





Emerging trends for mRNA / mRNA-LNP manufacturing

1st November 2023

Disclosure

- This review was conducted based on publicly available information.
- This review includes some technologies as examples and is not comprehensive mRNA manufacturing is a field in great expansion.
- WHO and MPP do not have any financial interest in any of the technologies included in this review and cannot endorse any specific system.
- It is essential that partners acquire and understand the manual process for mRNA
 /mRNA-LNP manufacturing (Technology Transfer from mRNA hub in South Africa)
 prior to selecting and acquiring automated systems.
- Partners are encouraged to consider the automated systems as an addition to the "conventional multi-steps" manufacturing process, rather that as a replacement.
- Partners interested in acquiring automated systems for mRNA manufacturing are advised to conduct a detailed analysis of such systems including long-term supply of proprietary reagents, maintenance, etc. and how this would be affected in the event of a pandemic.



WHY: optimizing the manufacturing process for mRNA-products

- Increased flexibility → modular technologies rapidly scaled up/scaled out
- Increased efficiency -> closed continuous flow process with reduced operator action
- Smaller facilities -> disposable technologies in fully closed systems
- Simplified supply chain → consumable kits, enzymes and reagents provided by equipment supplier



- Reduced cost and time of manufacturing
- Improved process reproducibility
- Optimized qualified workforce occupation





1. Systems for mRNA manufacturing (in vitro transcription)

Example 1: Nature's Toolbox, Inc.



https://ntxbio.com/technologies/#ntxscribesection



- Proprietary continuous-flow, fully recombinant, in vitro, cell-free, transcription system of RNA utilizing hollow fiber bioreactors.
 - 5'-capping and 3'-poly(A) extension of the mRNA are accomplished in continuous flow (directly coupled mRNA synthesis)
 - Minimized product handling
- Integrated analytics for real time in-process monitoring
- It allows for manufacturing scaling from R&D quantities to commercial needs in a small, economical footprint.
- Vertical integration of supply chain
 - Proprietary enzymes/buffers, supplied by NTx.



Example 2: Quantoom Bioscience



https://quantoom.com/nfinity/



- Automated production technology able to synthesize and purify mRNA, ready to be formulated into a drug product
 - Optimized process for high performance (yield and quality)
 - Quantoom's proprietary reagent pre-mixes
 - Specific pDNA design for co-capping
 - Quantoom's proprietary reactors using single-use consumables (ease of use)
- Available as R&D-grade system and GMP-grade system (modular for clinical / commercial scale)
 - **No scale-up** needed : (pre-)clinical development at the final scale. Process validation can occur at 200 ml-scale and production of batches can range from 200 ml to x L.



Note: Ntensify[™] for RNA production is part of the **Nfinity[™] Production Platform**, which includes also: **Nplify[™] for DNA production**, and **Ncapsulate[™] for LNP formulation** (under development)

Example 3: King's College - "factory-in-a-box"



https://media.kcl.ac.uk/media/COVID+Heroes+-

+Mass+Manufacturing+a+VaccineA+Factory-in-a-box/1_rcu7toub

- End to end GMP process (from DNA to bulk drug product, without fill and finish) in <35m2
- Same process (no adaptation) for vaccines and therapeutic products
- Same process (no scale-up / tech transfer) from 1mg to 50g / day
- Multiple products in the same day, without re-validation
- Strong dose reduction (Vx) and cost reduction (Tx)
- universal product design rules to
 - increase biological activity
 - predict and improve product manufacturability

Where it is today ...

Duccio Medini's dedicated presentation following shortly



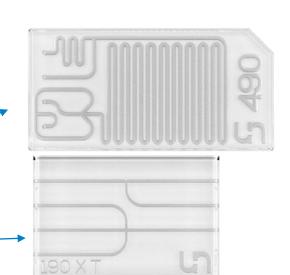


2. Systems for LNPs manufacturing

Example 1: Sunscreen and Sunshine



- Sunscreen: Automated LNP formulation screener
 - 96 formulations in <6 hours
 - 200 μL 2 mL per experiment
 - 0.1 30 mL/min flow rates
 - Reusable microfluidics
 - Scalable method



- **Sunshine**: Automated LNP process **developer and preclinical scale**
 - 10 experiments in 15 minutes
 - Fractional & total flow rates
 - 1 mL to continuous flow
 - 0.1 30 mL/min flow rates
 - Reusable microfluidics
 - Protocol transfer from Sunscreen
- Key features
 - No consumable neither proprietary reagents
 - Flexibility in the mixing methods (T-mixer or microfluidics)
 - Scalable from 96 well plates to preclinical scale (same mixing cell)
 - No GMP equipment available yet,





3. Systems for mRNA/LNP manufacturing (in vitro transcription & encapsulation)

Example 1: Dillico

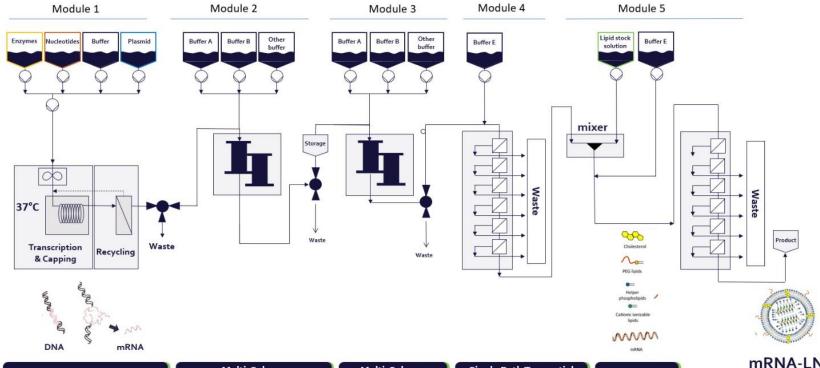


https://dillico.com/technology/

In Vitro Transcription & Capping

Chromatography 1

- The continuous All-ScaleFlow™ technology enables end-to-end production of GMPgrade mRNA-LNP
 - volumes per batch: 1,000 doses for pre-clinical / phase 1 to 10 million doses for commercial production
 - real-time and remote monitoring capabilities, facilitating operations and technology transfers

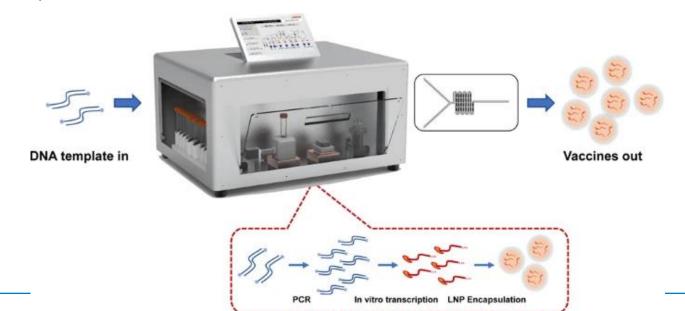




Example 2: Bioinformatics Center of AMMS, Beijing, China

https://www.nature.com/articles/s41378-023-00538-8

- Universal integrated platform with a corresponding control system for the streamlined and on-demand preparation of mRNA products
- Three main components: (1) a PCR module to amplify the target DNA templates; (2) a
 heating-magnet separating-mixing (HMM) module to provide a mixing platform for
 thermostable, magnetically separable reaction components for IVT; and (3) an LNP module to
 directly encapsulate mRNA into LNPs by using staggered herringbone micromixer (SHM)
 microfluidic chips.





Research prototype – lab scale



4. Technological investments at RNA therapeutics companies

Example 1: CureVac - The RNA Printer®



https://www.curevac.com/en/curevac-establishes-fully-owned-company-dedicated-to-advancing-the-rna-printer/

- Integrated and automated manufacturing of GMP-grade RNA vaccines and therapeutics.
- Proprietary and advanced manufacturing technology designed to cover all steps for rapid and standardized manufacturing of mRNA medicines.
- Facilitate broad access to mRNA technology and to accelerate the transition of innovative products concepts from science to the clinic.

CEPI awards US \$34million contract to CureVac to advance The RNA PrinterTM—a mRNA vaccine platform that can rapidly combat multiple diseases

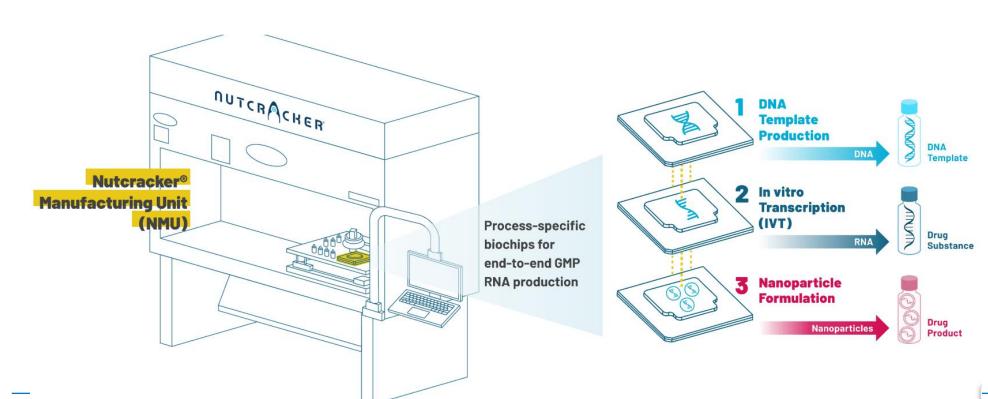


Example 2: Nutcracker Therapeutics - Nutcracker® Manufacturing Unit (NMU)

NUTCRACKER

https://www.nutcrackerx.com/platform/

- Single hardware system powered by process-specific biochips.
- RNA therapeutic manufacturing from DNA sequence to fully formulated nanoparticles on a versatile, software-controlled platform.







Conclusion

Points for consideration

- Need for unique/tailored pDNA
 - Objective of hub/partners partnership is to minimize the effort of each partner to undergo end-to-end development. If the automated system is not compatible with the pDNA design /pDNA manufacturing SOPs provided by the hub in SA, the procurement of tailored pDNA and respective manufacturing process development will lie with the partner
 - Ideally hub and partners should ensure compatibility of the pDNA across systems
- Access to proprietary reagents and service
 - What are the guarantees to reagent supply if sole manufacturer is purchased/ceases to exist?
 - What is the maintenance and repair service? Will this be available locally and in the event of a pandemic? How much time will be lost if a machine breaks down?
- Infrastructure requirements (Class A/B/C); electricity; water; multi-purpose facilities; ...
- Installation/qualification; GMP-compatibility; in-process controls; cleaning validation; ...
- Regulatory acceptance





THANK YOU!