

Trinidad and Tobago (Ages 13-15)

Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)

FACT SHEET



The Trinidad and Tobago GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Trinidad and Tobago could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Trinidad and Tobago GYTS was a school-based survey of students in forms 1 through 5 conducted in 2000.

A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for Trinidad and Tobago. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 89.1%, the class response rate was 100.0%, the student response rate was 85.4%, and the overall response rate was 76.1%. A total of 2,115 students aged 13-15 participated in the Trinidad and Tobago GYTS.

Prevalence

37.9% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 45.6%, Girl = 30.1%)
 14.3% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 18.0%, Girl = 10.3%)
 12.0% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 16.0%, Girl = 7.6%)
 4.8% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 5.7%, Girl = 3.9%)
 13.4% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Knowledge and Attitudes

32.4% think boys and 18.6% think girls who smoke have more friends
 13.5% think boys and 7.7% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

33.7% usually smoke at home
 30.8% buy cigarettes in a store
 71.0% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)

37.2% live in homes where others smoke in their presence
 68.7% are around others who smoke in places outside their home
 84.7% think smoking should be banned from public places
 68.9% think smoke from others is harmful to them
 38.4% have one or more parents who smoke
 6.7% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

71.7% want to stop smoking
 76.0% tried to stop smoking during the past year
 54.3% have ever received help to stop smoking

Media and Advertising

77.9% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days
 83.8% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days
 80.1% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days
 19.1% have an object with a cigarette brand logo
 10.3% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

44.3% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking
 30.8% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke
 41.6% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

Highlights

- 14.3% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 12.0% currently smoke cigarettes; 4.8% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- SHS exposure is high – over one-third of the students live in homes where others smoke, and 7 in 10 students are exposed to smoke around others outside of the home; close to 2 in 5 students have at least one parent who smokes.
- Seven in 10 students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Over 8 in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- More than 7 in 10 current smokers want to stop smoking.
- One in 5 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- Over three-quarters of the students saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days; 8 in 10 students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards and in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.