ETHAMBUTOL DIHYDROCHLORIDE DISPERIBLE TABLETS 1

(ETHAMBUTOLI DIHYDROCHLORIDI COMPRESSI DISPERSIBILI) 2

Draft proposal for inclusion in The International Pharmacopoeia 3

(August 2023)

DRAFT FOR COMMENTS

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For any technical queries, please contact Dr Herbert Schmidt, Technical Officer, Norms and Standards for Pharmaceuticals, Technical Standards and Specifications (schmidth@who.int), with a copy to Ms Sinéad Jones (jonessi@who.int, nsp@who.int).

Comments should be submitted through the online platform on or by 9 October 2023. Please note that only comments received by this deadline will be considered for the preparation of this document.

Our working documents are sent out electronically and uploaded into PleaseReviewTM. The working documents are also placed on the WHO Medicines website (https://www.who.int/teams/health-product-and-policystandards/standards-and-specifications/pharmaceuticals/working-documents-public-consultation) under the "Working documents in public consultation". If you wish to receive all our draft guidelines during the course of the year, please send your full name, organization/ affiliation, and email address to jonessi@who.int, nsp@who.int and your name will be added to our electronic mailing list and review platform.

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34 SCHEDULE FOR THE ADOPTION PROCESS OF DOCUMENT QAS/23.935:

36 ETHAMBUTOL DIHYDROCHLORIDE DISPERIBLE TABLETS

(ETHAMBUTOLI DIHYDROCHLORIDI COMPRESSI DISPERSIBILI)

Description	Date
Drafting of the text.	Jan – Sept 2023
Draft monograph sent out for public consultation	Aug – October 2023
Presentation at the 57th meeting of the Expert Committee on Specifications for Pharmaceutical Preparations	October 2023
Further follow-up action as required.	

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ETHAMBUTOL DIHYDROCHLORIDE DISPERIBLE TABLETS 41 (ETHAMBUTOLI DIHYDROCHLORIDI COMPRESSI DISPERSIBILI) 42 43 **Category.** Antibacterial (antituberculosis). 44 Storage. Ethambutol hydrochloride dispersible tablets should be kept in a tightly 45 closed container. 46 Additional information. Strengths in the current WHO Model list of essential 47 medicines: 100 mg. Strengths in the current WHO Model list of essential medicines 48 for children: 100 mg. 49 **Requirements** 50 Comply with the monograph for *Tablets*. 51 **Definition.** Ethambutol dihydrochloride dispersible tablets contain Ethambutol 52 dihydrochloride in a suitable dispersible basis. They contain not less than 90.0% and 53 not more than 110.0% of the amount of Ethambutol dihydrochloride (C₁₀H₂₄N₂O₂, 54 2HCl) stated on the label. 55 **Manufacture.** The manufacturing process is validated to demonstrate that the tablets, 56 if tested, would comply with the following test for impurity B. 57 **Impurity B.**Prepare the solutions immediately before use. Carry out the test under 58 1.14.1 Chromatography, High-performance liquid chromatography, using a stainless 59 steel column (10 cm x 4.6 mm) packed with end-capped particles of silica gel, the 60 surface of which has been modified with chemically-bonded octadecylsilyl groups (3) 61 μ m)¹. 62

¹ A Luna C18(2) column has been found suitable.

- Using the following conditions for gradient elution:
- Mobile phase A: 50 volumes of methanol for chromatography R and 50 volumes of
- 65 water R.
- 66 **Mobile phase B**: methanol for chromatography R.

Time	Mobile phase A	Mobile phase B	Comments
(minutes)	(% v/v)	(% v/v)	
0–30	71	29	Isocratic
30–35	71 to 0	29 to 100	Linear gradient
35-37	0	100	Isocratic
37–38	0 to 71	100 to 29	Return to initial composition
38-48	71	29	Re-equilibration

- Operate with a flow rate of 1.0 mL per minute. Maintain the column temperature at
- 68 40 °C. As a detector, use an ultraviolet spectrophotometer set at a wavelength of 215
- 69 nm.
- 70 Prepare the following solutions:
- For solution (1), transfer a quantity of the powder tablets, nominally containing 200.0
- mg of ethambutol dihydrochloride, to a 20 mL volumetric flask, add about 14 mL of
- vater R, sonicate for about 15 minutes, and dilute with water R to volume, mix and
- 74 filter. Dilute 2.0 mL of the filtrate to 20.0 mL with acetonitrile R. Transfer 4.0 mL of
- 75 this solution to a test tube, add 100 μ L of triethylamin R and 15 μ L of (R)-(+)- α -
- methylbenzyl isocyanate R, insert a stopper, mix and heat at 70 °C for 20 minutes.
- For solution (2), dilute 2.0 mL of solution (1) to 200.0 mL with acetonitrile.

- 78 For solution (3), transfer 4 mg of ethambutol for system suitability RS (containing
- 79 ethambutol and impurity B) to a test tube, add 4 mL of mixture containing 9 volumes
- of acetonitrile R and 1 volume of water and 100 μL of triethylamine. Sonicate for 5
- minutes to dissolve, add 15 μ L of (R)-(+)- α -methylbenzyl isocyanate R, insert a
- stopper, mix and heat at 70 °C for 20 minutes.
- 83 Inject 10 μL each of solutions (1), (2) and (3) and record the chromatograms.
- Use the chromatogram obtained with solution (3), and the chromatogram supplied
- with ethambutol for system suitability RS, to identify the peaks due to the impurity B.
- The impurities are eluted, if present, at the following relative retention with reference
- to ethambutol (retention time about 14 minutes): impurity C about 0.9 and impurity B
- 88 about 1.3.
- 89 The test is not valid unless in the chromatogram obtained with solution (3) the
- resolution between the peak due to ethambutol and impurity B is at least 4.0.
- 91 In the chromatogram obtained with solution (1):
- the area of any peak corresponding to impurity B is not greater than twice the
- area of the peak due to ethambutol in the chromatogram obtained with solution
- 94 (2) (1.0%).

Identity tests

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- Either tests A or tests B and C may be applied.
- 97 A. Carry out the test as described under <u>1.7 Spectrophotometry in the infrared</u>
- 98 <u>region</u>. To a quantity of the powdered tablets, nominally containing 0.1 g of
- Ethambutol dihydrochloride, add 10 mL of methanol R and shake. Filter and
- evaporate the filtrate to dryness. The infrared absorption spectrum of the
- residue is concordant with the spectrum obtained from ethambutol
- hydrochloride RS or with the *reference spectrum* of ethambutol hydrochloride.

103	B.	Carry out the test as described under <u>1.14.1 Chromatography</u> , High-
104		performance liquid chromatography using the conditions given under "Assay".
105		The retention time of the principal peak in the chromatogram obtained with
106		solution (1) corresponds to the retention time of the peak due to ethambutol in
107		the chromatogram obtained with solution (2).
108	C.	Carry out the test as described under <u>1.14.1 Chromatography</u> , Thin layer
109		chromatography, using the conditions given under "Impurity A (2-
110		Aminobutanol)".
111		Apply separately to the plate 5 μ L of each of the following two solutions in
112		methanol R. For solution (A), transfer a quantity of the powdered tablets,
113		nominally containing 20 mg of Ethambutol dihydrochloride, to a 10 mL
114		volumetric flask, add 8 mL of methanol R, sonicate for 5 minutes, and fill up to
115		volume. Filter the solution and use the filtrate. For solution (B), use a solution
116		containing 2 mg of ethambutol dihydrochloride RS per mL. After removing the
117		plate from the chromatographic chamber, allow it to dry in air or in a current of
118		air.
119		Spray the plate with anisaldehyde/methanol TS and heat it to 105 °C for 10
120		minutes. Allow the plate to cool and examine the chromatogram in daylight.
121		The principal spot in the chromatogram obtained with solution (A) corresponds
122		in position, appearance, and intensity with the spot due to ethambutol in the
123		chromatogram obtained with solution (B).
124	Impu	urity A (2-Aminobutanol). Carry out the test as described under 1.14.1
125	Chro	matography, Thin-layer chromatography, using silica gel R5 as the coating
126	subst	ance and a mixture of 10 volumes of ammonia (~260 g/L) TS, 15 volumes of
127	water	R and 75 volumes of methanol R as the mobile phase. Apply separately to the
128	plate	2 μL of each of the following 3 solutions:

129	For solution (A), transfer a quantity of the powdered tablets, nominally containing
130	500.0 mg of Ethambutol dihydrochloride, to a 100 mL flask with a stopper, add 10.0
131	mL of methanol R and shake for 5 minutes. Filter the suspension and use the filtrate.
132	For solution (B), dissolve 50.0 mg of 2-aminobutanol R (impurity A) in 100.0 mL of
133	methanol.
134	For solution (C), prepare a solution containing 5 mg of ethambutol dihydrochloride
135	RS and 0.5 mg of 2-aminobutanol R per mL.
136	Develop the plate for 2/3 of its height. After removing the plate from the
137	chromatographic chamber, allow it to dry in air, heat it at 110 °C for 10 minutes, and
138	allow it to cool. Spray the plate with ninhydrin/ethanol (1 g/60 mL) TS, heat it at
139	110 °C for 5 minutes, and examine the chromatogram in daylight. The test is not valid
140	unless the chromatogram obtained with solution (B) shows two clearly separated
141	spots.
142	Any spot due to impurity A in the chromatogram obtained with solution (A) is not
143	more intense than the spot in the chromatogram obtained with solution (B) (1.0%).
144	Disintegration. Carry out the test as described under <u>5.3 Disintegration test for</u>
145	tablets and capsules, but using water at 15 to 25 °C. The dispersible tablets
146	disintegrate within 3 minutes.
147	Dissolution. Carry out the test as described under <u>5.5 Dissolution test for oral dosage</u>
148	<u></u>
	<u>forms</u> , using as the dissolution medium, 900 mL of dissolution buffer, pH 6.8, TS and
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149 150	forms, using as the dissolution medium, 900 mL of dissolution buffer, pH 6.8, TS and
	<i>forms</i> , using as the dissolution medium, 900 mL of dissolution buffer, pH 6.8, TS and rotating the paddle at 50 revolutions per minute. At 30 minutes, withdraw a sample of

Analyse solutions (1) and (2) as described under 1.14.1 Chromatography, High-153 performance liquid chromatography, using the chromatographic conditions as 154 described under "Assay". 155 For each of the six tablets tested, calculate the total amount of ethambutol 156 dihydrochloride (C₁₀H₂₄N₂O₂, 2HCl) in the medium from the results obtained. 157 Evaluate the results as described under 5.5 Dissolution test for oral dosage forms. 158 Acceptance criteria. The amount of ethambutol dihydrochloride released is not less 159 than 75% (Q) of the amount declared on the label. 160 **Assay**. Carry out the test as under 1.14.1 Chromatography, High-performance liquid 161 chromatography, using as the stationary phase a stainless steel column packed with 162 particles of silica gel, the surface of which has been modified with chemically bonded 163 octadecylsilyl groups (5 µm). 164 As the mobile phase, use a solution prepared as follows: transfer 50 g of ammonium 165 acetate R and 0.2 g of copper (II) acetate R to a 1000 mL volumetric flask, add 800 166 mL water R, shake to dissolve, adjust to pH 5.0 with glacial acetic acid R and fill up 167 to volume with water R. Mix 800 mL of this solution with 200 mL of methanol R. 168 As the diluent, use a solution prepared as follows: transfer 7.7 g of ammonium acetate 169 R to a 1000 mL volumetric flask, add 800 mL water R, shake to dissolve, adjust to pH 170 2.0 with phosphoric acid (~1440 g/L) TS and fill up to volume with water R. 171 Prepare the following solutions in diluent. For solution (1) weigh and powder 20 172 tablets. Transfer a quantity of the powder, nominally containing 100.0 mg of 173 Ethambutol dihydrochloride, to a 500-mL volumetric flask. Add 400 mL and shake 174 for about 15 minutes to dissolve. Dilute to volume, mix and filter. For solution (2), 175 dissolve 50.0 mg of ethambutol dihydrochloride RS in 250.0 mL. 176

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C₉H₉NO.

Content. minimum 99.0%. 198 Description. A colourless liquid. 199 Relative density. d_{20}^{20} is about 1.045. 200 Refractive index. n_D^{20} is about 1.513. 201 Boiling point. 55 °C to 56°C at 2.5 mm Hg. 202 203 Enantiomeric purity. minimum 99.5. Storage. At a temperature of 2 °C to 8 °C. 204 Ninhydrin/ethanol (1 g/60 mL) TS 205 Dissolve 1.0 g of ninhydrin R in 50 mL of dehydrated ethanol R and add 10 mL of 206 glacial acetic acid R. 207 208