

### 1,742M doses of COVID-19 vaccine have been administered<sup>1</sup> in 210 countries, areas, territories & economies<sup>2</sup>







COVAX has shipped 72.0M doses to 125 participants<sup>4</sup>

**1,742M vaccine doses**<sup>1</sup> have been administered globally

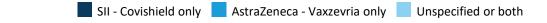
Campaigns have not yet started in 10 countries, economies & territories<sup>2</sup>

Note: The designations employed and the presentation of these materials do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of WHO concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. Dotted and dashed lines on maps represent approximate border lines for which there may not yet be full agreement. All references to Kosovo in this document should be understood to be in the context of the United Nations Security Council resolution 1244 (1999).

- 1. Source of data: Bloomberg; 2. Total of 220 countries, areas, territories & economies: 218 economies listed by World Bank + WHO Member states Cook Islands + Niue
- 3. WHO COVID-19 Dashboard at <a href="https://covid19.who.int/">https://covid19.who.int/</a>; 4. Including donations of doses through COVAX

### Of the 15 COVID-19 vaccines now in use, AstraZeneca & Pfizer products remain the most prevalent





#### **Vaccine** Number of countries & economies using the vaccine AstraZeneca - Vaxzevria / SII - Covishield 57 28 172 113 Pfizer BioNTech - Comirnaty Beijing CNBG - BBIBP-CorV (Sinopharm) 66 61 Moderna - mRNA-1273 Gamaleya - Gam-Covid-Vac (Sputnik V) 55 46 Janssen - Ad26.COV 2-S 35 Sinovac - CoronaVac Bharat - Covaxin 10 5 Novavax - Covavax Wuhan CNBG - Inactivated 5 CanSino - Convidecia 4 2 SRCVB - EpiVacCorona Anhui ZL - Recombinant 1

#### 32 economies are using 1 vaccine; 177 are using 2 or more vaccines

<sup>1.</sup> World Bank classification (2021) of 218 economies. Note: The term country, used interchangeably with economy, does not imply political independence but refers to any territory for which authorities report separate social or economic statistics.

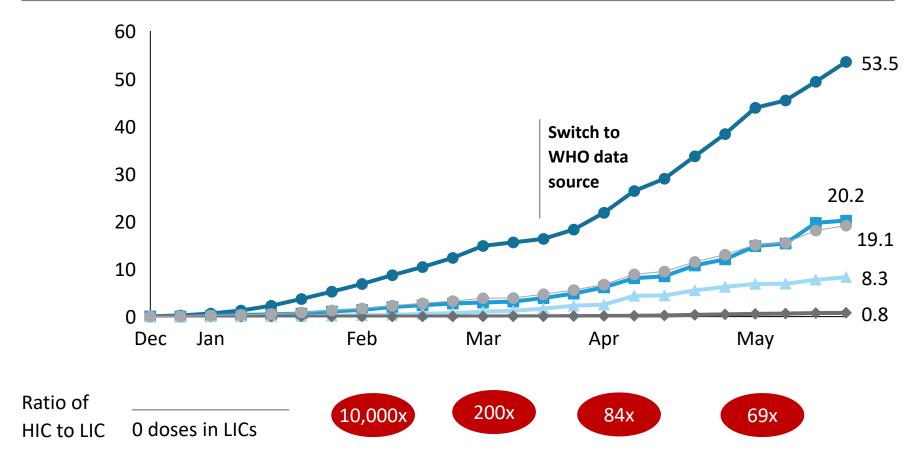
### Inequity is decreasing, but HICs have administered 69x more doses per inhabitant than LICs





#### **COVID-19 doses administered per 100 population**

Average per income group

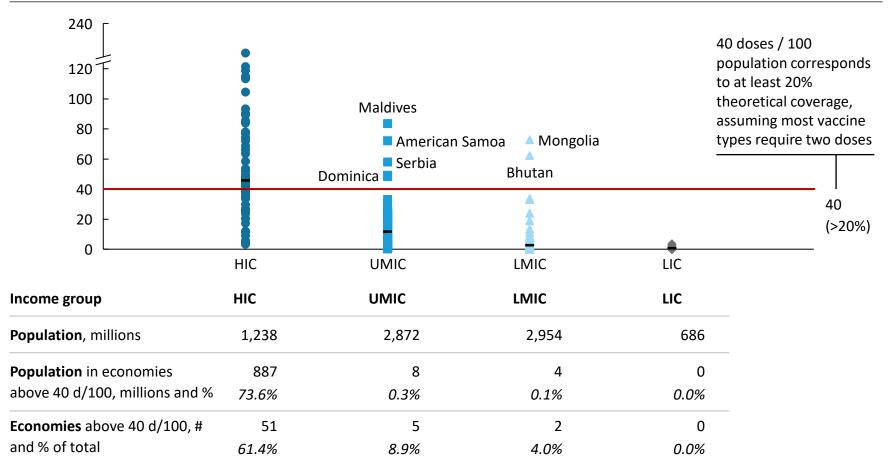


### Mongolia and Bhutan are the only LMIC/LIC that have achieved theoretical coverage of >20%<sup>1</sup>



HIC ■ UMIC ▲ LMIC ◆ LIC ■ Median

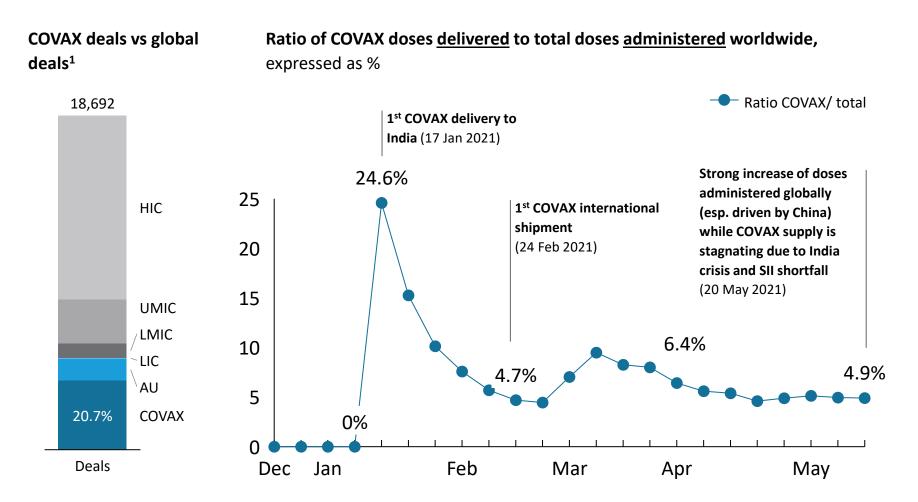
#### **Cumulative COVID-19 doses administered per 100 population**



<sup>1.</sup> As defined by 40 doses administered per 100 population (at least 20% theoretical coverage, assuming most vaccine types require two doses)

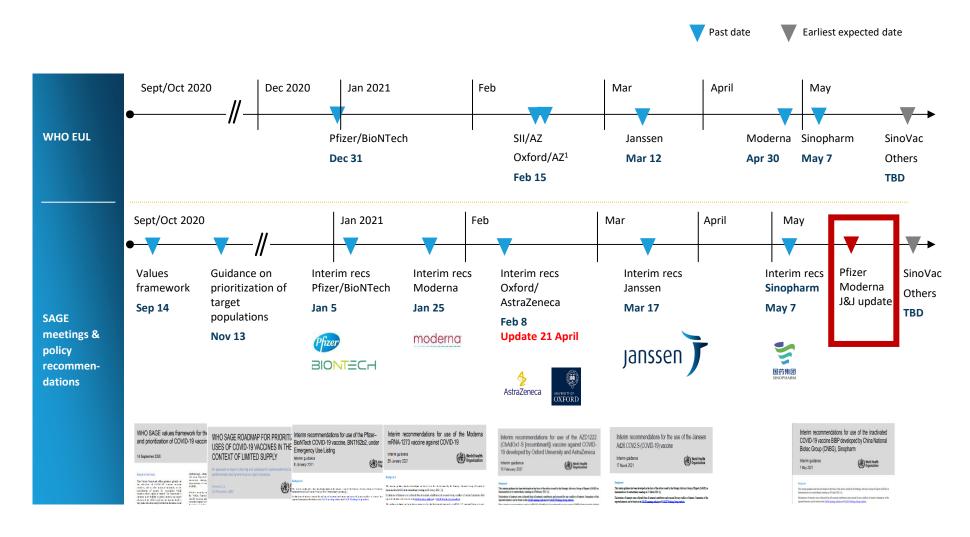
# While more than 20% of global deals, shipped COVAX doses represent only 4.9% of doses administered globally





#### **Overview of WHO EULs ands SAGE recommendations**





<sup>1.</sup> MFDS Korea EUL finalized Feb 15. EMA SK-Catalent followed Apr 16 and Wuxi (DS) Apr 30

 $\frac{\text{https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/who-sage-values-framework-for-the-allocation-and-prioritization-of-covid-19-vaccination https://www.who.int/publications/m/item/who-sage-roadmap-for-prioritizing-uses-of-covid-19-vaccines-in-the-context-of-limited-supply}$ 

## Misaligned supply expectations, low Vx rollout and low Vx confidence as particularly high risks to fast delivery



Supply/shipment risks		Programmatic/operational risks	<u>~~</u>
A Misaligned supply expectations	Very high	E Countries not ready to implement	igh
B Highly fragmented supply and delivery	High	F Low vaccine uptake/roll out Very	/ high
C Changes in product preferences	High	G Negative impact on health services	igh
D Lack of 'shipment readiness'	High	H Insufficient operational funding	igh
		I Multiple products in one country	igh
		J Reduced/low vaccine confidence Very	/ high
		K High/negative wastage rate	igh
		L Target populations missed	igh
		M Serious adverse events not detected	igh