



ZAMBIA



Population:
19
million



World Health
Organization

2021

WHO GLOBAL TB REPORT 2022 | COUNTRY PROFILE

TB INCIDENCE

60 000

FELL ILL WITH TB
(38 000 - 86 000)

57% MEN
29% WOMEN
14% CHILDREN

50 075

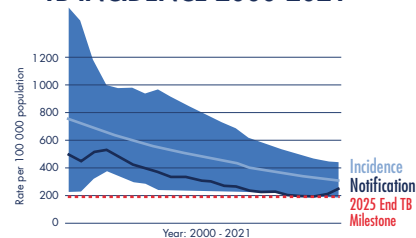
people with TB notified
(new and relapse)



10 000

people not notified
or not diagnosed

TB INCIDENCE 2000-2021



TB MORTALITY

7 800

TB DEATHS
(5 500 - 11 000)

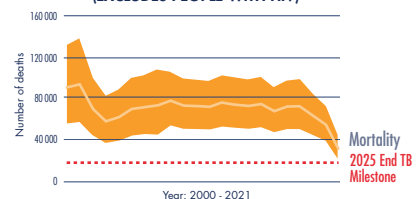


including

4 100

DEATHS AMONG
people with HIV

TB MORTALITY 2000-2021 (EXCLUDES PEOPLE WITH HIV)



DIAGNOSIS

USE OF WHO-RECOMMENDED RAPID DIAGNOSTICS

100%

People newly diagnosed with TB using
WHO-recommended rapid diagnostics

PEOPLE DIAGNOSED WITH DRUG-RESISTANT TB

431

Laboratory-confirmed with rifampicin resistance among
2 000 people who fell ill with drug-resistant TB



TB TEST FOR PEOPLE LIVING WITH HIV

16 272

notified among **20 000** people
living with HIV



TREATMENT

TB TREATMENT COVERAGE

84%



Treatment success rate **91%**



90%

2025
End TB target

DRUG-RESISTANT TB

2 000

(1 200 - 2 900)
people fell ill with
drug-resistant TB

436

people started on
second-line treatment

25

people started on
WHO-recommended
shorter treatment
regimens

TB/HIV

20 000

(13 000 - 29 000)
people living with
HIV fell ill with TB

15 902

people notified and
put on antiretroviral
treatment

TB PREVENTIVE TREATMENT

151 029

HIV-positive people
(newly enrolled
in care) on TB
preventive treatment

5 448

Children (aged <5
years) household
contacts of
bacteriologically-
confirmed TB cases
on TB preventive
treatment

3 951

People (aged ≥5
years) household
contacts of
bacteriologically-
confirmed TB cases
on TB preventive
treatment

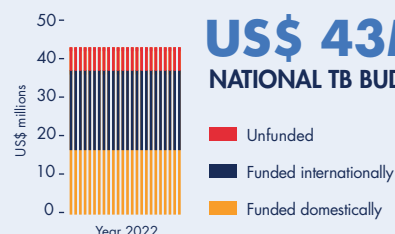


DATA NOT AVAILABLE

TB patients facing
catastrophic total costs

TB CATASTROPHIC COSTS

TB FINANCING 2022



TB-SDG MONITORING FRAMEWORK

Population living below the
international poverty line
(% of population)

58.7%

Household health expenditure
>10% of total expenditure/income
(% of population)

0.3%

UHC index of essential
service coverage (%)

55%

Population covered by
social protection systems
(% of population)

2.3%

Monitoring of the above indicators can be used to identify key influences on the TB epidemic at national level and inform the multisectoral actions required to end TB.

NUMBER OF TB CASES ATTRIBUTABLE TO 5 RISK FACTORS

