

Sudan (Ages 13-15)

Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)

FACT SHEET



The Sudan GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Sudan could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Sudan GYTS was a school-based survey of students in 8th grade, 1st secondary grade and 2nd secondary grade

conducted in 2001. A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Sudan. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 94.0%, the class response rate was 100%, the student response rate was 94.2%, and the overall response rate was 88.5%. A total of 2783 students aged 13-15 participated in the Sudan GYTS.

Prevalence

- 17.1% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 25.6%, Girl = 9.5%)
- 16.6% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 16.6%, Girl = 11.6%)
- 6.1% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 10.8%, Girl = 1.9%)
- 13.5% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 17.2%, Girl = 10.4%)
- 22.3% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Knowledge and Attitudes

- 27.4% think boys and 17.1% think girls who smoke have more friends
- 23.9% think boys and 13.9% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

- 19.5% usually smoke at home
- 46.0% buy cigarettes in a store
- 75.7% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)

- 29.2% live in homes where others smoke
- 41.0% are around others who smoke in places outside their home
- 78.0% think smoking should be banned from public places
- 72.2% think smoke from others is harmful to them
- 22.5% have one or more parents who smoke
- 4.6% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

- 75.6% want to stop smoking
- 66.4% tried to stop smoking during the past year
- 77.1% have ever received help to stop smoking

Media and Advertising

- 75.1% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days
- 56.5% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days
- 58.4% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days
- 12.8% have an object with a cigarette brand logo
- 12.7% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

- 30.0% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking
- 25.7% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke
- 34.3% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

Highlights

- 16.6% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 6.1% currently smoke cigarettes; 13.5% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- SHS exposure is moderate – 3 in 10 students live in homes where others smoke; over 4 in 10 are exposed to smoke in public places; more than 1 in 5 students have parents who smoke.
- Over three-quarters of students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Almost 8 in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- Three-quarters of the smokers want to quit.
- One in 8 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- Three-quarters of students saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days; over half of students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards and almost 6 in 10 students saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines the past 30 days.

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