Version updates
to the “WHO guidelines for malaria”

16 FEBRUARY 2021 – The consolidated “WHO guidelines for malaria” bring together – for the first time – all of the Organization’s current recommendations for malaria in one user-friendly online resource. The Guidelines include:

- All WHO evidence-based recommendations for malaria prevention (vector control and preventive chemotherapies) and case management (diagnosis and treatment); recommendations for elimination settings are in development.
- Links to other resources, such as guidance and information on the strategic use of information to drive impact; surveillance, monitoring and evaluation; operational manuals, handbooks, and frameworks; and a glossary of terms and definitions.

These consolidated guidelines replaced two previous guideline documents: the Guidelines for the treatment of malaria, third edition and the Guidelines for malaria vector control.

WHO/UCN/GMP/2021.01

13 JULY 2021 – This update incorporates updates to the vector control guidance in the malaria prevention section. The following changes were made:

- Based on a recently completed systematic review of the impact of larval habitat modification and/or manipulation against malaria, it was determined that the evidence base for either of these interventions is currently insufficient to make a recommendation. This assessment and identification of evidence gaps requiring further data generation have been made explicit.
- A conditional recommendation for house screening was developed based on a recently completed systematic review on housing modifications.
- Background information was added on how insecticide treated nets (ITNs) elicit protection for both the individual users and for the community (net users and non) where nets are widely used. This additional information drew upon a recent review of studies describing the biological mechanisms of how ITNs function with a focus on the “community effect”.
- The sections on insecticide resistance management and insecticide selection were updated to make it clearer that data from insecticide resistance assays should not be used to select between different pyrethroid products.
- Estimates of the resources needed for WHO recommended interventions have been added to inform local costing studies as a first step to provide cost-effectiveness estimates and guide the selection of intervention packages. and
- Areas where evidence gaps remain and research is needed to inform further revisions of the guidance for malaria vector control have been updated.

WHO/UCN/GMP/2021.01 Rev.1
18 FEBRUARY 2022 – This current update includes the first ever WHO recommendation on a malaria vaccine. This was based on a full evidence review of the RTS,S/AS01 malaria vaccine and advice from the Malaria Policy Advisory Group (MPAG) and the Strategic Group of Experts (SAGE) on Immunization following a joint session on 6 October 2021.

WHO/UCN/GMP/2022.01

31 MARCH 2022 – This latest update incorporates revisions to the vector control guidance in the malaria prevention section. The following changes were made:

- The conditional recommendation for the deployment of pyrethroid-PBO nets was updated based on a recently completed revision of an earlier systematic review.
- A recommendation for the deployment of pyrethroid-only long-lasting insecticidal nets (LLINs) or pyrethroid-PBO nets and a separate conditional recommendation for the deployment of indoor residual spraying (IRS) in areas affected by humanitarian emergencies were formulated based on review of the evidence on vector control interventions reported in a recent systematic review.
- The sections on insecticide selection for IRS were updated to provide further detail about the risks of using DDT and importance of considering alternative insecticides.
- Further details on resource considerations, cost and cost-effectiveness for WHO-recommended interventions have been added to inform local costing studies and guide the selection of intervention packages.
- Areas where evidence gaps remain and research is needed to inform further revisions of the guidance for malaria vector control have been updated.

WHO/UCN/GMP/2022.01 Rev.1