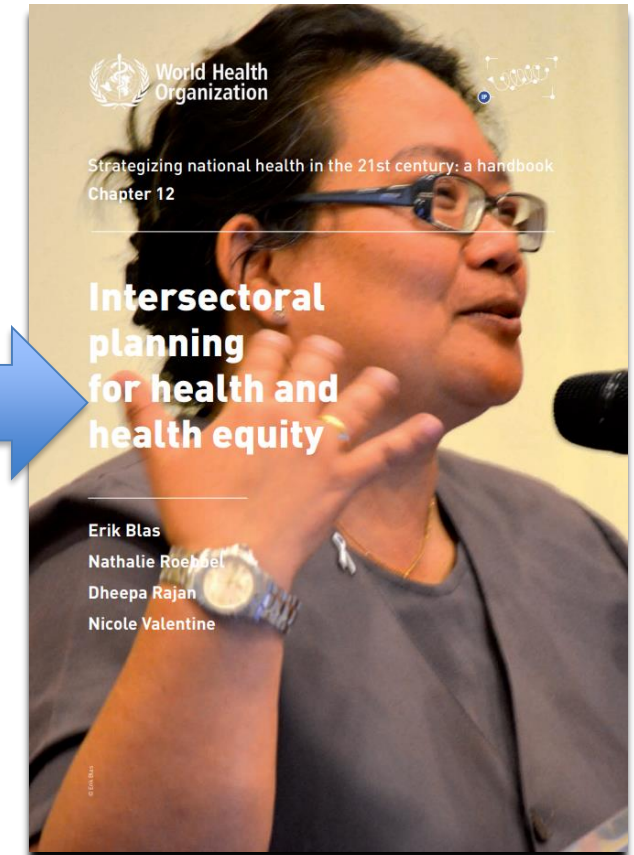
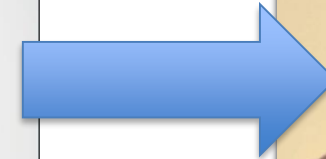
Tools and Resources



2010



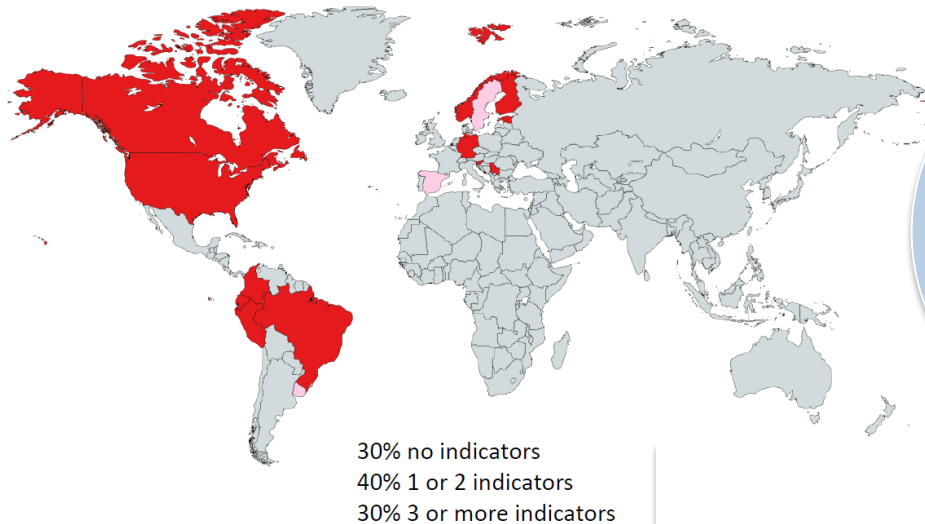
2016



2017

Global Monitoring of Action on SDH

SDH action indicators in national health monitoring systems



of
indicators
collected &
reviewed:
75

Governance (national)

- 1.1 To improve intersectoral action for health and health equity
- 1.2 To improve early childhood health and develop life long education
- 1.3 To promote fair employment and decent work
- 1.4 To improve social protection across the lifecourse

Participation

- 2.1 To improve participation and transparency in policy making on SDH, particularly from vulnerable groups
- 2.2 Promote gender equity for women
- 2.3 To improve the provision of legalization guaranteeing universal human rights with particular attention to human rights of vulnerable and discriminated populations

Health Sector
Reorientation

- 3.1 To improve equity in financing of health services
- 3.2 To improve equity in access to health services
- 3.3 To improve the integration of equity considerations into health systems, policies, and programs and to improve human resource capacities for addressing SDH and universal health coverage

Global Governance

- 4.1 To protect population health equitably from harmful and unhealthy products, environments and trade and lending agreement
- 4.2 To Strengthen international cooperation for promoting health equity and improving participation of developing countries in global social and economic decision-making

Monitoring and
Accountability

- 5.1 To improve the monitoring of health inequalities and the SDH and action on these determinants and access to information on the SDH
- 5.2 To improve financial investment in monitoring, research and evaluation of action on the SDH and health equity

Perspectives

Bulletin of the World Health Organization

The need to monitor actions on the social determinants of health

Frank Pega,^a Nicole B Valentine,^a Kumanan Rasanathan,^b Ahmad Reza Hosseinpour,^c Tone P Torgersen,^d Veerabhadran Ramanathan,^e Tipicha Posayanonda,^f Nathalie Röbbel,^a Yassine Kalboussi,^a David H Rehkopf,^g Carlos Dora,^a Eugenio R Villar Montesinos^a & Maria P Neira^a

Intersectoral actions, defined as the alignment of strategies and resources between actors from two or more

work⁸ offers health policy-makers the opportunity to link action monitoring to the SDGs, as national governments

Using the commission's evidence-based recommendations for intersectoral action,³ we offer a classification of



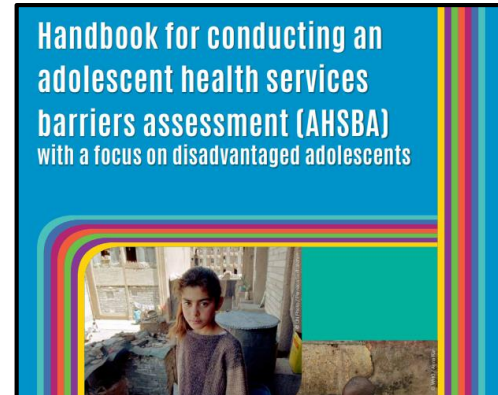
**World Health
Organization**

Gender, Equity and Human Rights: *Technical Leadership*

WHA resolution on
equity, gender and rights
within a **leaving no one
behind** framing

Data- and research-
agenda and global
reports

Lead WHO's
contribution to **UNCT**
guidance on LNOB (as
part of new **UNSDCF**)



**Guidance on
gender/intersectionality
and UHC**

**Guidelines to reduce
discrimination in
Health**

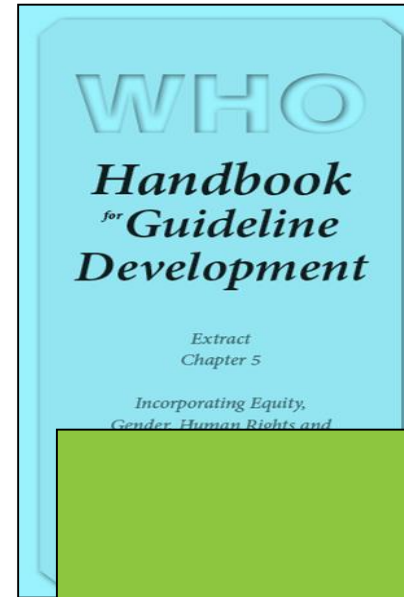
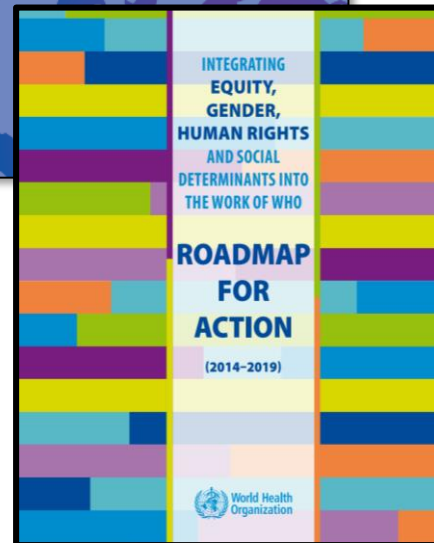
Gender, Equity and Human Rights: *Mainstreaming*

Contribution to UN-wide processes (e.g. UNSWAP, UPR analysis, SDG implementation)

Innov8 approach for reviewing national health programmes

Barriers Assessment (eg. adolescent health)

GER Checklist for NHPSP/sectoral planning



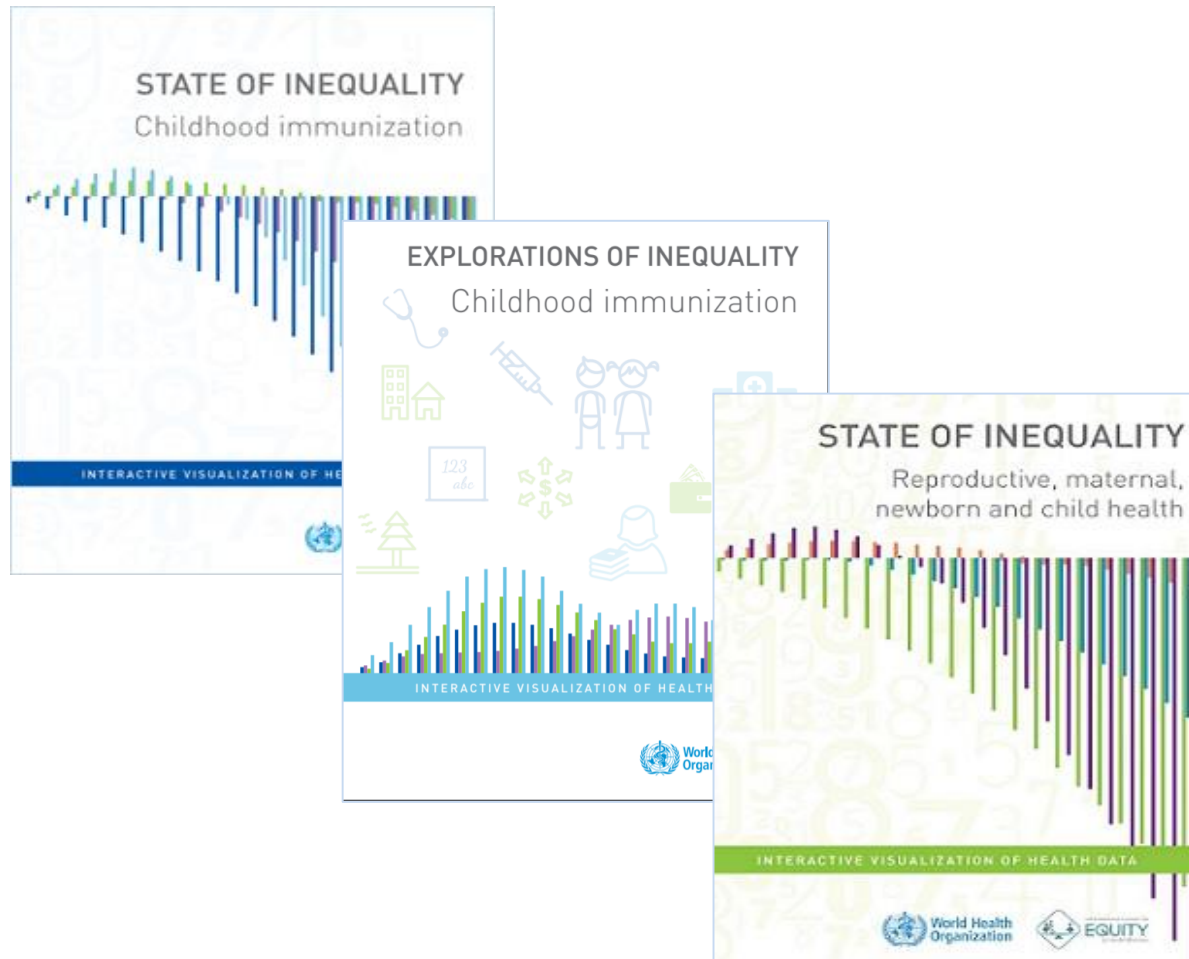
Integration in corporate processes (e.g. GER in guidelines, enabling outputs, RM)

Output Balanced Scorecard (programmatic outputs)

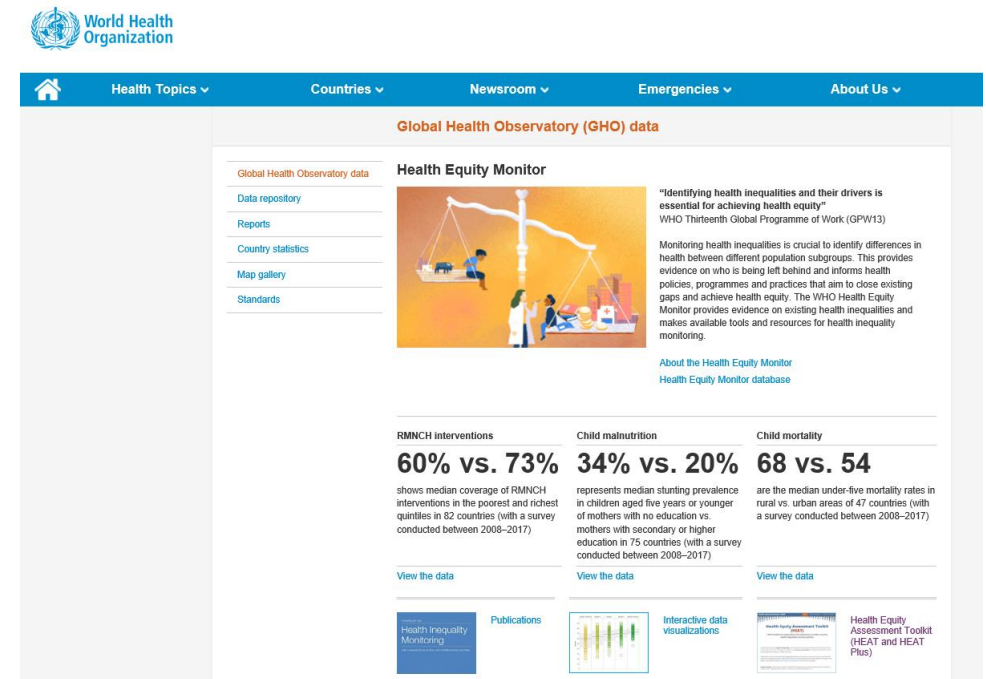
Supporting senior leadership (eg. PMDS)

Global Health Inequality Monitoring

Thematic reports on inequality



Health Equity Monitor



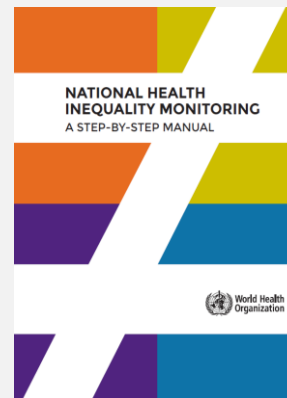
National Health Inequality Monitoring

Tools and Resources

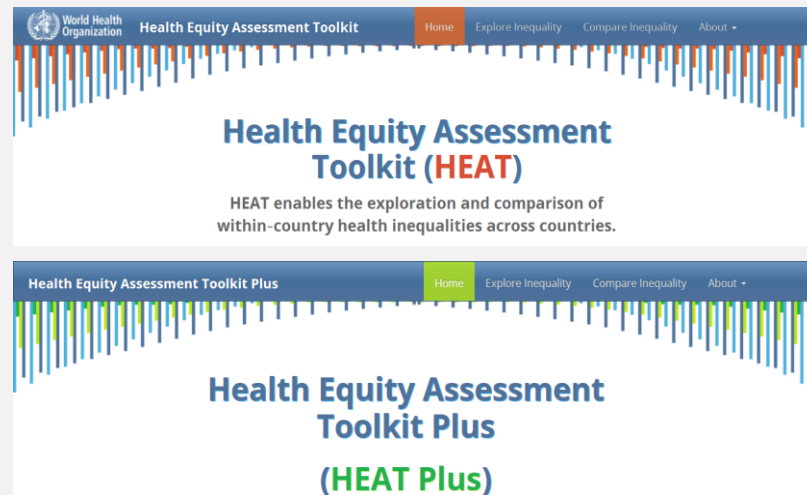
Handbook and eLearning module on Health Inequality Monitoring



Step-by-Step Manual



HEAT and HEAT Plus



Capacity Building



World Health Organization

Thank you

