

GLOBAL SURVEY ON PROGRESS WITH SDG HEALTH TARGET 3.5 (2023)

CONTACT INFORMATION

Date:

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D	D			M	M			Y	Y	Y	Y		

WHO Region:

Country:

Questionnaire completed by:

Name:

First Name

Last Name

Title/Position:

Institute or Ministry:

Address:

Street Address

Address Line 2

City

State/Province/Region

Postal/ZIP Code

Telephone:

Email:

Please use the consultation platform where this survey is hosted to upload any supporting documents or for any questions or clarifications.

Thank you,
Alcohol, Drugs and Addictive Behaviours
Department of Mental Health and Substance Use
World Health Organization
20, avenue Appia
CH-1211 Geneva 27
Switzerland

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INSTRUCTIONS

- **This survey is to monitor progress with the UN Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) health target 3.5.**
- **Please note that the time frame addressed in the questions of this survey is for 2022 (as of December 2022), if not otherwise indicated.**
- **This survey is intended to address national data and the perspective at the national level. In some instances, response options include the subnational level of the country.**
- **This survey has three components (i.e. alcohol and health in sections A, B, C; service capacity for substance use disorders in section D; addictive behaviours in section E). Please note that there are three different links for the three components, and different persons could be responsible for filling the three components.**

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EXPERTS CONSULTED

For the completion of this component of the survey on alcohol and health, comprising the sections A. Alcohol consumption, B. Surveys, and C. Alcohol policies, you are encouraged to contact and consult additional experts. These experts could come from the following areas:

- A: Person in charge of or involved in alcohol control in the Ministry of Health, Ministry of Justice or other of your country, or the most senior government official in charge of alcohol control or alcohol-related conditions;
- B: The head of a prominent non-governmental organization dedicated to alcohol control;
- C: A health professional (e.g. medical doctor, nurse, pharmacist, social worker, psychologist) specialized in alcohol-related conditions;
- D: A faculty member of a public health or other relevant university department;
- E: A police or other law enforcement officer;
- F: A person at the Ministry of Finance, tax agency or statistical office.

For those who were consulted, please enter the following information accordingly:

Expert 1:	Name:	_____	
		First Name	Last Name
	Position:	_____	
	Organization:	_____	
Expert 2:	Name:	_____	
		First Name	Last Name
	Position:	_____	
	Organization:	_____	
Expert 3:	Name:	_____	
		First Name	Last Name
	Position:	_____	
	Organization:	_____	
Expert 4:	Name:	_____	
		First Name	Last Name
	Position:	_____	
	Organization:	_____	
Expert 5:	Name:	_____	
		First Name	Last Name
	Position:	_____	
	Organization:	_____	

Comments:

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WHO DATA POLICY

Data are the basis for all sound public health actions and the benefits of data-sharing are widely recognized, including scientific and public health benefits. Whenever possible, the World Health Organization (WHO) wishes to promote the sharing of health data, including but not restricted to surveillance and epidemiological data.

As used in this data collection tool, the term "Data provider" means a duly authorized representative of the governmental body with authority to release health data of the country to WHO (i.e. the Ministry of Health or other responsible governmental authority). The recipient of this data collection tool is responsible for ensuring that he/she is the Data provider, or for providing this data collection tool to the Data provider.

In this connection, and without prejudice to information sharing and publication pursuant to legally binding instruments, by providing data to WHO, the Data provider:

- confirms that all data to be supplied to WHO (including but not limited to the types listed in Table 1) hereunder have been collected in accordance with applicable national laws, including data protection laws aimed at protecting the confidentiality of identifiable persons;
- agrees that WHO shall be entitled, subject always to measures to ensure the ethical and secure use of the data, and subject always to an appropriate acknowledgement of the country:
 - i. to publish the data, stripped of any personal identifiers (such data without personal identifiers being hereinafter referred to as "the Data") and make the Data available to any interested party on request (to the extent they have not, or not yet, been published by WHO) on terms that allow non-commercial, not-for-profit use of the Data for public health purposes (provided always that publication of the Data shall remain under the control of WHO);
 - ii. to use, compile, aggregate, evaluate and analyse the Data and publish and disseminate the results thereof in conjunction with WHO's work and in accordance with the Organization's policies and practices.

Except where data-sharing and publication are required under legally binding instruments (International Health Regulations (2005), WHO Nomenclature Regulations 1967, etc.), the Data provider may in respect of certain data opt out of (any part of) the above, by notifying WHO thereof in writing at the following address, provided that any such notification shall clearly identify the data in question and clearly indicate the scope of the opt-out (in reference to the above), and provided that specific reasons shall be given for the opt-out.

Director Strategy, Policy and information (SPI)
World Health Organization
20, Avenue Appia
1211 Geneva
Switzerland

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Table 1. List types of data provided to WHO (non-exhaustive)	
Data types	Examples
WHO-supported household surveys	WHO Strategic Advisory Group of Experts (SAGE) on Immunization, WHO STEPwise approach to surveillance (STEPS), World Health Survey
Unit record mortality data	(Not currently collected by WHO headquarters, but by the WHO Regional Office for the Americas/Pan American Health Organization)
Aggregated mortality data	WHO Mortality Database
Aggregated health facility data	DHIS 2.0 data (not currently collected by WHO headquarters, but hospital data are collected by the WHO Regional Office for Europe)
Case-based health facility data	WHO Global Burn Registry data[1]
Health expenditure data	WHO Global Health Expenditure Database (National Health Account indicators)
Health facility surveys	Availability of medicines and diagnostics
Health research data (other than clinical trials) [2] [3]	Case-control investigations, prospective cohort studies
Key informant surveys	Existence of national road traffic laws
National survey reports	Prevalence of hypertension or tobacco use
Disease surveillance data	HIV prevalence in pregnant women or tuberculosis treatment outcomes
Surveillance of notifiable diseases	Total number of cases of plague

(1) Note: Case-based health facility data collection such as that in the WHO Global Burn Registry does not require WHO Member State approval.

(2) The world health report 2013: research for universal coverage. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2013 (http://apps.who.int/iris/bitstream/10665/85761/2/9789240690837_eng.pdf, accessed 21 February 2018).

(3) WHO statement on public disclosure of clinical trial results: Geneva: World Health Organization; 2015 (<http://www.who.int/ictrp/results/en/>, accessed 21 February 2018).

For more information on WHO Data Policy kindly refer to <http://www.who.int/about/policies/publishing/data-policy>

<p>I have read and understood the WHO policy on the use and sharing of data collected by WHO in Member States outside the context of public health emergencies</p>	<p>YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/></p>
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Section A: Alcohol consumption

Recorded consumption

Recorded alcohol is alcohol consumed as a beverage that is recorded in official statistics, such as data on alcohol taxation or sales.

1.a) Have you calculated recorded adult (15+ years) per capita alcohol consumption or recorded all ages per capita alcohol consumption in your country at the national level disaggregated by beverage type (i.e., for beer, wine, spirits, and other types of alcoholic beverages separately)?

Yes → CONTINUE TO Q1.b)

No IF NO, do you have any data on alcohol:
a) sales by volume, or
b) production, imports, exports by volume, or
c) taxation of alcohol by volume?

Yes IF YES, please provide the source/reference for these data, together with a website link where the data can be accessed or upload a data file.
 No

Source/reference and website link:

1.b) IF YES to 1.a), please provide the source/reference of these data, together with a website link where recorded adult (15+ years) per capita alcohol consumption or recorded all ages per capita alcohol consumption data at the national level can be accessed, or upload a data file:

Source/reference and website link:

INSTRUCTIONS:

- IF NO WEBSITE LINK OR DATA FILE EXISTS, PLEASE COMPLETE Q2 ON THE NEXT PAGE.
- OTHERWISE, SKIP TO Q3.

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INSTRUCTIONS:

IF RECORDED ADULT (15+ YEARS) PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION IS NOT AVAILABLE, BUT THE RECORDED **ALL AGES** PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL IS AVAILABLE, ENTER THESE DATA IN COLUMN 2 (ALL AGES PER CAPITA).

2. a) Total

Year	Recorded adult (15+) per capita consumption in litres of pure alcohol	Recorded all ages per capita consumption in litres of pure alcohol
2019		
2020		
2021		
2022		

b) Beer:

Average alcohol content: | | % Type: _____ (e.g. barley, sorghum, etc.)

Year	Recorded adult (15+) per capita consumption in litres of pure alcohol	Recorded all ages per capita consumption in litres of pure alcohol
2019		
2020		
2021		
2022		

c) Wine:

Average alcohol content: | | % Type: _____ (e.g. grape, vermouth, etc.)

Year	Recorded adult (15+) per capita consumption in litres of pure alcohol	Recorded all ages per capita consumption in litres of pure alcohol
2019		
2020		
2021		
2022		

d) Spirits:

Average alcohol content: | | % Type: _____ (e.g. whisky, rum, gin, vodka, etc.)

Year	Recorded adult (15+) per capita consumption in litres of pure alcohol	Recorded all ages per capita consumption in litres of pure alcohol
2019		
2020		
2021		
2022		

e) Other alcoholic beverages: Please specify:

Average alcohol content : | | % Type: _____ (e.g. cider, alcopops, etc.)

Year	Recorded adult (15+) per capita consumption in litres of pure alcohol	Recorded all ages per capita consumption in litres of pure alcohol
2019		
2020		
2021		
2022		

Unrecorded alcohol

Unrecorded alcohol means alcohol which is not taxed and is outside the usual system of governmental control, such as home or informally produced alcohol (legal or illegal), smuggled alcohol, surrogate alcohol (which is alcohol not intended for human consumption), or alcohol obtained through cross-border shopping (which is recorded in a different jurisdiction).

3.a) In the last three years, were there any new estimates on unrecorded alcohol consumption in your country at the national level, based on empirical survey data?

- Yes → **CONTINUE**
- No → **SKIP TO Q4a**

3.b) IF YES, please provide the source/reference of the empirical survey data, together with a website link where the data can be accessed or upload a data file:

Source/reference and website link:

3.c) IF YES, please provide, if available, the estimated unrecorded alcohol per capita consumption requested below. Please enter data for the estimate most readily available for your country (i.e., complete i, ii, or iii below).

i. Estimated per capita consumption of unrecorded alcohol as a percentage of total alcohol per capita consumption. Please enter the percentage, indicating whether this is for all ages or 15+ years, and the year of the estimate.

_____% ALL AGES 15+ YEARS

YEAR: 20____

ii. Estimated per capita consumption of unrecorded alcohol in litres. Please enter the litres of pure alcohol, indicating whether this is for all ages or 15+ years, and the year of the estimate.

____ LITRES OF PURE ALCOHOL ALL AGES 15+ YEARS

YEAR: 20____

iii. Other, please specify:

Comments:

Section B: Surveys

A **survey on alcohol consumption** includes surveys where alcohol is addressed specifically as well as those where it is part of a larger or international survey.

4.a) Have you conducted any **adult** surveys on alcohol consumption since 2015?

- Yes, national, **please specify the year of the most recent one:** 20|_|_|
- Yes, sub-national, **please specify the year of the most recent one:** 20|_|_|
- No → **SKIP TO Q5a**

4.b) IF YES, please provide the source/reference of these data, together with a website link where the data can be accessed, or upload a data file:

Source/reference and website link:

5.a) Have you conducted any **youth or school** surveys on alcohol consumption since 2015?

- Yes, national, **please specify the year of the most recent one:** 20|_|_|
- Yes, sub-national, **please specify the year of the most recent one:** 20|_|_|
- No → **SKIP TO Q6a**

5.b) IF YES, please provide the source/reference of these data, together with a website link where the data can be accessed, or upload a data file:

Source/reference and website link:

6.a) In your country, is there a national registry or report on alcohol-related injuries? **Check (✓) all that apply.**

- Yes, for traffic injuries
- Yes, for non-traffic injuries
- No

6.b) If any YES, please provide the web link or reference:

Comments:

Section C: Alcohol policies

7. Does your country have a total ban on the production, sale, purchase, and/or consumption of alcoholic beverages? **Check (✓) all that apply.**

[A **total ban** means that residents in your country are not permitted to produce, sell, purchase, or consume alcohol.]

- Production
- Sale
- Purchase by residents
- Purchase by tourists
- Consumption by residents
- Consumption by tourists
- None of the above (*do not select other options*)

INSTRUCTIONS:

If you have any total ban, please go through the survey to answer to those questions which would still apply (e.g. drink-driving legislation). If you have a total ban on purchase and consumption by residents, but not by tourists, please answer the survey with regard to tourists.

Written national policy on alcohol

- 8.a) Is there a **written national policy** on alcohol specific to your country?

[A **written national policy on alcohol** is an organized set of values, principles and objectives for reducing the burden attributable to alcohol in a population which is adopted at the national level.]

A **subnational policy** refers to a policy set by a regional or local government below the national level.]

- Yes, written national policy
- No, but subnational policy. **PLEASE DESCRIBE BELOW THEN GO TO Q10.**

Description of subnational policy variations:

- No → **SKIP TO Q10**

- 8.b) **IF YES** to existence of a written national policy, is the written national policy multisectoral, involving at least two different sectors, e.g. health and finance?

- Yes
- No

- 8.c) **IF YES** to existence of a written national policy, to support the implementation of the written national policy on alcohol, is there a national action plan?

- Yes
- No

- 8.d) Where is your country in the process of implementing your written national policy on alcohol? **Check (✓) one only.**

Developed and introduced means the policy is approved by a national governmental authority.

Enacted means the policy was placed into law by a legislature

Implemented means the country has started taking specific steps to implement the policy.

Maintained the implementation of means maintained sufficient resources to continue implementation of a policy already enacted and implemented prior to 2019.]

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- We have developed and introduced the policy
- We have enacted the policy
- We have implemented the policy
- We have maintained the implementation of the policy

8.e) In which year was the **last revision** of the **written national** policy on alcohol?

|_|_|_|_|

8.f) Are you in the process of revising your written national policy on alcohol?

- No
- Yes

9.a) Is the written national policy on alcohol aligned with WHO strategies, action plans, and/or recommendations?

- No → **SKIP TO Q10**
- Yes, partially aligned
- Yes, fully aligned

9.b) With which of the following documents did you align your written national policy on alcohol? **Check (✓) all that apply.**

- WHO Global strategy to reduce the harmful use of alcohol
- WHO Global alcohol action plan 2022-2030
- Other WHO recommendations, standards or guidelines

High-impact alcohol policies

10. Are there dedicated financial resources (government or NGO) at the national level for the implementation of high-impact alcohol policies? **If all No, SKIP to Q12.**

[High-impact alcohol policies include policies in the following areas: (a) affordability of alcoholic beverages, (b) advertising and marketing of alcoholic beverages, (c) availability of alcoholic beverages, (d) drink-driving, (e) screening and brief interventions for risky patterns of alcohol use and treatment of alcohol use disorders.]

High-impact alcohol policies		
(a) affordability of alcoholic beverages	No	Yes
(b) advertising and marketing of alcoholic beverages	No	Yes
(c) availability of alcoholic beverages	No	Yes
(d) drink-driving	No	Yes
(e) screening and brief interventions for risky patterns of alcohol use and treatment of alcohol use disorders	No	Yes

11.a) Since 2019, have there been any changes to the level of dedicated governmental resources (financial and/or human resources) for the implementation of high-impact alcohol policies at the national level? **Check (✓) one only.**

- No dedicated governmental resources
- Resources have decreased significantly
- Resources have decreased slightly
- Resources have not changed
- Resources have increased slightly
- Resources have increased significantly

11.b) Since 2019, have there been any changes to the allocation of governmental resources to NGOs (financial and/or human resources) for the implementation of high-impact alcohol policies at the national level? **Check (✓) one only.**

- No dedicated NGO resources
- Resources have decreased significantly
- Resources have decreased slightly
- Resources have not changed
- Resources have increased slightly
- Resources have increased significantly

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12. Since 2019, have there been any changes to the level of enforcement of high-impact alcohol policies at the national level? **Check (✓) one only.**

-
- Enforcement has decreased significantly Enforcement has decreased slightly Enforcement has not changed Enforcement has increased slightly Enforcement has increased significantly

13.a) Do you have in place or have you introduced a mechanism to provide for dedicated funding, separate from the national budget, for reducing the harmful use of alcohol? **Check (✓) the appropriate column for each row.**

	No mechanism to provide these revenues to reduce the harmful use of alcohol	Already in place before 2019	Introduced since 2019
Dedicated revenues from alcohol taxes			
Dedicated revenues from alcohol production			
Dedicated revenues from alcohol sales			
Dedicated revenues from other sources			

13.b) Do you have in place or have you introduced a mechanism to provide for dedicated funding, separate from the national budget, for alcohol treatment? **Check (✓) the appropriate column for each row.**

	No mechanism to provide these revenues to alcohol treatment	Already in place before 2019	Introduced since 2019
Dedicated revenues from alcohol taxes			
Dedicated revenues from alcohol production			
Dedicated revenues from alcohol sales			
Dedicated revenues from other sources			

Comments:

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14.a) Have you developed and introduced, enacted, implemented, or maintained the implementation of a policy in the following areas? **Check (✓) one answer each only.**

[Developed and introduced means the policy is approved by a national governmental authority.

Enacted means the policy was placed into law by a legislature

Implemented means the country has started taking specific steps to implement the policy.

Maintained the implementation of means maintained sufficient resources to continue implementation of a policy already enacted and implemented prior to 2019.]

Policy area	No policies in this area	Developed and introduced the policy	Enacted the policy	Implemented the policy	Maintained implementation of the policy
Affordability					
Alcohol excise taxes					
Adjusting alcohol excise taxes for inflation					
Advertising and marketing					
National ban on alcohol advertising in all venues					
Ban/restrictions on alcohol advertising on television					
Ban/restrictions on alcohol advertising on radio					
Ban/restrictions on alcohol advertising in print media					
Ban/restrictions on alcohol advertising on billboards or outdoors					
Ban/restrictions on alcohol advertising at the point of sale					
Ban/restrictions on alcohol advertising in cinemas					
Ban/restrictions on alcohol advertising online (including social media)					
Availability					
Licensing or monopolies					
Days of alcohol sales					
Hours of alcohol sales					
Alcohol outlet density					
Legal minimum purchase age					
Commercial host liability					
Drink-driving					
Blood alcohol concentration limits					
Random breath testing and/or sobriety checkpoints					
Screening and brief interventions					
Healthcare services providing screening and brief interventions for alcohol					

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IN ONLINE VERSION, ONLY DISPLAY ROWS FOR POLICIES REPORTED IN 14.a) AND DO NOT DISPLAY COLUMN FOR NO POLICIES IN THIS AREA.

14.b) The previous question asked the current status of your alcohol policies. We are now interested in **changes since 2019**. Since 2019, have you introduced, enacted, or maintained the implementation of a policy in the following areas? **Check (✓) one answer each only.**

[**Developed and introduced** means the policy is under active consideration by legislative or parliamentary body.
Enacted means the policy was placed into law by a legislative or parliamentary body
Implemented means the country has started taking specific steps to implement the policy.
Maintained the implementation of means maintained sufficient resources for policy implementation.]

Policy area	No policies in this area	No changes for the policy since 2019	Developed and introduced the policy since 2019	Enacted the policy since 2019	Implemented the policy since 2019	Maintained implementation of the policy since 2019
Affordability						
Alcohol excise taxes						
Adjusting alcohol excise taxes for inflation						
Advertising and marketing						
National ban on alcohol advertising in all venues						
Ban/restrictions on alcohol advertising on television						
Ban/restrictions on alcohol advertising on radio						
Ban/restrictions on alcohol advertising in print media						
Ban/restrictions on alcohol advertising on billboards or outdoors						
Ban/restrictions on alcohol advertising at the point of sale						
Ban/restrictions on alcohol advertising in cinemas						
Ban/restrictions on alcohol advertising online (including social media)						
Availability						
Licensing/monopolies						
Days of alcohol sales						
Hours of alcohol sales						
Alcohol outlet density						
Legal minimum purchase age						
Commercial host liability						
Drink-driving						
Blood alcohol concentration limits						
Random breath testing and/or sobriety checkpoints						
Screening and brief interventions						
Healthcare services providing screening and brief interventions for alcohol						

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Definition of an alcoholic beverage

15.a) In your country, is there a standard legal definition of an alcoholic beverage that is mandated in statute by your government?

No → **SKIP TO Q16.a)**

Yes

15.b) If YES, how much alcohol (as a percentage) must a beverage contain to be subject to your country's alcohol policies?

|_|_|_|_| % alcohol

15.c) If YES, does this definition apply to all types of alcoholic beverages?

No → **Please specify which types of alcoholic beverages are excluded.**

Yes

15.d) If YES, does this definition apply to all alcohol policies?

No → **Please specify which alcohol policies are excluded:**

Yes

16.a) In your country, is there a definition of a standard drink used at the national level?

No → **SKIP TO Q17.a)**

Yes

16.b) How much is a standard drink in your country? *Please enter the appropriate value and then check (✓) the unit of measurement.*

Value: |_|_|_|_|.|_|_|_|_|

Unit of measurement:

Grams

Millilitres

Ounces

Other, please specify: _____

17.a) In your country, are there officially recommended low-risk drinking guidelines for the general population at the national level?

No → **SKIP TO Q18.a)**

No, but such guidelines are published by non-governmental organizations or academic institutions → **SKIP TO Q18.a)**

Yes, adopted by the government or delegated to competent authority

17.b) If YES, what are the officially recommended low-risk drinking guidelines per day? *Please enter the recommended maximum consumption per day for males and females and then check (✓) the appropriate unit of measurement.*

For males: |_|_|_|_|_|

For females: |_|_|_|_|_|

Standard drinks

Grams of pure alcohol

No recommended low-risk drinking guidelines per day

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- 17.c) If YES, what are the officially recommended low-risk drinking guidelines per week?
Please enter the recommended maximum consumption per week for males and females and then check (✓) the appropriate unit of measurement.

For males: |__|__|__|

For females: |__|__|__|

- Standard drinks
 Grams of pure alcohol
 No recommended low-risk drinking guidelines per week

- 17.d) If YES, what is the officially recommended number of days per week without drinking alcohol? *Please enter the recommended number of days per week for males and females.*

For males: |__|

For females: |__|

- No recommendation for number of days per week without drinking alcohol

Comments:

Alcohol availability

Monopoly and licensing

- 18.a) Do you have a government monopoly? *Circle the appropriate answers. If subnational, please report the per cent of your country's population that is covered by a monopoly.*

[Government monopoly means full or almost complete government control.]

	Beer			Wine			Spirits		
Monopoly on import	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; __ __ %	No	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; __ __ %	No	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; __ __ %	No
Monopoly on production	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; __ __ %	No	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; __ __ %	No	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; __ __ %	No
Monopoly on wholesales/distribution	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; __ __ %	No	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; __ __ %	No	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; __ __ %	No
Monopoly on retail sales	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; __ __ %	No	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; __ __ %	No	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; __ __ %	No
Monopoly on export	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; __ __ %	No	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; __ __ %	No	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; __ __ %	No

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18.b) Do you have alcohol-specific licensing? *Circle the appropriate answer(s). If subnational, please report the per cent of your country's population that is covered by alcohol-specific licensing.*

[Licensing means partial government control where a license is required.]

[Alcohol-specific licensing includes licenses that are specific to alcohol outlets; it does not include general business licenses or permits.]

	Beer			Wine			Spirits		
License for import	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; _____%	No	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; _____%	No	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; _____%	No
License for production	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; _____%	No	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; _____%	No	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; _____%	No
License on wholesales/distribution	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; _____%	No	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; _____%	No	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; _____%	No
License for retail sales	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; _____%	No	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; _____%	No	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; _____%	No
License for export	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; _____%	No	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; _____%	No	Yes, national	Yes, subnational; _____%	No

Restrictions in public environments

19. Please provide information on the extent to which alcohol consumption is restricted for all persons in different public environments in your country at the **national level**. **Check (✓) the appropriate column.**

[Total ban means that no alcoholic beverages can be consumed in those locations; they are always alcohol-free by law.]

[Partial ban means that certain alcoholic beverages are forbidden, drinking alcoholic beverages is forbidden during some times, or some but not all offices/ buildings/ places in the category of places are alcohol-free (e.g., alcohol consumption is forbidden at secondary schools but not on university campuses). Please exclude single-day bans (e.g., drinking is forbidden on a holiday).]

A **subnational authority** is a governmental unit below the national level (as in many federal systems) to which the national government has devolved policymaking authority.]

	Total ban	Partial ban	No restriction	Subnational authority
Health care outlets				
Public transport				
Parks (including public beaches), streets				
Sporting events				
Government workplaces (e.g., departments/ministries, hospitals, schools, universities, etc.)				

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Temporal availability

20.a) Are policies on the hours and days of alcohol sales set (at the national or subnational level)?

- No, no restrictions on alcohol hours and days of sale (neither at the national nor subnational level) → **SKIP TO Q21.a)**
- Yes, subnational restrictions on hours and days of alcohol sales → **SKIP TO Q21.a)**
- Yes, national restrictions on alcohol hours and days of sale
- Yes, subnational and national restrictions on hours and days of alcohol sales

20.b) **If YES to any national restrictions**, does your country have national restrictions on hours and days of sale for the following types of outlets and alcoholic beverages? **Circle the appropriate responses.**

[On-premise sales means serving alcohol for customers to consume while they are in the establishment. On-premise outlets include cafes, pubs, bars, restaurants, and hotels, among others.]

[Off-premise sales means selling alcohol for the consumer to take-away and drink somewhere else. Off-premise outlets include retailers such as stores, shops, supermarkets, and petrol stations, depending on national legislation.]

[Restrictions on hours of sales refers to any limits based on the times that alcohol may be sold within a 24-hour period.]

[Restrictions on days of sales means any limits on the days on which outlets may sell alcohol during a regular seven-day week. Please do not include sales on holidays.]

	Beer		Wine		Spirits	
Hours of sales						
On-premise outlets	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Off-premise outlets	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Days of sales						
On-premise outlets	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Off-premise outlets	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes

20.c) **If YES to any national restrictions on hours of sale**, for the outlet with the longest hours of sale, what are the opening and closing hours (hour and minute format) on their longest day?

	On-premise outlets	Off-premise outlets
Opening hour	__ : __ <input type="checkbox"/> AM <input type="checkbox"/> PM	__ : __ <input type="checkbox"/> AM <input type="checkbox"/> PM
Closing hour	__ : __ <input type="checkbox"/> AM <input type="checkbox"/> PM	__ : __ <input type="checkbox"/> AM <input type="checkbox"/> PM
Stages of the day (e.g. dawn, sunset)	<input type="checkbox"/> Licensing times use stages of the day (e.g. dawn, sunset) rather than hours	<input type="checkbox"/> Licensing times use stages of the day (e.g. dawn, sunset) rather than hours

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20.d) If **YES** to any national restrictions on days of sale, what is the minimum and maximum number of days outlets are allowed to sell alcohol during a normal seven-day week? Please indicate the number of days and the type of establishment.

On-premise outlets		Off-premise outlets	
Minimum number of days	Maximum number of days	Minimum number of days	Maximum number of days
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 day <input type="checkbox"/> 2 days <input type="checkbox"/> 3 days <input type="checkbox"/> 4 days <input type="checkbox"/> 5 days <input type="checkbox"/> 6 days <input type="checkbox"/> All 7 days	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 day <input type="checkbox"/> 2 days <input type="checkbox"/> 3 days <input type="checkbox"/> 4 days <input type="checkbox"/> 5 days <input type="checkbox"/> 6 days <input type="checkbox"/> All 7 days	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 day <input type="checkbox"/> 2 days <input type="checkbox"/> 3 days <input type="checkbox"/> 4 days <input type="checkbox"/> 5 days <input type="checkbox"/> 6 days <input type="checkbox"/> All 7 days	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 day <input type="checkbox"/> 2 days <input type="checkbox"/> 3 days <input type="checkbox"/> 4 days <input type="checkbox"/> 5 days <input type="checkbox"/> 6 days <input type="checkbox"/> All 7 days
Type of establishment: _____	Type of establishment: _____	Type of establishment: _____	Type of establishment: _____

Location restrictions

21.a) Are policies on the locations of alcohol sales and alcohol outlet density set (at the national or subnational level)? Check (✓) the appropriate row for each column.

	Locations of alcohol sales	Alcohol outlet density
No restrictions		
Subnational		
National		

IF BOTH LOCATIONS OF ALCOHOL SALES AND ALCOHOL OUTLET DENSITY ARE “NO RESTRICTIONS” OR “SUBNATIONAL”, SKIP TO Q25.

21.b) If **YES** to national restrictions, does your country have national restrictions on locations of sale and/or alcohol outlet density of sale for the following types of alcohol outlets and beverages? **Circle the appropriate responses.**

Locations of sales means places where alcohol may be sold by outlets/retailers. Please do not include minimum distance requirements between alcohol outlets and sensitive locations (e.g., must be at least 500 metres from a school). Please also do not include restrictions on the location of consumption (only the location of sale).

Density of outlets means the number or concentration of on-premise outlets in a given geographic area (e.g. one establishment per every 1,000 persons).]

	Beer		Wine		Spirits	
Locations of alcohol outlets						
On-premise outlets	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Off-premise outlets	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Density of alcohol outlets						
On-premise outlets	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Off-premise outlets	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes

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22.a) **If YES to national restrictions on locations of alcohol outlets**, is the sale of alcoholic beverages permitted on the premises of the following? **Check (✓) all that apply.**

- Addiction treatment facilities
- Beauty salons
- Elementary and secondary schools
- Healthcare facilities or hospitals
- Houses of worship
- Movie theatres
- Playgrounds
- Postsecondary schools
- Public parks
- Recreation centres
- Workplaces
- None of the above *(do not select other options)*

22.b) **If YES to national restrictions on locations of alcohol outlets**, is the sale of alcoholic beverages for off-site consumption permitted at the following locations? **Check (✓) all that apply.**

- Corner/convenience stores
- Drug stores
- Grocery stores
- Petrol stations
- None of the above *(do not select other options)*

23. **If YES to national restrictions on density of alcohol outlets**, what is the least restrictive limit on the density of on- and/or off-premise outlets?

On-Premise outlets	Off-premise outlets
_ _ _ _ ESTABLISHMENT(S)	_ _ _ _ ESTABLISHMENT(S)
PER <input type="checkbox"/> Population → _ _ _ _ , _ _ _ _ people <input type="checkbox"/> Land area → _ _ _ _ , _ _ _ _ <input type="checkbox"/> Square kilometres <input type="checkbox"/> Square miles	PER <input type="checkbox"/> Population → _ _ _ _ , _ _ _ _ people <input type="checkbox"/> Land area → _ _ _ _ , _ _ _ _ <input type="checkbox"/> Square kilometres <input type="checkbox"/> Square miles

24. **If YES to national restrictions**, does your country restrict alcohol sales during specific events (e.g. sporting events)? **Circle the appropriate responses.**

Beer	No	Yes
Wine	No	Yes
Spirits	No	Yes

Population-specific restrictions

25.a) Are the legal age limits at which people may purchase alcohol set at the national level in your country?

[Legal age limit means that alcoholic beverages cannot be purchased by a person under this age]

- No, they are set at the subnational level → **SKIP TO 25.c)**
- Yes, they are set at the national level
- There are no age limits → **SKIP TO Q27**

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25.b) What are the legal age limits at the **national level**, for the following? *Enter the age limit (in years) or check "None" if there is no age limit.*

	On-premise purchase (e.g., cafe, pub, bar, restaurant)	Off-premise purchase (take-away in e.g., store, shop, supermarket)
Beer	_ _ years <input type="checkbox"/> None	_ _ years <input type="checkbox"/> None
Wine	_ _ years <input type="checkbox"/> None	_ _ years <input type="checkbox"/> None
Spirits	_ _ years <input type="checkbox"/> None	_ _ years <input type="checkbox"/> None

25.c) If **YES to age limits at the subnational level**, what are the legal age limits for the following? *Enter the lowest age at which alcohol can be purchased (in years) or "None" if there is no age limit in at least one subnational unit.*

	On-premise purchase (e.g., cafe, pub, bar, restaurant)	Off-premise purchase (take-away in e.g., store, shop, supermarket)
Beer	_ _ years <input type="checkbox"/> None	_ _ years <input type="checkbox"/> None
Wine	_ _ years <input type="checkbox"/> None	_ _ years <input type="checkbox"/> None
Spirits	_ _ years <input type="checkbox"/> None	_ _ years <input type="checkbox"/> None

26.a) Is there an agency (or agencies) in your country mandated to enforce age limits?

- No → **SKIP TO Q28**
 Yes

26.b) What is that agency (or agencies)? **Check (✓) all that apply.**

- Police
 Liquor law enforcement agency
 Ministry of Trade, Industry, or Commerce
 NGO or independent body
 Public health agency or related commission
 Tax revenue or customs office
 None of the above (do not select other options)

26.c) How are infringements on age limits detected? **Check (✓) all that apply.**

- Active surveillance by mandated agency (e.g. regular compliance checks)
 Government complaint system
 Case-by-case reporting
 None of the above (do not select other options)

26.d) What are the penalties for infringements on age limits? **Check (✓) all that apply.**

- Closing the establishment for a specified period of time (e.g. suspension or removal of license to operate)
 Commercial host liability for downstream effects (e.g. minor who has been served or sold alcohol injures third party, third party can sue the seller)
 Fines
 Incarceration for a specified period of time
 Requiring employees to take training
 Warning
 None of the above (do not select other options)
 No penalties (do not select other options)

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27. Does your country have restrictions on on-premise sales to intoxicated persons at the national level? **Circle the appropriate answers.**

Beer	No	Yes
Wine	No	Yes
Spirits	No	Yes

Remote ordering of alcohol

28. Does your country ban or regulate remote ordering of alcohol?

[Remote ordering of alcohol includes the purchase of alcohol through a virtual outlet for delivery.]

- No, it is unregulated → **SKIP TO Q33.a)**
- Yes, it is banned → **SKIP TO Q33.a)**
- Yes, it is regulated

29. How can customers purchase alcohol remotely in your country? **Circle the appropriate answers.**

	Beer		Wine		Spirits	
a. By mail	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
b. By phone call or text message	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
c. By computer or tablet	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
d. By mobile phone	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes

30. Is the home delivery of remotely ordered alcoholic beverages permitted? **Circle the appropriate answers.**

	Beer		Wine		Spirits	
For on-premise sellers	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
For off-premise sellers	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes

31. **IF ANY YES**, how can remotely ordered alcoholic beverages be delivered? **Circle the appropriate answers.**

	Beer		Wine		Spirits	
Only by the licensed stores or outlets	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
By third-party non-postal delivery services (e.g. ride-sharing services or taxicabs)	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
By a postal or mail delivery company	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes

IN ONLINE VERSION, ONLY DISPLAY IF YES TO Q25.a)

32. **If YES to a national age limit (please see Q25.a)**, at the point of delivery, is the delivery person required to confirm the purchaser's age?

- No
- Yes

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Unrecorded alcohol

33.a) Do you have any national legislation in your country to prevent **unrecorded** alcohol production and/or sale? **Circle the appropriate answers.**

[**Unrecorded alcohol** means alcohol which is not taxed and is outside the usual system of governmental control, such as home or informally produced alcohol (legal or illegal), smuggled alcohol, surrogate alcohol (which is alcohol not intended for human consumption), or alcohol obtained through cross-border shopping (which is recorded in a different jurisdiction).]

	Beer		Wine		Spirits	
To prevent unrecorded production	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
To prevent unrecorded distribution and sale	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes

33.b) Do you have any national legislation in your country to prevent **smuggling**?

- No
- Yes

Monitoring and enforcement

34.a) Beyond age limits, is there an agency or agencies mandated to enforce alcohol sales laws/restrictions? *For laws/restrictions, please include those on monopolies/licensing, hours and days of sale, alcohol establishment locations and density, remote ordering of alcohol, and unrecorded alcohol.*

- No → **SKIP TO Q35**
- Yes

34.b) What is that agency (or agencies)? **Check (✓) all that apply.**

- Police or traffic safety
- Liquor law enforcement agency
- Ministry of Trade, Industry, or Commerce
- NGO or independent body
- Public health agency or related commission
- Tax revenue or customs office
- None of the above (do not select other options)

34.c) How are infringements on alcohol sales restrictions detected? **Check (✓) all that apply.**

- Active surveillance by mandated agency
- Government complaint system
- Case-by-case reporting
- None of the above (do not select other options)

34.d) What are the penalties for infringements on alcohol sales restrictions? **Check (✓) all that apply.**

- Closing the establishment for a specified period of time (e.g. suspension or removal of license to operate)
- Fines
- Incarceration for a specified period of time
- Requiring employees to take training
- Warning
- None of the above (do not select other options)
- No penalties (*do not select other options*)

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35. How would you rate the level of compliance for licensing and restrictions on hours, days, locations, density, and unrecorded alcohol on a scale from 1-10 with 1 being the least compliance and 10 being the highest compliance?

IN ONLINE VERSION, ONLY DISPLAY THE QUESTIONS RELEVANT BASED ON RESPONSES ABOVE

Licensing of outlets	_ _ _	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A – No licensing at the retail level
Hours of sales	_ _ _	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A – No restrictions on hours of sale
Days of sales	_ _ _	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A – No restrictions on days of sale
Locations of sales	_ _ _	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A – No restrictions on locations of sale
Density of outlets	_ _ _	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A – No restrictions on density of outlets
Unrecorded alcohol	_ _ _	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A – No restrictions on illicit/informal alcohol

Comments:

Price and tax measures

Alcohol taxes

36. In the following sections, we will ask you about taxation on beer, wine, and spirits. If there is an “other” alcoholic beverage that is taxed differently from these, please specify that beverage.

Name: _____ |____|____|.____| alcohol by volume (ABV)

- 37.a) In your country, how are alcoholic beverages taxed?

- Alcoholic beverages are not taxed at all → **SKIP TO Q38**
 Alcoholic beverages are taxed at the national level
 Alcoholic beverages are taxed nationally and subnationally
 Alcoholic beverages are only taxed subnationally → **SKIP TO Q38**

- 37.b) Do you have an alcohol excise tax? **Check (✓) all that apply.**

[Alcohol excise taxes are taxes placed solely on alcoholic beverages that can be paid by the consumer, retailer, distributor, wholesaler and/or producer. They are either: 1) not applied to other goods or 2) a tax that, when applied to alcohol, is applied at a higher rate than when the tax is applied to other products.]

- Beer
 Wine
 Spirits
 Other, as reported in Q36
 No excise tax on alcoholic beverages (*do not select other responses*) → **SKIP TO Q37.f)**

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37.c) Within each category for the **most commonly-sold beverage**, is your alcohol excise tax: *Check (✓) all that apply.*

	Beer	Wine	Spirits	Other
Based on the volume or weight of pure alcohol (e.g., \$0.50 per every 14 grams of pure alcohol) – “ specific ”	<input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes			
Based on the total volume of the alcoholic beverage, regardless of its alcohol content (e.g., \$1.00 per every 50 cc bottle) – “ unitary ”	<input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes			
Based on the value of the product (e.g., 10% of price) – “ ad valorem ”	<input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes			

ASK Q37.d) IF AT LEAST ONE SPECIFIC OR UNITARY TAX REPORTED IN Q37c) ONLY DISPLAY ROWS FOR BEVERAGES WITH A SPECIFIC OR UNITARY TAX.

37.d) Does your country’s legislation require the applicable alcohol excise tax to be adjusted automatically (e.g., for inflation, wages, or gross domestic product) at regular intervals (e.g., once a year)?

- i. Beer: No Yes
- ii. Wine: No Yes
- iii. Spirits: No Yes
- iv. Other: No Yes

37.e) If **YES to adjusting alcohol excise taxes for inflation**, what is the last year in which the alcohol excise taxes were adjusted?

Beer: |__|__|__|__|
Wine: |__|__|__|__|
Spirits: |__|__|__|__|
Other: |__|__|__|__|

37.f) **Value-added taxes (VATs)** and **sales taxes** are applied to a wide range of goods and services that may or may not include alcoholic beverages. Do you have a value-added tax (VAT) or another sales tax (such as goods and services tax, or a government sales tax) that includes alcoholic beverages? **Check (✓) all that apply.**

- Yes, VAT → Please specify: __ %
- Yes, sales tax → Please specify: __ %
- No VAT or sales tax (*do not select other options*)

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37.g) Does your government currently dedicate any amount of excise or proportion of the revenue from excise taxes applied on alcoholic beverages for any purpose (e.g., alcohol prevention programs, healthcare, recovery programs, dependency treatment, rehabilitation, mental health projects, support to the victims of harms)?

- No
 Yes

Other pricing policies

38. Do you use **duty-paid, excise or tax stamps or labels** on alcoholic beverage containers/bottles in your country?

- i. Beer: No Yes
 ii. Wine: No Yes
 iii. Spirits: No Yes

39.a) Do you have any **price measures** other than taxation in your country?

Other measures that affect prices may include:

[A **minimum unit price policy** for alcoholic beverages means a policy where a minimum price is set for a unit of alcohol, below which it cannot be sold. A minimum unit price policy is based on the volume of pure alcohol.]

A **minimum price policy** establishes a floor price below which a volume of alcoholic product (e.g., for a can or bottle of beer) cannot be sold in the off-trade market.

Below-cost selling means when retailers (including supermarkets) may not sell alcohol below what they paid for it.

Volume discounts are reductions in prices based on the quantity of alcohol purchased (e.g., 2-for-1, all-you-can-drink).]

- No Yes → If YES, **check (✓) all that apply:**

	Do not have this policy <i>(do not select other responses)</i>	Beer	Wine	Spirits
Minimum unit price policy				
Minimum price policy				
Ban on below-cost selling				
Ban on volume discounts				
Ban on time-based price promotions (e.g., “happy hours”)				
Ban on population-specific price promotions (e.g., “ladies’ nights, military specials, etc.)				
Requirement to offer non-alcoholic beverages at a lower price				
Ban on free alcoholic drink promotions				
Ban on coupons or other point-of-sale purchaser rebates for alcoholic beverages				
Additional levy on specific products (e.g., on alcopops or other youth-oriented beverages), please specify: _____				

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39.b) **If YES to minimum unit price policy**, what is the minimum price for the following alcoholic beverages?

[**Minimum unit price policy** for alcoholic beverages means a policy where a minimum price is set for a unit of alcohol, below which it cannot be sold (however units are defined in your country).]

	Minimum unit price per unit of pure alcohol <i>(in local currency)</i>
Beer (5% alcohol by volume)	_____ per litre of pure alcohol
Wine (12% alcohol by volume)	_____ per litre of pure alcohol
Spirits (40% alcohol by volume)	_____ per litre of pure alcohol
Other alcoholic beverage (as reported in Q36): _____	_____ per litre of pure alcohol

39.c) Please provide your country's definition of a unit: _____

39.d) **If YES to minimum price policy**, what is the minimum price for the following alcoholic beverages?

[**Minimum price policy** for alcoholic beverages means a policy where a minimum price is set below which alcoholic beverages cannot be sold (i.e., a floor price).]

	Minimum price per litre of alcohol <i>(in local currency)</i>
Beer (5% alcohol by volume)	_____ per litre of alcohol
Wine (12% alcohol by volume)	_____ per litre of alcohol
Spirits (40% alcohol by volume)	_____ per litre of alcohol
Other alcoholic beverage (as reported in Q36): _____	_____ per litre of alcohol

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Affordability

40. What are the retail prices of the most commonly-sold brands of alcohol in off-premise outlets, inclusive of all taxes and in local currency, if possible, in the most populous area of your country?

[Table wine means wine made from grapes (12-14% ABV)].

	Quantity in cL	Reference brand (most commonly-sold brand)	Retail price (in local currency)
Beer			
Table wine/ordinary wine			
Spirits Most commonly-sold type of spirits: <input type="checkbox"/> Bourbon <input type="checkbox"/> Brandy <input type="checkbox"/> Cognac <input type="checkbox"/> Gin or Geneva <input type="checkbox"/> Liqueurs <input type="checkbox"/> Rum <input type="checkbox"/> Scotch <input type="checkbox"/> Tafia <input type="checkbox"/> Tequila <input type="checkbox"/> Vodka <input type="checkbox"/> Whisk(e)y <input type="checkbox"/> Other, please specify: _____			
Other alcoholic beverage (as reported in Q36): _____			

41. For countries with taxes placed solely on alcoholic beverages, what percentage of the off-premise retail price of the most commonly-sold brand is taxes?

Most commonly-sold brand of beer	Most commonly-sold brand of table wine/ordinary wine	Most commonly-sold brand of spirits
<input type="checkbox"/> ≤25% of retail price is tax <input type="checkbox"/> 26–50% of retail price is tax <input type="checkbox"/> 51–75% of retail price is tax <input type="checkbox"/> >75% of retail price is tax	<input type="checkbox"/> ≤25% of retail price is tax <input type="checkbox"/> 26–50% of retail price is tax <input type="checkbox"/> 51–75% of retail price is tax <input type="checkbox"/> >75% of retail price is tax	<input type="checkbox"/> ≤25% of retail price is tax <input type="checkbox"/> 26–50% of retail price is tax <input type="checkbox"/> 51–75% of retail price is tax <input type="checkbox"/> >75% of retail price is tax

Monitoring and enforcement of pricing policies

42.a) Is there an agency or agencies in your country mandated to enforce alcohol pricing policies?

- No → **SKIP TO Q43.a)**
 Yes

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42.b) What is that agency (or agencies)? **Check (✓) all that apply.**

- Police
- Liquor law enforcement agency
- Tax revenue or customs office
- National Competition Authority
- Ministry of Trade, Industry, or Commerce
- NGO or independent body
- Public health agency or related commission
- None of the above (do not select other options)

42.c) How are infringements on alcohol pricing policies detected? **Check (✓) all that apply.**

- Active surveillance by mandated agency
- Government complaint system
- Case by case reporting
- Monitoring by NGO
- Monitoring by NGOs with reward for each infraction
- None of the above (do not select other options)

Comments:

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Marketing

Restrictions on alcohol advertising and product placement

43.a) Please specify the restrictions on **alcohol advertising/product placement for BEER**.

[Legally-binding ban means that no alcohol advertising is allowed on that media type at any time or location. If you check “legally-binding ban,” do not check other columns.

Partial legally-binding ban means that there is a law or government regulation that applies during a certain time of day or for a certain place, or to the content of events, programmes, magazines, films, etc.

Voluntary/self-regulated means that the alcoholic beverage industry follows its internal voluntary rules. If you check “voluntary/self-regulated,” do not check other columns.

No legally-binding restriction or bans means that alcohol advertising is not regulated at all on that media type. If you check “no legally-binding restriction or bans,” do not check other columns.

Video streaming services means an online provider of entertainment (movies, live events, news, etc.) that delivers the content via an internet connection to the subscriber’s computer, TV, or mobile device.

Advertising supplements are newspapers or magazines that accompany the main publication but instead of featuring editorial or news articles, feature advertising.

E-sports are video games that are played in a highly-organized, competitive environment; they are also known as organized competitive video gaming.]

If the same restrictions apply to beer, wine, and spirits, **please use Table 43.a) below ONLY**. If there are variations, then **please use Table 43.a) for beer, Table 43.c) for wine, and Table 43.d) for spirits**.

	Legally-binding ban	Partial legally-binding ban <i>(Check all that apply)</i>			Only voluntary/self-regulated	No legally-binding restriction or bans
		Time	Place	Content		
Advertising:						
Public service/national TV						
Commercial/private/cable TV						
National radio						
Local radio						
Print media (newspapers etc.)						
Advertising supplements						
Billboards						
Points of sale						
Cinema						
Digital media, such as social media, mobile applications, streaming services						
E-sports						
Product placement:						
Public service/national TV						
Commercial/private/cable TV						
Films/movies						
Digital media, such as social media, mobile applications, streaming services						
E-sports						

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43.b) Are the advertising/product placement restrictions the same for beer, wine and spirits?

- Yes → **SKIP TO Q43.e)**
 No, they differ by beverage type → **CONTINUE TO Q43.c)**

43.c) Please specify the legally-binding restrictions on **alcohol advertising/product placement for WINE**.

	Legally-binding ban	Partial legally-binding ban <i>(Check all that apply)</i>			Only voluntary/self-regulated	No legally-binding restriction or bans
		Time	Place	Content		
Advertising:						
Public service/national TV						
Commercial/private TV						
National radio						
Local radio						
Print media (newspapers etc.)						
Advertising supplements						
Billboards						
Points of sale						
Cinema						
Digital media, such as social media, mobile applications, streaming services						
E-sports						
Product placement:						
Public service/national TV						
Commercial/private TV						
Films/movies						
Digital media, such as social media, mobile applications, streaming services						
E-sports						

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43.d) Please specify the legally-binding restrictions **on alcohol advertising/product placement for SPIRITS**.

	Legally-binding ban	Partial legally-binding ban (Check all that apply)			Only voluntary/self-regulated	No legally-binding restriction or bans
		Time	Place	Content		
Advertising:						
Public service/national TV						
Commercial/private TV						
National radio						
Local radio						
Print media (newspapers etc.)						
Advertising supplements						
Billboards						
Points of sale						
Cinema						
Digital media, such as social media, mobile applications, streaming services						
E-sports						
Product placement:						
Public service/national TV						
Commercial/private TV						
Films/movies						
Digital media, such as social media, mobile applications, streaming services						
E-sports						

43.e) If any restrictions on alcohol advertising/product placement for **digital media**, please provide a web link to the restrictions or upload the relevant document specifying them:

Comments:

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Restrictions on alcohol industry sponsorship

44.a) Please specify the legally-binding restrictions on **industry sponsorship for BEER**. Check (✓) the appropriate response, and do not include voluntary/self-regulation.

If the same restrictions apply to beer, wine, and spirits, **please use Table 44.a) below ONLY**. If there are variations, then **please use Table 44.a) for beer, Table 44.b) for wine, and Table 44.c) for spirits**.

Industry sponsorship of...	Legally-binding ban	Partial legally-binding ban	No legally-binding restriction
Sporting events (e.g. football, rugby)			
Youth events (e.g. concerts, parties)			

44.b) Please specify the legally-binding restrictions on **industry sponsorship for WINE**. Check (✓) the appropriate response, and do not include voluntary/self-regulation.

Industry sponsorship of...	Legally-binding ban	Partial legally-binding ban	No legally-binding restriction
Sporting events (e.g. football, rugby)			
Youth events (e.g. concerts, parties)			

44.c) Please specify the restrictions on **industry sponsorship for SPIRITS**. Check (✓) the appropriate response, and do not include voluntary/self-regulation.

Industry sponsorship of...	Legally binding ban	Partial legally-binding ban	No legally binding restriction
Sporting events (e.g., football, rugby)			
Youth events (e.g., concerts, parties)			

Cross-border marketing

45.a) Do you have a policy that addresses the effects of cross-border marketing of alcoholic beverages?

- No → **SKIP TO Q46.a)**
- Yes

45.b) Please provide a web link to the policy or upload a copy of the policy:

Monitoring and enforcement of marketing laws

46.a) Is there an agency or agencies in your country mandated to enforce alcohol marketing laws?

- No → **SKIP TO Q47**
- Yes

46.b) What is that agency (or agencies)? **Check (✓) all that apply**.

- Police
- Liquor law enforcement agency
- Tax revenue or customs office
- National Competition Authority
- Ministry of Trade, Industry, or Commerce
- Ministry of Communications or National Media Authority
- NGO or independent body
- Public health agency or related commission
- None of the above (do not select other options)

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46.c) How are infringements on alcohol marketing restrictions detected? **Check (✓) all that apply.**

- Active surveillance by mandated agency
- Government complaint system
- Case-by-case reporting
- Monitoring by NGO
- Monitoring by NGOs with reward for each infraction
- None of the above (do not select other options)

46.d) What are the penalties for infringements on marketing restrictions? **Check (✓) all that apply.**

- Warning
- Fines
- Removal of the advertisement in violation
- Company- or brand-specific ban on marketing in a particular type of media
- None of the above (do not select other options)
- No penalties (do not select other options)

Comments:

Drink-driving legislation

47. Does your country have national legislation setting a limit on how much people can drink before driving a vehicle?

- No → **SKIP to Q55**
- Yes

48. At the national level, what is the drink-driving limit based on? **Check (✓) one only.**

- Blood Alcohol Concentration (BAC)
- Breath Alcohol Concentration (BrAC) → **SKIP TO 49.b)**

49.a) **If drink-driving limit based on BAC, at the national level, what is the maximum legal blood alcohol concentration when driving a vehicle, for each of the following groups (e.g., 0.05%; usually, from 0% to 0.10%)? *Enter the BAC in %.***

- i. General population: 0.|_|_|_| % or g/100 ml
- ii. Young/novice drivers: 0.|_|_|_| % or g/100 ml
- iii. Professional/commercial drivers: 0.|_|_|_| % or g/100 ml
- iv. Motorcycle drivers: 0.|_|_|_| % or g/100 ml

49.b) **If drink-driving limit based on BrAC, at the national level, what is the maximum legal breath alcohol concentration when driving a vehicle, for each of the following groups (e.g., 0.24 mg/L usually, from 0 mg/L to 0.48 mg/L)? *Enter the BrAC in mg/L.***

- i. General population: 0.|_|_|_| mg/L
- ii. Young/novice drivers: 0.|_|_|_| mg/L
- iii. Professional/commercial drivers: 0.|_|_|_| mg/L
- iv. Motorcycle drivers: 0.|_|_|_| mg/L

50. Please provide a link or upload a PDF of the drink-driving law that sets these limits:

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51. What are the **penalties for drink-driving** in your country? **Check (✓) all that apply.**

	First offense		Repeated offense	
	No	Yes	No	Yes
Fines (flat rate)	No	Yes	No	Yes
Fines (progressive according to income)	No	Yes	No	Yes
Fines (progressive based on severity)	No	Yes	No	Yes
Penalty points	No	Yes	No	Yes
Short-term detention	No	Yes	No	Yes
Vehicle impounded	No	Yes	No	Yes
Mandatory alcohol treatment	No	Yes	No	Yes
Mandatory education and counselling	No	Yes	No	Yes
Driving license suspension	No	Yes	No	Yes
Driving license revoked	No	Yes	No	Yes
Imprisonment	No	Yes	No	Yes
Community/public service	No	Yes	No	Yes
Ignition interlock	No	Yes	No	Yes

52. What are the strategies used to **prevent** drink-driving in your country? **Check (✓) all that apply.**

[Sobriety checkpoints means checkpoints or roadblocks established by the police on public roadways to control for drink-driving.

Random breath testing means that any driver can be stopped by the police at any time to test the breath for alcohol consumption.

Graduated licensing means once the initial eye and written tests are passed for a new licence, a new driver gets a restricted licence. These restrictions mainly pertain to zero tolerance around alcohol and drug use and may limit the time of day one can drive as well as the class of roads where one can drive. This process is designed to give new drivers time to practice and gain driving experience over time, and must often be completed within five years.]

- a. Sobriety checkpoints No Yes
- b. Random breath testing No Yes
- c. Graduated licensing No Yes

53. If **YES to sobriety checkpoints or random breath testing**, how frequently do these activities occur in the most populous area of your country? **Check (✓) one only in each column.**

Sobriety checkpoints	Random breath testing
<input type="checkbox"/> At least monthly	<input type="checkbox"/> At least monthly
<input type="checkbox"/> At least quarterly but not monthly	<input type="checkbox"/> At least quarterly but not monthly
<input type="checkbox"/> At least semi-annually but not quarterly	<input type="checkbox"/> At least semi-annually but not quarterly
<input type="checkbox"/> At least annually but not semi-annually	<input type="checkbox"/> At least annually but not semi-annually

54.a) Is there an agency or agencies in your country mandated to enforce drink-driving laws?

No → **SKIP TO Q55**

Yes

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54.b) What is that agency (or agencies)? **Check (✓) all that apply.**

- Police or traffic safety
- Liquor law enforcement agency
- Tax revenue or customs office
- National Competition Authority
- Ministry of Trade, Industry, or Commerce
- NGO or independent body
- Public health agency or related commission
- None of the above (do not select other options)

Comments:

Community action

55.) Do local communities have the legal authority to regulate the density of alcohol outlets?

- No Yes

56.a) Do local communities have the legal authority to regulate the hours of sale for alcohol outlets?

- No Yes

56.b) Do local communities have the legal authority to regulate the days of sale for alcohol outlets?

- No Yes

Comments:

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Health warnings and consumer information

57.a) Have you developed and introduced, enacted, implemented, or maintained the implementation of a policy on legally-required health warnings or consumer information in your country at the national level?

[Developed and introduced means the policy is approved by a national governmental authority.

Enacted means the policy was placed into law by a legislature

Implemented means the country has started taking specific steps to implement the policy.

Maintained the implementation of means maintained sufficient resources to continue implementation of a policy already enacted and implemented prior to 2019.]

Policy area	No policies in this area (Do not check other columns)	Have policies in this area (Check (✓) all that apply)			
		Developed and introduced the policy	Enacted the policy	Implemented the policy	Maintained implementation of the policy
Health warnings legally required on alcohol advertisements					
Health warnings legally required on the containers/bottles of alcoholic beverages					
Consumer information (e.g., calories, vitamins, additives, allergens) on the labels of alcohol containers					

57.b) If **YES to health warnings on advertisements or containers/bottles**, is there a national legal requirement for health warnings regarding any of the following? **Check all that apply.**

Warning label topic	Advertisements		Containers/bottles	
i. Pregnancy	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes
ii. Underage drinking	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes
iii. Drink-driving	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes
iv. Operating heavy machinery	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes
v. Violence	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes
vi. Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes
vii. General health warning	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes
viii. Addiction	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes
ix. Brain damage	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes
x. Liver/pancreas	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes

57.c) If **YES to health warnings on advertisements or containers/bottles**, what is the text(s) of the legally required health warnings?

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57.d) If **YES to health warnings on advertisements or containers/bottles**, if multiple text options exist, is there a mandatory rotation of the text on a given product?

- No Yes

57.e) If **YES to health warnings on advertisements or containers/bottles**, are there any specific legislative requirements for the warning design?

- No Yes; please provide a web link to the legislative document or upload it:

57.f) Is there a national legal requirement to display **consumer information** (e.g., calories, vitamins, additives, allergens), alcohol content and/or standard alcoholic drinks on the labels of alcohol containers?

	Beer		Wine		Spirits	
	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Energy content, calories, kilojoules	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Macronutrients, such as fats, carbohydrates, protein or fibre	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Salt	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Vitamins	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Minerals	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Ingredients	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Additives	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Allergens	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Alcohol content	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Number of standard alcoholic drinks	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes

58.a) In your country, is there any **mandatory** alcohol server training (for managers and/or servers of pubs, bars, restaurants) on a regular basis? **Check (✓) all that apply.**

Server training means a form of occupational training provided to people serving alcohol such as bar and restaurant staff, waiting staff or people serving at catered events. Alcohol server training promotes the safe service of alcoholic beverages to customers (e.g. not serving to intoxication, not serving to those already intoxicated or to minors). Alcohol server training can be regulated and mandated by state or local laws.]

	Servers	Managers
No (do not select other options)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Yes, organized by national government	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Yes, organized by the private sector	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

58.b) If any **YES to private sector**, was it developed or is it funded by the alcohol industry?

- No Yes

Comments:

GLOBAL SURVEY ON PROGRESS WITH SDG HEALTH TARGET 3.5 (2023)

Multi-sectoral action

59.a) Have you established a multisectoral national coordination mechanism?

[**Multisectoral** refers to engagement with one or more government sectors outside of health, such as finances, criminal justice, social welfare, etc.]

- No
- Yes

59.b) What is your multisectoral national coordination mechanism?

- Appointed national commission
- Inter-ministerial council
- Single high-level extra-departmental or extra-ministerial coordinator
- Task force at cabinet level
- Other, please specify: _____

59.c) Which of the following sectors are involved in the multisectoral coordination? **Check (✓)**
all that apply.

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Health | <input type="checkbox"/> Education |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Social Affairs | <input type="checkbox"/> Employment/Labour |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Criminal Justice | <input type="checkbox"/> Law enforcement/Public Security |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Transport/Road Safety | <input type="checkbox"/> Trade |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Finance/Taxation/Economy | <input type="checkbox"/> Agriculture |
| <input type="checkbox"/> National Anti-Drug Committee | <input type="checkbox"/> Media/Information/Culture |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other, please specify: _____ | |

Conflicts of interest

IN ONLINE VERSION, ONLY DISPLAY IF YES TO Q8.a)

60.a) If YES to written national policy on alcohol (please see Q8.a), does the written national policy explicitly exclude the alcohol industry from participation in decision-making processes within the context of alcohol policy development (beyond mandatory public consultations and hearings)?

[For the purpose of this questionnaire the term **alcohol industry** means manufacturers of alcoholic beverages, wholesale distributors, major retailers and importers that deal solely and exclusively in alcohol beverages or whose primary income comes from trade in alcohol beverages. In addition, the term alcohol industry includes business associations or other non-State actors representing or funded largely by any of the afore-mentioned entities, as well as alcohol industry lobbyists.]

- No
- Yes

IN ONLINE VERSION, ONLY DISPLAY IF YES TO Q8.a)

60.b) If YES to written national policy on alcohol (please see Q8.a), does the written national policy explicitly exclude the alcohol industry from involvement in developing, delivering and/or evaluating public health-oriented education, awareness and prevention campaigns and programmes?

[Apart from activities that are stringently within the roles of economic operators as developers, producers and distributors/sellers of alcoholic beverages as defined in the Global alcohol action plan 2022-2030]

- No
- Yes, excluded from developing
- Yes, excluded from delivering
- Yes, excluded from evaluating

GLOBAL SURVEY ON PROGRESS WITH SDG HEALTH TARGET 3.5 (2023)

60.c) In the relevant ministries dealing with alcohol policies, do you have written guidelines and/or other principles of conduct for policy makers, politicians and government officials in managing their interactions with alcohol industry entities and representatives?

- No Yes

60.d) Are policymakers required to disclose financial interests in alcohol production and trade if they are involved in alcohol policy making in any way?

- No Yes

60.e) Are alcohol industry entities and representatives required to disclose contributions to bodies responsible for developing, setting or implementing alcohol policies?

- No Yes

IN ONLINE VERSION, ONLY DISPLAY IF YES TO Q8.a)

60.f) If YES to written national policy on alcohol (please see Q8.a), does the written national policy explicitly exclude alcohol industry from funding or co-funding the development, setting, enforcing or overall evaluation of public health policies related to alcohol?

- No Yes

Alcohol policy monitoring and reporting

61.a) Between 2015 and 2022, were any national reports produced on alcohol consumption and alcohol-related harms?

- No, no national reports
 Yes, 1 national report
 Yes, 2 national reports
 Yes, 3 national reports or more

61.b) Is there regular national data collection and reporting on alcohol per capita consumption, alcohol-related harms, or the implementation of alcohol policies?

Type of data collection or reporting	Regular data collection?		If YES, how frequently does data collection occur?	Regular reporting?		If YES, how frequently does reporting occur?
	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes		<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	
Alcohol per capita consumption	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Annually <input type="checkbox"/> Biannually <input type="checkbox"/> Less frequently than every two years	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Annually <input type="checkbox"/> Biannually <input type="checkbox"/> Less frequently than every two years
Alcohol-related harms	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Annually <input type="checkbox"/> Biannually <input type="checkbox"/> Less frequently than every two years	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Annually <input type="checkbox"/> Biannually <input type="checkbox"/> Less frequently than every two years
Implementation of alcohol policies	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Annually <input type="checkbox"/> Biannually <input type="checkbox"/> Less frequently than every two years	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Annually <input type="checkbox"/> Biannually <input type="checkbox"/> Less frequently than every two years

GLOBAL SURVEY ON PROGRESS WITH SDG HEALTH TARGET 3.5 (2023)

62.a) Is there a national alcohol action plan that provides specific and measurable objectives or the implementation of high-impact alcohol policies (please see Q10)?

- No Yes

62.b) If YES, is there a set of national indicators for these objectives?

- No Yes

62.c) If YES, Is there a set of time-bound national targets for alcohol?

- No Yes

Awareness raising

63. Does your country have a national alcohol-related harm awareness day/week/month?

- No Yes

64. In the last three years, did you have any nationwide awareness-raising activities?

Check (✓) all that apply.

- Alcohol and pregnancy
- Alcohol at work
- Drink-driving
- For indigenous peoples
- Illegal/surrogate alcohol
- Impact of alcohol on cancer
- Impact of alcohol on other health issues
- Social harms (harms to others than the drinker)
- Young people's drinking
- None of the above (do not select other options)

Health service response

65. In your country, to what extent is treatment for Alcohol Use Disorders (AUDs) financially protected?

- Treatment for AUD is free at the point of delivery or fully reimbursed by health insurance
- Treatment for AUD is partly free or only partly covered by health insurance
- Treatment for AUD is not financially protected by any means

66. In your country, is screening and brief interventions (SBIs) for harmful use of alcohol part of the scope of routine health check-ups in primary health care?

- No Yes

67. In your country, do you have any data on SBIs service provision?

- No
- Yes; please provide a link to the database or upload any data you have:
-

COMMENTS

Section A: Alcohol consumption:

Section B: Surveys:

Section C: Alcohol policies:

THANK YOU FOR YOUR PARTICIPATION