CORRIGENDA (3 June 2024)

Consolidated guidance on tuberculosis data generation and use: module 1: tuberculosis surveillance

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Page 14, line 49

Delete: a person who was declared lost to follow-up before, during or at the end of their most recent course of TB treatment and who has returned to start a new course of TB treatment; and

Insert: a person who was declared lost to follow-up during or at the end of their most recent course of TB treatment and who has returned to start a new course of TB treatment; and

Page 51, line 27

Delete: Re-registered: The person had been notified previously as a TB case, but was not declared cured or treatment completed and is now being registered for a new course of TB treatment

Insert: Re-registered: The person had been notified previously as a TB case, started treatment and took TB drugs for at least 1 month but was not declared cured or treatment completed, and is now being registered for a new course of TB treatment

Page 55, line 20

Delete: Diabetes is one example of a risk factor for TB disease for which it may be useful to collect data. Other comorbidities or socioeconomic factors could be relevant, e.g. smoking, undernutrition, alcohol use disorders, depending on the country context (see also Chapter 4, Table 4.5 and Table 4.9).

Insert: Diabetes is one example of a risk factor for TB disease for which it may be useful to collect data. Other comorbidities or socioeconomic factors could be relevant, e.g. smoking, undernutrition, alcohol use disorders, depending on the country context (see also Chapter 4, Table 4.5 and Table 4.8).

These corrections have been incorporated into the electronic file.