# International Non-Proprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Preparations

In accordance with paragraph 3 of the Procedure for the Selection of Recommended International Non-Proprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Preparations, I notice is hereby given that the following names are under consideration by the World Health Organization as proposed international non-proprietary names.

Comments on, or formal objections to, the proposed names may be forwarded by any

person to the Secretary, Expert Advisory Panel on the International Pharmacopoeia and Pharmaceutical Preparations, World Health Organization, within four months from 1 April 1959.

The inclusion of a name in the lists of proposed international non-proprietary names does not imply any recommendation for the use of the substance in medicine or pharmacy.

### PROPOSED INTERNATIONAL NON-PROPRIETARY NAMES (Prop. I.N.N.): LIST 82

Proposed International
Non-Proprietary Name
(Latin, English)
, , , ,

Chemical Name or Description

acetyldigitoxinum acetyldigitoxin α-acetyldigitoxin

acetyldigitoxin acidum trethocanicum

3-hydroxy-3,7,11-trimethyldodecanoic acid

trethocanic acid

10-(2-methyl-3-dimethylaminopropyl)phenothiazine

alimemazinum alimemazine

2-amino-4-anilino-s-triazine

amanozinum amanozine

1,4-benzoquinone amidinohydrazone thiosemicarbazone hydrate

ambazonum ambazone

one-

aminopromazinum aminopromazine 10-(2,3-bisdimethylaminopropyl) phenothiazine

aminoxytriphenum

3-dimethylamino,1,1,2-tris (4-methoxyphenyl)-1-propene

aminoxytriphene amopyroquinum

7-chloro-4-(4-hydroxy-3-pyrrolidin-1'-ylmethylanilino)quinoline

amopyroquin

beclamidum beclamide\_ N-benzyl- $\beta$ -chloropropionamide

benzmalacenum

N-(2,3-di-p-chlorophenyl-1-methylpropyl)maleamic acid ( $\alpha$ - form)

benzmalacene

3,3'-diallyl-5,5'-bisdiethylaminomethyl-4,4'-dihydroxydiphenyl

bialamicolum bialamicol

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Annex 1, page 157.

Other lists of proposed international non-promietary names can be found in Cinemate, 1953, 7, 297; 1954, 8, 216, 313; 1956, 10, 28, 1957, 11, 231; 1958, 12, 102, 1959, 13, 105.

Chemical Name or Description

brompheniraminum brompheniramine  $(3-p\hbox{-bromophenyl-3-pyrid-2'-ylpropyl}) dimethylamine$ 

broparoestrolum broparoestrol 1-bromo-2-p-ethylphenyl-1,2-diphenylethylene

bupheninum buphenine I-(p-hydroxyphenyl)-2-(1-methyl-3-phenylpropylamino) propanol

buthalitalum natricum buthalital sodium a mixture of 100 parts by weight of the monosodium derivative of 5-allyl-5-isobutyl-2-thiobarbituric acid and 6 parts by weight of exsicated sodium carbonate

butopyrammonii iodidum butopyrammonium iodide butyldimethyl(2,3-dimethyl-5-oxo-1-phenyl-3-pyrazolin-4-yl)ammonium iodide

chaulmosulfonum chaulmosulfone

4,4'-(bis-dihydrochaulmoogroylamido)diphenylsulfone

chlorazanilum chlorazanil 2-amino-4-p-chloroanilino-s-triazine

chlorbenzoxaminum chlorbenzoxamine

 $1\hbox{-}(2\hbox{-} o\hbox{-chlorodiphenylmethoxyethyl})\hbox{-} 4\hbox{-} o\hbox{-methylbenzylpiperazine}$ 

chlormezanonum chlormezanone chlorothiazidum

 $\hbox{$2$-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-4-metathiazanone 1,1-dioxide}\\$ 

chlorothiazide chlorphenesinum chlorphenesin 6-chloro-7-sulfamoylbenzo-1,2,4(4H)-thiadiazine 1,1-dioxide

chlorphenoctii amsonas

3-p-chlorophenoxypropane-1,2-diol

chlorphenoctium amsonate chlorproguanilum 2,4-dichlorophenoxymethyldimethyl-n-octylammonium amsonate (amsonic acid is 4,4'-diaminostilbene-2,2'-disulfonic acid)

chlorproguanil

 $N^{1}$ -3,4-dichlorophenyl- $N^{a}$ -isopropyldiguanide

chlorpropamidum chlorpropamide chlorzoxazonum 3-(p-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl-1-propylurea

chlorzoxazone

5-chloro-2-benzoxazolone

cholini theophyllinas choline theophyllinate

choline salt of theophylline

clemizolum clemizole 1-p-chlorobenzyl-2-pyrrolidin-1'-ylmethylbenzimidazole

clemizolum penicillinum clemizole penicillin

benzylpenicillin combined with 1-p-chlorobenzyl-2-pyrrolidin-1'-ylmethylbenzimidazole

cyclandelatum cyclandelate

3,5,5-trimethyleyelohexyl mandelate

cyclobenzaprinum cyclobenzaprine cyclopregnolum

5-(3-dimethylaminopropylidene)dibenzo(a,e)cycloheptatriene

cyclopregnol

 $6\beta$ -hydroxy-3,5-*cr clo*pregnan-20-one

dequalinii chloridum dequalinium chloride

decamethylenebis(4-aminoquinaldinium chloride)

dexamethasonum dexamethasone 9a-fluoro-16a-methylprednisolone

Chemical Name or Description

2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-methyl-4-metathiazanone 1,1-dioxide

diathymosulfonum

diathymosulfone

di[4-(4-hydroxy-2-methyl-5-isopropylphenylazo)phenyl]sulfone

dichlormezanonum dichlormezanone

dinydrocodeinum dihydrocodeine

diloxanidum N-dichloroacetyl-p-hydroxy-N-methylaniline

diloxanide

dimethazanum 1,3-dimethyl-7-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)xanthine

dimethazan

dimethisteronum 6a,21-dimethylethisterone dimethisterone

diphoxazidum

 $N^2$ -acetyl- $N^1$ -( $\beta$ -hydroxy- $\beta$ , $\beta$ -diphenylpropionyl)hydrazine diphoxazide

dithiazanini iodidum 3-ethyl-2-[5-(3-ethyl-2-benzothiazolidinylidene)-1,3-pentadicnyl]

dithiazanine iodide benzothiazolium iodide

fluorometholonum 9a-fluoro-11\(\beta\),17a-dihydroxy-6a-methyl-1,4-pregnadiene-3,20-dione fluorometholone

furmethonolum 5-morpholinomethyl-3-(5-nitrofurfurylideneamino)-2-oxazolidinone furmethonol

5-methyl-3-(5-nitrofurfurylideneamino)-2-oxazolidinone furmethoxadonum

furmethoxadone

2-p-aminobenzenesulfonamido-5-tert.-butyl-1,3,4-thiadiazole glybuthiazolum

glybuthiazol

2-p-aminobenzenesulfonamido-5-isopropyl-1,3,4-thiadiazole glyprothiazolum

glyprothiazol

hedaquinii chloridum hexadecamethylenebis-(2-isoquinolinium)dichloride hedaquinium chloride

hexadimethrini bromidum

N,N,N',N'-tetramethylhexamethylenediamine trimethylene bromide

hexadimethrine bromide polymer

hvdroxindasolum

hydroxindasol

hydroxychlorogumum hydroxychloroquine

7-chloro-4-[4-(N-ethyl-N-2-hydroxycthylamino)-1-methylbutylamino] quinoline

hydroxydioni natrii succinas hydroxydione sodium succinate

sodium 21-(3-carboxypropionyloxy)pregnane-3,20-dione

hydroxymycinum hydroxymycin

an antibiotic substance obtained from cultures of Streptomyces paucisporagenes, or the same substance produced by any other means

hydroxyprogesteroni acetas hydroxyprogesterone acetate

17α-acetoxypregn-4-enc-3,20-dione

hydroxyprogesteroni caproas hydroxyprogesterone caproate

17α-hexanoyloxypregn-4-ene-3,20-dione

imipraminum imipramine

5-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenz[b, f] azepine

inproquonum inproquone

2,5-bisethyleneimino-3,6-dipropoxy-1,4-benzoquinone

5-hydroxy-1-(p-methoxybenzyl)-2-methyltryptamine

Chemical Name or Description

isopropamidi iodidum isopropamide iodide  $(3\hbox{-carbamoyl-}3,3\hbox{-diphenylpropyl}) \hbox{d} is o {\sf propylmethylammonium}$ 

isoxsuprinum isoxsuprine

1-(p-hydroxyphenyl)-2-(1'-methyl-2'-phonoxyethylamino)-1-pro

khellosidum khelloside 2-hydroxymethyl-5-methoxy-furanochromone glucoside

levomepromazinum levomepromazine (-)-10-(3-dimethylamino-2-methylpropyl)-2-methoxyphenothiaz

lysergidum lysergide lysergic acid diethylamide

mannomustinum mannomustine 1,6-di-(2-chloroethylamino)-1,6-dideoxy-D-mannitol

melphalanum melphalan p-di(2-chloroethyl)amino-L-phenylalanine

methocarbamolum methocarbamol

(2-hydroxy-3-o-methoxyphenoxypropyl)carbamate

methohexitalum methohexital

 $\alpha$ -(  $\pm$ )-5-allyl-1-methyl-5-(1-methyl-2-pentynyl)barbituric acid

methylprednisolonum methylprednisolone 6-methylprednisolone

monophosphothiaminum

monophosphoric ester of thiamine

monophosphothiamine orphenadrinum

N, N-dimethyl-2-(a-o-tolylbenzyloxy)ethylamine

orphenadrine oxadimedinum oxadimedine

N-(2-benzoxazolyl)-N-benzyl-N', N'-dimethylethylenediamine

oxanamidum oxanamide

2-ethyl-3-propylglycidamide

oxybuprocainum oxybuprocaine 2-dicthylaminoethyl 4-amino-3-butoxybenzoate

oxyphenbutazonum oxyphenbutazone

1-(p-hydroxyphenyl)-2-phenyl-4-butyl-3,5-pyrazolidinedione

oxyphenbutazone oxyphenisatinum

3,3-bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)oxindole

oxyphenisatine paracetamolum

p-acetamidophenol(acetaminophen)

paracetamol paridocamum

I-methylpiperid-4-yl p-butylaminobenzoate

paridocaine

isonicotinylhydrazide p-aminosalicylate

pasiniazidum pasiniazid

pecazinum pecazine 10-(1-methyl-pipe) id-3-ylmethyl)phenothiazine

pempidinum pempidine

1.2,2,6,6-pentamethylpiperidine

perphenazinum perphenazine

2-chloro-10-[3-{4-(2-hydroxyethyl)piperazin-1-yl}propyl|phenoth

Chemical Name or Description

phenactropinii chloridum phenaetropinium chloride N-phenacylhomatropinium chloride

pheniraminum pheniramine

dimethyl(3-phenyl-3-pyrid-2'-ylpropyl)amme

phenyracillinum phenyracillin

2,5-diphenylpiperazine di(benzylpenicillin)

piprinhydrinatum piprinhydrinate

4-diphenylmethoxy-1-methylpiperidine salt of 8-chlorotheophylline

poloxalkolum

polymer of ethylene oxide, propylene oxide and propylene glycol

poloxalkol

polybenzarsolum polybenzarsol

a mixture of polymers formed from the reaction of formaldehyde and 4-hydroxybenzenearsonic acid

poskinum poskine

propionylhyoscine

propiomazinum propiomazine

10-(2-dimethylamino-1-methylethyl)-2-propionylphenothiazine

protamini sulfas

sulfate of the strongly basic protein, protamine

protamine sulfate pyrazınamidum

pyrazine-2-carboxyamide

pyrazinamide

3a-hydroxypregnane-11,20-dione

renanolonum renanolone ristocetinum

an antibiotic substance obtained from cultures of Nocardia lurida, or

the same substance produced by any other means

ristocetin salinazıdum salinazıd

N-isonicotinoyl-N'-salicylidenehydrazine

sulfaethidolum sulfaethidole

N<sup>1</sup>-(5-cthyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)sulfanilamide

sulfamethoxypyridazinum sulfamethoxypyridazine

6-methoxy-3-sulphanılamidopyridazine

sulfinpyrazonum

1,2-diphenyl-4-(2-phenylsulfinylethyl)-3,5-pyrazolidinedione

sulfinpyrazone

2-hydroxyethyl p-sulfamylcarbanilate

sulocarbilatum sulocarbilate

9-amino-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroacridine

tacrinum tacrine

thalidomidum thalidomide

α-phthalimidoglutarimide

thiambutosinum thiambutosine

I-(p-butoxyphenyl)-3-(p-dimethylaminophenyl)thiourea

thiocolchicosidum thiocolchicoside

2.14-di(demethoxy)-2-glucosidoxy-14 methylthiocolchicine

thiopropazatum

10-[3-]4-(2-acctoxyethyl)piperazin-1-yl\propyl]-2-chlorophenothiazine

thiopropazate thioridazınum

10-[2-(1-methylpiperid-2-yl)ethyl1-2-methylthiophenothiazine

thioridazine

#### Chemical Name or Description

triacetinum triacetin glyceryl triacetate

triacetyloleandomycinum triacetyloleandomycin

the triacetyl ester of oleandomycin, an antibiotic substance obtained from cultures of Streptomyces antibioticus, or the same substance

produced by any other means

triamcinolonum triamcinolone 9a-fluoro-16a-hydroxyprednisolone

trimethidinii methylsulfas trimethidinium methylsulfate (+)-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-1,8,8-trimethyl-3-azabicyclo[3,2,1]

octane di(methylmethosulfate)

tropiglinum tropigline tiglyltropine

xylometazolinum xylometazoline

2-(4-tert.-butyl-2,6-dimethylbenzyl)imidazoline

#### Annex 1

## PROCEDURE FOR THE SELECTION OF RECOMMENDED INTERNATIONAL NON-PROPRIETARY NAMES FOR PHARMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS \*

The following procedure shall be followed by the World Health Organization in the selection of recommended international non-proprietary names for pharmaceutical preparations, in accordance with the World Health Assembly resolution WHA3.11:

- 1. Proposals for recommended international non-proprietary names shall be submitted to the World Health Organization on the form provided therefor.
- 2. Such proposals shall be submitted by the Director-General of the World Health Organization to the members of the Expert Advisory Panel on the International Pharmacopoeia and Pharmaceutical Preparations designated for this purpose, for consideration in accordance with the "General principles for guidance in devising International Non-proprietary Names", appended to this procedure. The name used by the person discovering or first developing and marketing a pharmaceutical preparation shall be accepted, unless there are compelling reasons to the contrary.
- 3. Subsequent to the examination provided for in article 2, the Director-General of the World Health Organization shall give notice that a proposed international non-proprietary name is being considered.
  - A. Such notice shall be given by publication in the *Chronicle of the World Health Organization* and by letter to Member States and to national pharmacopocia commissions or other bodies designated by Member States.
    - (i) Notice may also be sent to specific persons known to be concerned with a name under consideration.

<sup>\*</sup> Text adopted by the Executive Board in resolution EB15 R7 (Off Rev. Wild Hill Org., 1955, 60, 3)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Annex 2, page 159.

- B. Such notice shall:
  - (i) set forth the name under consideration:
  - (ii) identify the person who submitted a proposal for naming the substance, if so requested by such person;
  - (iii) identify the substance for which a name is being considered;
  - (iv) set forth the time within which comments and objections will be received and the person and place to whom they should be directed;
  - (v) state the authority under which the World Health Organization is acting and refer to these rules of procedure,
- C. In forwarding the notice, the Director-General of the World Health Organization shall request that Member States take such steps as are necessary to prevent the acquisition of proprietary rights in the proposed name during the period it is under consideration by the World Health Organization.
- 4. Comments on the proposed name may be forwarded by any person to the World Health Organization within four months of the date of publication, under article 3, of the name in the Chronicle of the World Health Organization.
- 5. A formal objection to a proposed name may be filed by any interested person within four months of the date of publication, under article 3, of the name in the Chronicle of the World Health Organization.
  - A. Such objection shall:
    - (i) identify the person objecting;
    - (ii) state his interest in the name;
    - (iii) set forth the reasons for his objection to the name proposed.
- 6. Where there is a formal objection under article 5, the World Health Organization may either reconsider the proposed name or use its good offices to attempt to obtain withdrawal of the objection. Without prejudice to the consideration by the World Health Organization of a substitute name or names, a name shall not be selected by the World Health Organization as a recommended international non-proprietary name while there exists a formal objection thereto filed under article 5 which has not been withdrawn.
- 7. Where no objection has been filed under article 5, or all objections previously filed have been withdrawn, the Director-General of the World Health Organization shall give notice in accordance with subsection A of article 3 that the name has been selected by the World Health Organization as a recommended international non-proprietary name.
- 8. In forwarding a recommended international non-proprietary name to Member States under article 7, the Director-General of the World Health Organization shall:
  - A. request that it be recognized as the non-proprietary name for the substance; and
  - B. request that Member States take such steps as are necessary to prevent the acquisition of proprietary rights in the name, including prohibiting registration of the name as a trade-mark or trade-name.

#### Annex 2

## GENERAL PRINCIPLES FOR GUIDANCE IN DEVISING INTERNATIONAL NON-PROPRIETARY NAMES \*

- 1. Names should, preferably, be free from any anatomical, physiological, pathological or therapeutic suggestion.
- 2. An attempt should first be made to form a name by the combination of syllables in such a way as to indicate the significant chemical groupings of the compound and/or its pharmacological classification. Preference should be given to the following syllables:

Latin	Euglish	French	
inum	ine	ine	for alkaloids and organic bases
olum	ol	ol	for alcohols and phenols (-OH group)
alum	al	al	for aldehydes
onum	one	one	for ketones and other substances containing the CO group
enum	ene	ène	for unsaturated hydrocarbons
anum	ane	ane	for saturated hydrocarbons
cainum	caine	caïne	for local anaesthetics of the procaine type
mer	mer	mer	for mercurial compounds
sulfonum	suifone	sulfone	for sulfone derivatives
quinum	quine	quine	for antimalarial substances containing a quinoline group
crinum	crine	crine	for antimalarial substances containing an acridine group
sulfa	sulfa	sulfa	for derivatives of sulfanilamide having an antibacterial action
dionum	dione	dione	for anti-epileptics derived from oxazolidinedione
toinum	toîn	toïne	for anti-epileptics derived from hydantoin
stigmınum	stigmine	stigmine	for anticholinesterases of the physostigmine (eserine) type.

- 3. Names should be distinctive in sound and spelling. They should not be inconveniently long and should not be liable to confusion with names already in use.
- 4. The addition of a terminal capital letter or number should be avoided as far as possible.
- 5. Names proposed by the person discovering or first developing and marketing a pharmaceutical preparation, or already officially adopted in any country, or used in national pharmacopoeias, or in works of reference such as "New and Non-official Drugs", should receive preferential consideration.
- 6 Cognizance should be taken of the names of closely related substances and, where desirable, the name should show this relationship.

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<sup>\*</sup> These principles replace those published in Chronicle, 1958, 12, 111.