A.19	Inclusion of Hypromellose - Treatment of Dry Eye Disease— EML/EMLc	
Draft recommendation		☐ Recommended
		⊠ Not recommended
		Justification:
		Artificial tears are categorized differently as medical devices, over-the-counter (OTC) drugs or prescription drugs in the different markets.
Does the proposed medicine address a relevant public health need?		☐ Yes
		⊠ No
		□ Not applicable
		Comments: Dry eye disease (DED) has a global prevalence ranging from approximately 5% to 50%, corresponding to 385 million to 3.85 billion people worldwide, and is present in all World Health Organization (WHO) region: the African region, the South-East Asian region, the Eastern Mediterranean region, the Western Pacific region, the European region, and the region of the Americas. However, artificial tears treat symptoms only. Not all patients with dry eye disease benefit from artificial tears.
Does adequate evidence exist for the efficacy/effectiveness of the medicine for the proposed indication?		□ Yes
		□ No
(this may be evidence included in the application, and/or additional evidence identified during the review process)		□ Not applicable
		Comments: Artificial tears present a proven treatment option for DED patients to improve symptoms (but not clinical signs). Artificial tears are often effective in treating certain symptoms [artificial tears such as Hypromellose are reported to effectively treat dry eyes and consistently improve ocular symptoms such as burning and irritation], although they do not include classical active pharmaceutical ingredients (APIs), and head-to head comparisons in clinical DED trials presents a major challenge that resulted in a high failure rate and several discontinued projects. ¹²
		The comparison of available DED drugs showed that the products are approved for different indications like "Increasing tear production" or "treatment of signs and symptoms of DED".
Does adequate evidence exist for the safety/harms associated with the proposed medicine?		⊠ Yes
		□No
	vidence included in the nd/or additional evidence	□ Not applicable
application, a		Comments: Over-the-counter (OTC) hypromellose is generally safe, with occasional transient burning and stinging of the eyes.
(this may be evidence included in the application, and/or additional evidence identified during the review process)		Comments: Over-the-counter (OTC) hypromellose is generally safe, with occasional

¹ Pucker A, Marrone M, Nichols JJ. Over the counter (OTC) artificial tear drops for dry eye syndrome (Protocol). The Cochrane Library. 2012, Issue 3.

² Nichols KK, Evans DG, Karpecki PM. A Comprehensive Review of the Clinical Trials Conducted for Dry Eye Disease and the Impact of the Vehicle Comparators in These Trials. Curr Eye Res. 2021; 46(5): 609-614.

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Are there any adverse effects of concern, or that may require special monitoring?	 ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Not applicable Comments: Stinging and burning sensation in the eyes is a mild adverse effect most commonly observed in patients who experience adverse effects using hypromellose and may compromise compliance with treatment.
Are there any special requirements for the safe, effective and appropriate use of the medicines? (e.g. laboratory diagnostic and/or monitoring tests, specialized training for health providers, etc)	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Not applicable Comments: These are self administered topical applications.
Are there any issues regarding cost, cost-effectiveness, affordability and/or access for the medicine in different settings?	 ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Not applicable Comments: These are over-the-counter preparations that are available at low costs.
Are there any issues regarding the registration of the medicine by national regulatory authorities? (e.g. accelerated approval, lack of regulatory approval, off-label indication)	 ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Not applicable Comments: Artificial tears are categorized differently as medical devices, over-the-counter (OTC) drugs or prescription drugs in the different markets.
Is the proposed medicine recommended for use in a current WHO guideline? (refer to: https://www.who.int/publications/whoguidelines)	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Not applicable Comments: