Global Physical Activity Questionnaire (GPAQ)

Analysis Guide

Global Physical Activity Questionnaire (GPAQ) Analysis Guide

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1 Overview

Introduction

The Global Physical Activity Questionnaire was developed by WHO for physical activity surveillance in countries. It collects information on physical activity participation in three settings (or domains) as well as sedentary behaviour, comprising 16 questions (P1-P16). The domains are:

- Activity at work
- Travel to and from places
- Recreational activities

Using GPAQ

Prior to using GPAQ, you should review the question by question section. This section, which follows the actual questions, will guide the interviewer in asking the questions and recording responses.

When using GPAQ, all the questions must be asked. Skips of questions do ONLY apply to the corresponding day and time variables if P1, P4, P7, P10, or P13 have been answered negatively. Skipping any other questions or removing any of the domains will restrict the results that you will be able to calculate.

Administration of the GPAQ

The GPAQ has been developed for face-to-face interviews conducted by trained interviewers. It had been tested in large scale population-based surveys with the general adult population.

Show cards

It is advised that show cards be used when the GPAQ is administered. Show cards should be developed for each of the activity types covered by the GPAQ: vigorous and moderate activity at work, transport activity, vigorous and moderate activity during leisure time, as well as sitting. Show cards will help the respondents to know what activities are meant by each question. They should be showing typical physical activities for the setting that the GPAQ is used in. Examples of generic show cards that will need to be adapted to the local context can be found on the GPAQ website: http://www.who.int/chp/steps/GPAQ/en/index.html

GPAQ version 1 and 2

This document provides information on version 2 of GPAQ. It is advised that you use version 2 of GPAQ.

If you have already used GPAQ version 1 and need advise on analysing this information, please contact the STEPS team at steps@who.int.

Calculating and cleaning physical activity data

This document includes information on how to clean and analyse GPAQ data in general as well as specifically with the statistical package EpiInfo.

The coding column of GPAQ is used as a reference for all the calculations. If you insert this questionnaire into another questionnaire, you should not change the coding column.

Continued on next page

1 Overview, Continued

Metabolic Equivalent (MET)

METs (Metabolic Equivalents) are commonly used to express the intensity of physical activities, and are also used for the analysis of GPAQ data.

MET is the ratio of a person's working metabolic rate relative to the resting metabolic rate. One MET is defined as the energy cost of sitting quietly, and is equivalent to a caloric consumption of 1 kcal/kg/hour. For the analysis of GPAQ data, existing guidelines have been adopted: It is estimated that, compared to sitting quietly, a person's caloric consumption is four times as high when being moderately active, and eight times as high when being vigorously active.

Therefore, when calculating a person's overall energy expenditure using GPAQ data, 4 METs get assigned to the time spent in moderate activities, and 8 METs to the time spent in vigorous activities.

2 The questionnaire

Physical Activity

Next I am going to ask you about the time you spend doing different types of physical activity in a typical week. Please answer these questions even if you do not consider yourself to be a physically active person.

Think first about the time you spend doing work. Think of work as the things that you have to do such as paid or unpaid work, study/training, household chores, harvesting food/crops, fishing or hunting for food, seeking employment. [Insert other examples if needed]. In answering the following questions 'vigorous-intensity activities' are activities that require hard physical effort and cause large increases in breathing or heart rate, 'moderate-intensity activities' are activities that require moderate physical effort and cause small increases in breathing or heart rate.

Question	Response	Code	
Work			
Does your work involve vigorous-intensity activity that causes large increases in breathing or heart rate like [carrying or lifting heavy loads, digging or construction work] for at least 10 minutes continuously?	Yes 1 No 2 If No, go to P 4	P1	
[INSERT EXAMPLES] (USE SHOWCARD)			
In a typical week, on how many days do you do vigorous- intensity activities as part of your work?	Number of days	P2	
How much time do you spend doing vigorous-intensity activities at work on a typical day?	Hours : minutes LLL : LLLI hrs mins	P3 (a-b)	
Does your work involve moderate-intensity activity, that causes small increases in breathing or heart rate such as brisk walking [or carrying light loads] for at least 10 minutes continuously?	Yes 1	P4	
[INSERT EXAMPLES] (USE SHOWCARD)	No 2 If No, go to P 7		
In a typical week, on how many days do you do moderate-intensity activities as part of your work?	Number of days	P5	
How much time do you spend doing moderate-intensity activities at work on a typical day?	Hours : minutes : LLL : LLL : hrs mins	P6 (a-b)	
Travel to and from places			
The next questions exclude the physical activities at work th Now I would like to ask you about the usual way you travel t worship. [Insert other examples if needed]	at you have already mentioned. o and from places. For example to work, for shopping, to market, to pl	ace of	
Do you walk or use a bicycle (pedal cycle) for at least 10 minutes continuously to get to and from places?	Yes 1 No 2 If No, go to P 10	P7	
In a typical week, on how many days do you walk or bicycle for at least 10 minutes continuously to get to and from places?	Number of days	P8	
How much time do you spend walking or bicycling for travel on a typical day?	Hours : minutes LLL : LLL hrs mins	P9 (a-b)	

Continued on next page

2 The questionnaire, Continued

Physical Activity, Continued						
Question	Response	Code				
Recreational activities						
The next questions exclude the work and transport activities Now I would like to ask you about sports, fitness and recrea						
Do you do any vigorous-intensity sports, fitness or recreational (leisure) activities that cause large increases in breathing or heart rate like [running or football] for at least 10 minutes continuously?	Yes 1 No 2 If No, go to P 13	P10				
[INSERT EXAMPLES] (USE SHOWCARD)	-					
In a typical week, on how many days do you do vigorous- intensity sports, fitness or recreational (leisure) activities?	Number of days	P11				
How much time do you spend doing vigorous-intensity sports, fitness or recreational activities on a typical day?	Hours : minutes	P12 (a-b)				
Do you do any moderate-intensity sports, fitness or recreational (leisure) activities that cause a small increase in breathing or heart rate such as brisk walking, [cycling, swimming, volleyball] for at least 10 minutes continuously? [INSERT EXAMPLES] (USE SHOWCARD)	Yes 1 No 2 If No, go to P16	P13				
In a typical week, on how many days do you do moderate- intensity sports, fitness or recreational (leisure) activities?	Number of days	P14				
How much time do you spend doing moderate-intensity sports, fitness or recreational (leisure) activities on a typical day?	Hours : minutes : L.L	P15 (a-b)				
Sedentary behaviour						
The following question is about sitting or reclining at work, at home, getting to and from places, or with friends including time spent sitting at a desk, sitting with friends, traveling in car, bus, train, reading, playing cards or watching television, but do not include time spent sleeping. [INSERT EXAMPLES] (USE SHOWCARD)						
How much time do you usually spend sitting or reclining on a typical day?	Hours : minutes LLL : LLL hrs mins	P16 (a-b)				

3 GPAQ Question by Question Guide

Physical Activity

Next I am going to ask you about the time you spend doing different types of physical activity in a typical week. Please answer these questions even if you do not consider yourself to be a physically active person.

Think first about the time you spend doing work. Think of work as the things that you have to do such as paid or unpaid work, study/training, household chores, harvesting food/crops, fishing or hunting for food, seeking employment. [Insert other examples if needed]. In answering the following questions 'vigorous-intensity activities' are activities that require hard physical effort and cause large increases in breathing or heart rate, 'moderate-intensity activities' are activities that require moderate physical effort and cause small increases in breathing or heart rate. Read this opening statement out loud. It should not be omitted. The respondent will have to think first about the time he/she spends doing work (paid or unpaid work, household chores, harvesting food, fishing or hunting for food, seeking employment [Insert other examples if needed]), then about the time he/she travels from place to place, and finally about the time spent in vigorous as well as moderate physical activity during leisure time. Remind the respondent when he/she answers the following questions that 'vigorous-intensity activities' are activities that require hard physical effort and cause large increases in breathing or heart rate, 'moderate-intensity activities' are activities that require moderate physical effort and cause small increases in breathing or heart rate. Don't forget to use the showcard which will help the respondent when answering to the questions.

Question	Response	Code
Work		
Does your work involve vigorous-intensity activity that causes large increases in breathing or heart rate like [carrying or lifting heavy loads, digging or construction work] for at least 10 minutes continuously? [INSERT EXAMPLES] (USE SHOWCARD)	Yes 1	P1
Ask the participant to think about vigorous-intensity activities at work only. Activities are regarded as vigorous intensity if they cause large increases in breathing and/or heart rate.	No 2 If No, go to P 4	
In a typical week, on how many days do you do vigorous-intensity activities as part of your work? "Typical week" means a week when the participant is engaged in his/her usual activities. Valid responses range from 1-7.	Number of days	P2
How much time do you spend doing vigorous-intensity activities at work on a typical day? Ask the participant to think of a typical day he/she can recall easily in which he/she engaged in vigorous-intensity activities at work. The participant should only consider those activities undertaken continuously for 10 minutes or more. Probe very high responses (over 4 hrs) to verify.	Hours : minutes hrs mins	P3 (a-b)
Does your work involve moderate-intensity activity, that causes small increases in breathing or heart rate such as brisk walking [or carrying light loads] for at least 10 minutes continuously? [INSERT EXAMPLES] (USE SHOWCARD) Ask the participant to think about moderate-intensity activities at work only. Activities are regarded as moderate intensity if they cause small increases in breathing and/or heart rate.	Yes 1 No 2 If No, go to P 7	P4
In a typical week, on how many days do you do moderate-intensity activities as part of your work? "Typical week" means a week when the participant is engaged in his/her usual activities. Valid responses range from 1-7.	Number of days	P5
How much time do you spend doing moderate-intensity activities at work on a typical day? Ask the participant to think of a typical day he/she can recall easily in which he/she engaged in moderate-intensity activities at work. The participant should only consider those activities undertaken continuously for 10 minutes or more. Probe very high responses (over 4 hrs) to verify.	Hours : minutes hrs mins	P6 (a-b)

Continued on next page

3 GPAQ Question by Question Guide, Continued

Physical Activity, Continued		
Question	Response	Code
Travel to and from places		
The next questions exclude the physical activities at work that you ha Now I would like to ask you about the usual way you travel to and fror worship. [Insert other examples if needed] The introductory statement to the following questions on transport-related phy about how they travel around getting from place-to-place. This statement sho	m places. For example to work, for shopping, to market, to p vsical activity is very important. It asks and helps the participant to m	
Do you walk or use a bicycle (pedal cycle) for at least 10 minutes continuously to get to and from places?	Yes 1 No 2 If No, go to P 10	P7
Select the appropriate response.	110 2 1110, go to 1 10	
How much time do you spend walking or bicycling for travel on a typical day? Ask the participant to think of a typical day he/she can recall easily in which		P9
he/she engaged in transport-related activities. The participant should only consider those activities undertaken continuously for 10 minutes or more.	Hours : minutes	(a-b)
Probe very high responses (over 4 hrs) to verify. Recreational activities	hrs mins	
The next questions exclude the work and transport activities that you	have already mentioned	
Now I would like to ask you about sports, fitness and recreational actir. This introductory statement directs the participant to think about recreational and exercise but is not limited to participation in competitions. Activities report only recreational activities and not to include any activities already mentioned.	vities (leisure) [Insert relevant terms]. activities. This can also be called discretionary or leisure time. It ind ted should be done regularly and not just occasionally. It is importa	
Do you do any vigorous-intensity sports, fitness or recreational (leisure) activities that cause large increases in breathing or heart rate like [running or football] for at least 10 minutes continuously?	Yes 1	
[INSERT EXAMPLES] (USE SHOWCARD)		P10
Ask the participant to think about recreational vigorous-intensity activities only. Activities are regarded as vigorous intensity if they cause large increases in breathing and/or heart rate.	No 2 If No, go to P 13	
In a typical week, on how many days do you do vigorous-intensity sports, fitness or recreational (leisure) activities?		P11
"Typical week" means a week when the participant is engaged in his/her usual activities. Valid responses range from 1-7.	Number of days	1 11
How much time do you spend doing vigorous-intensity sports, fitness or recreational activities on a typical day?		D40
Ask the participant to think of a typical day he/she can recall easily in which he/she engaged in recreational vigorous-intensity activities. The participant should only consider those activities undertaken continuously for 10 minutes or more. Probe very high responses (over 4 hrs) to verify.	Hours : minutes hrs mins	P12 (a-b)
Do you do any moderate-intensity sports, fitness or recreational (leisure) activities that cause a small increase in breathing or heart rate such as brisk walking, [cycling, swimming, volleyball] for at least 10 minutes continuously?	Yes 1	D40
[INSERT EXAMPLES] (USE SHOWCARD)		P13
Ask the participant to think about recreational moderate-intensity activities only. Activities are regarded as moderate intensity if they cause small increases in breathing and/or heart rate.	No 2 If No, go to P16	
In a typical week, on how many days do you do moderate-intensity sports,		
fitness or recreational (leisure) activities? "Typical week" means a week when the participant is engaged in his/her	Number of days	P14

Continued on next page

3 GPAQ Question by Question Guide, Continued

Physical Activity, Continued		
Question	Response	Code
How much time do you spend doing moderate-intensity sports, fitness or recreational (leisure) activities on a typical day? Ask the participant to think of a typical day he/she can recall easily in which he/she engaged in recreational moderate-intensity activities. The participant should only consider those activities undertaken continuously for 10 minutes or more. Probe very high responses (over 4 hrs) to verify. Sedentary behaviour	Houre: minutes	P15 (a-b)
The following question is about sitting or reclining at work, at home, desk, sitting with friends, traveling in car, bus, train, reading, playing [INSERT EXAMPLES] (USE SHOWCARD)		
How much time do you usually spend sitting or reclining on a typical day? Ask the participant to consider total time spent sitting at work, in an office, reading, watching television, using a computer, doing hand craft like knitting, resting etc. The participant should not include time spent sleeping.	Hours : minutes hrs mins	P16 (a-b)

4 Cleaning GPAQ data

Introduction

It is important to standardize the way in which the data collected are cleaned and analysed. Please use the guidelines below when cleaning and analysing your data.

The cleaning and analysis guidelines use the coding column in the questionnaire as an identifier.

Cleaning

You should clean all domains as a combined set. While some of the calculations of results use all the domains and others use only one of the domains, it is necessary that each respondent has an overall "clean" response to all physical activity questions. To be included in the analyses, each participant must have a valid response for at least one domain and have no invalid responses for any domains.

Check for the following for all the domains.

If	Then
Values in the hours column are 15,	move them into the corresponding
30, 45, or 60	minutes variable, if the
	corresponding minutes variable is
	empty or zero (most likely a data
	recording error).
Maximum values: If for at least one	remove the case from all analyses.
"sub-domain" (vigorous work,	
moderate work, transport, vigorous	
recreation, or moderate recreation	
activity) the value of hours+minutes	
>16 hours	
If a respondent reports implausible	remove the case from all analyses.
values (eg., >7 days in any days	
column)	
If a respondent has inconsistent	remove the case from all analyses.
answers (eg., 0 days, but values >0	
in the corresponding time variables)	
If one whole "sub-domain"	include the case in the analysis,
(vigorous work, moderate work,	assuming no activity (0 days, 0 time)
transport, vigorous recreation,	for this "sub-domain". That means
or moderate recreation activity)	that, as long as at least one "sub-
has missing values, but the other	domain" has valid answers, and all
"sub-domains" are valid	others are missing, this person will
	be included in analyses.

Notes

Overall, this cleaning method should result in the same denominator across all domains and all analyses.

For information on how to create P3, P6, P9, P12, and P15 see the Cleaning GPAQ with EpiInfo section at the end of this document (p. 12).

Continued on next page

4 Cleaning GPAQ data, Continued

Detailed cleaning instructions

There are detailed cleaning instructions on how to clean each variable in the Cleaning GPAQ with EpiInfo section of this document (p. 11). This section includes details on how to clean the variables and the associated EpiInfo code.

Cleaning GPAQ data with Epilnfo 5

Introduction GPAQ collects information on three domains. These domains are:

- Activity at work
- Travel to and from places
- Recreational activities.

For analysis purposes these domains can be further broken down into six different "sub-domains". These "sub-domains" are:

- Vigorous work (codes P1-P3)
- Moderate work (codes P4-P6)
- Travel (codes P7-P9)
- Vigorous recreation (codes P10-P12)
- Moderate recreation (codes P13-P15)
- Sitting (code P16)

Grouping the **GPAQ** sections

The GPAQ data are cleaned as a whole. Thus is a participant gave an invalid answer to any domain, then their entire response is not included in any analyses. However, a participant needs only to give a valid response to a minimum of one domain, leaving the remaining domains blank, to be included in the analyses.

Cleaning **Programs**

A "CleanRecode" program exists for each subset of physical activity questions. These are: CleanRecode P1-P3, CleanRecode P4-P6, CleanRecode P7-P9, CleanRecode P10-P12, CleanRecode P13-P15, and CleanRecode P16. The first 5 of these programs are identical with the only exception being that the question codes are changed.

All programs can be downloaded from http://www.who.int/chp/steps/resources/database/en/index.html by clicking on "EpiInfo Analysis Programs".

CleanRecode P1-P3 is described in the following table. This same description applies to CleanRecode P4-P6, CleanRecode P7-P9, CleanRecode P10-P12, and CleanRecode P13-P15. Since the program CleanRecode P16 differs from the other 5 CleanRecode programs, its description is provided in the second table below.

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5 Cleaning GPAQ data with EpiInfo, Continued

CleanRecode P1	-P3					
Questions Used	P1, P2, P3a	ı, P3b				
General Information	data entry e	cking for valid responses to P1 through Ferrors (i.e. minutes entered where hours as must have answered all 3 questions cor	are expected).	To have a "clea	an" response,	
Modified Variables	Before any tests. To su	new variables are created, P3a and P3b a immarize, these tests try to correct obvior 60 were entered as hour values in P3a dataset used for analysis, the actual datas	are modified ous data entry These chan	using the follow errors where mi ges are only sav	ing logical inute values of	
	Condition			New P3a Value	New P3b Value	
	P3a=15 AN P3b=88 OR	ND (P3b=(.) OR P3b=0 OR P3b=15 OR I R P3b=99)	P3b=77 OR	0	15	
	P3a=30 AN P3b=88 OR	ND (P3b=(.) OR P3b=0 OR P3b=30 OR I R P3b=99)	P3b=77 OR	0	30	
	P3b=88 OR	*		0	45	
	P3b=88 OR			1	0	
	AND P3b=	,	OR (P3a=9	0	0	
		R P3a=88 OR P3a=99	0	(leave as is)		
		R P3b=88 OR P3b=99	T	(leave as is)	0	
Created	Name	Purpose	Value	Condition		
Variables	P3amin	Computes min value for P3a.	0	P3a=(.)		
			P3a*60	ELSE		
	P3bmin	Set equal to P3b, with 0's replacing	0	P3b=(.)		
		missing values.	P3b	ELSE		
	P3	Total time in mins.	P3amin+P 3bmin			
	P2CLN	Checks for a valid response to P2	1	P1=1 AND P2>0 AND P2< OR P1=2 AND (P2=0 OR P2=(OR P2=99)		
			2	ELSE		
	P3CLN	Checks for a valid response to P3: P2 must have a valid response with nr. of days = 1 through 7, and P3 must	1	P2CLN=1 AND P2>0 AND P2<8 AND P3>9 AND P3<961		
		be at least 10 mins. and at most 960 mins. (max. of 16 hrs. per day)		OR P2CLN=1 AN P2=(.) OR P2= P3=0	,	
			2	ELSE		
	P1t3CLN	Checks for valid response to P1 through P3a&b. Allows for respondents to skip entire section but a check in the physical activity programs that use these cleaning	1	P3CLN=1 AN OR P1=(.) AND (P2=(.) OR P2= P3=0 AND V3	P2=0 OR =99) AND	
		programs ensures that <u>at least one</u> <u>section</u> of all physical activity sections has a response.	2	ELSE		

Continued on next page

5 Cleaning GPAQ data with EpiInfo, Continued

CleanRecode P16								
Questions								
Used								
General		s are first checked for possib						
Information	hours are expected). To have a "clean" response, respondents must have given a valid							
	response t	o P16 (P16CLN=1).						
Modified	Before any	y new variables are created,	P16a and P16b are mo	odified using the	he following			
Variables	logical tes	ts. To summarize, these tes	ts try to correct obviou	us data entry e	rrors where			
	minute va	lues of 15, 30, 45, or 60 wer	e entered as hour valu	es in P16a. Tl	nese changes			
		aved to the temporary datase	et used for analysis, the	e actual datase	t is left			
	unchanged	d.						
	Condition	1		New P16a	New P16b			
				Value	Value			
	P16a=15	AND (P16b=(.) OR P16b=0	OR P16b=15 OR	0	15			
	P16b=77	OR P16b=88 OR P16b=99)						
	P16a=30 A	AND (P16b=(.) OR P16b=0	OR P16b=30 OR	0	30			
	P16b=77	OR P16b=88 OR P16b=99)						
	P16a=45	AND (P16b=(.) OR P16b=0	OR P16b=45 OR	0	45			
	P16b=77	OR P16b=88 OR P16b=99)						
	P16a=60 A	AND (P16b=(.) OR P16b=0	1	0				
	P16b=77	OR P16b=88 OR P16b=99)						
	(P16a=7 A	AND P16b=77) OR (P16a=8	3 AND P16b=88) OR	0	0			
	(P16a=9 A	AND P16b=99)						
	P16a=77 (OR P16a=88 OR P16a=99		0	(leave as is)			
	P16b=77	OR P16b=88 OR P16b=99		(leave as is)	0			
Created	Name	Purpose	Value	Condition				
Variables	P16amin	Computes min value for	0	P16a=(.)				
		P16a	P16a*60	ELSE				
	P16bmin	Set equal to P16b, with	0	P16b=(.)				
		0's replacing missing	ELSE					
	0's replacing missing values P16b ELSE							
	P16	Total time in mins	P16amin+P16bmin					
	P16CLN	Checks for a valid	1	P16<1441 A	ND Valid=1			
		response to P16 (can be	2	ELSE				
		from 0 mins. to 1440						
		mins. (24 hrs.))						

Analysis Guidelines and Calculations 6

Introduction A population's physical activity (or inactivity) can be described in different ways. The two most common ways are

- (1) to estimate a population's mean or median physical activity using a continuous indicator such as MET-minutes per week or time spent in physical activity, and
- (2) to classify a certain percentage of a population as 'inactive' or 'insufficiently active' by setting up a cut-point for a specific amount of physical activity.

The following guidelines describe both how to derive at continuous as well as categorical indicators when analysing GPAQ data.

Continuous indicator

As described in the overview (p. 3), MET values are applied to the time variables according to the intensity (moderate or vigorous) of the activity. Applying MET values to activity levels allows us to calculate total physical activity.

For the calculation of a person's overall energy expenditure using GPAQ data, the following MET values are used:

Domain	MET value			
Work	• Moderate MET value = 4.0			
	• Vigorous MET value = 8.0			
Transport	Cycling and walking MET value = 4.0			
Recreation	• Moderate MET value = 4.0			
	• Vigorous MET value = 8.0			

WHO recommenddations on physical activity for health

For the calculation of a categorical indicator, the total time spent in physical activity during a typical week and the intensity of the physical activity are taken into account.

Throughout a week, including activity for work, during transport and leisure time, adults should do at least

- 150 minutes of moderate-intensity physical activity OR
- 75 minutes of vigorous-intensity physical activity OR
- An equivalent combination of moderate- and vigorous-intensity physical activity achieving at least 600 MET-minutes.

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6 Analysis Guidelines and Calculations, Continued

Not meeting WHO recommendations on physical activity for health Description: Percentage of respondents not meeting WHO recommendations on physical activity for health (respondents doing less than 150 minutes of moderate-intensity physical activity per week, or equivalent).

Instrument questions:

• P1-P6a&b: activity at work

P7-P9a&b: travel to and from places
P10-P15a&b: recreational activities

Not meeting WHO recommendations on physical activity for health									
Men Wo		Men		Women		Both Sex	es		
Age Group (years)	n	% not meeting recs	95% CI	n	% not meeting recs	95% CI	n	% not meeting recs	95% CI

Questions Used	P1-P15a&b							
Program	Pnotmeetingree	cs (unweighted), PnotmeetingrecsWT (weighted)						
Equations	Total physical activity MET-minutes/week (= the sum of the total MET minutes of activity computed for each setting) Equation: Total Physical Activity MET-minutes/week = [(P2 * P3 * 8) + (P5 * P6 * 4) + (P8 * P9 * 4) + (P11 * P12 * 8) + (P14 * P15 * 4)]							
	WHO recommendations	Physical activity cutoff value						
	Not meeting recommendations	• IF: Total Physical Activity MET minutes per week is < 600						
Program	Reports percenta	age of respondents who do not meet WHO recommendations on						
Information		for health. Before any of the below variables are created ALL						
	CleanRecode pr must have either	CleanRecode programs are called. To be included in the output, the respondent must have either left blank or given a valid response to each subset of the						
	* *	questions AND have given a valid response to <u>at least one</u> ysical activity questions (CLN=1).						

Created Variables	Name	Purpose	Values	Condition
	P1t3	MET value of	P2*P3*8	P1t3CLN=1
		vigorous work	(.)	ELSE
		activity per week		
	P4t6	MET value of	P5*P6*4	P4t6CLN=1
		moderate work activity per week	(.)	ELSE
	P7t9	MET value of	P8*P9*4	P7t9CLN=1
		transport activity per week	(.)	ELSE
	P10t12	MET value of vigorous recreational activity per week	P11*P12*8	P10t12CLN=1
		activity per week	(.)	ELSE
	P13t15	MET value of	P14*P15*4	P13t15CLN=1
		moderate recreational	(.)	ELSE
		activity per week		
	Ptotal	Sum of all activity	p1t3+p4t6+p7t9+p10t	
		per week	12+p13t15	
	CLN	Checks to see if all	1	Valid=1 AND P1t3CLN=1
		physical activity		AND P4t6CLN=1 AND
		responses, as a		P7t9CLN=1 AND
		combined set, are		P10t12CLN=1 AND
		valid: all subsets of		P13t15CLN=1
		responses must be		AND
		clean and at least one		P1≠(.) OR P4≠(.) OR P7≠(.) OR
		subset of responses	2	P10≠(.) OR P13≠(.)
		must have a response (not missing)	2	ELSE
	С	Output table values	"Does not meet	Ptotal<600
		_	recommendations"	
			"Meets	Ptotal≥600
			recommendations"	

Total physical activity

Description: Mean / median time of total physical activity on average per day.

Instrument questions

• P1-P6a&b: activity at work

P7-P9&b: travel to and from places
P10-P15a&b: recreational activities

	Mean/Median minutes of total physical activity on average per day									
Age		Men			Women	ı			Both Sex	es
Group (years)	n	# minutes	95% CI	n	# minutes	95% CI		n	# minutes	95% CI

Questions	P1-P15a8	żb							
Used									
Program	Ptotal (ui	nweighted mean & me	edian values), I	PtotalWT (weighted mean					
	values), PtotalmedianWT (weighted median values)								
Program	Reports the mean or median amount of physical activity per day in minutes.								
Information				ALL CleanRecode programs are					
		called. To be included in the output, the respondent must have either left blank							
				physical activity questions AND					
				oset of the physical activity					
	_	(CLN=1).							
Created	Name	Purpose	Values	Condition					
Variables	P1t3	Vigorous work	P2*P3	P1t3CLN=1					
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		activity in minutes	(.)	ELSE					
		per week							
	P4t6	Moderate work	P5*P6	P4t6CLN=1					
		activity in minutes	(.)	ELSE					
		per week							
	P7t9	Transport activity in	P8*P9	P7t9CLN=1					
	710.12	minutes per week	(.)	ELSE					
	P10t12	Vigorous	P11*P12	P10t12CLN=1					
		recreational activity	(.)	ELSE					
	P13t15	in minutes per week Moderate	P14*P15	P13t15CLN=1					
	P13113	recreational activity	(.)	ELSE					
		in minutes per week	(.)	ELSE					
	Ptotalday	Sum of all activity	(p1t3+p4t6+						
	1 totalay	per week divided by	p7t9+p10t12						
		7 to get avg. per day	+p13t15)/7						
	CLN	Checks to see if all	1	Valid=1 AND P1t3CLN=1 AND					
		physical activity		P4t6CLN=1 AND P7t9CLN=1					
		responses, as a		AND P10t12CLN=1 AND					
		combined set, are		P13t15CLN=1					
		valid: all subsets of		AND					
		responses must be $P1\neq(.)$ OR $P4\neq(.)$ OR $P7\neq(.)$ OR							
		clean and at least P10≠(.) OR P13≠(.) one subset of 2 ELSE							
		responses must have	\ \(^{\alpha}	ELSE					
		a response (not							
		missing)							
	1	imosing)							

Settingspecific physical activitymean /

median

Description: Mean / median number of minutes spent on average per day, in work-,

transport- and recreation-related physical activity.

Instrument questions

• P1-P6a&b: activity at work

P7-P9&b: travel to and from places
P10-P15a&b: recreational activities

	Mean/Median minutes of [insert domain]-related physical activity on average per day								
Age		Men			Women	1		Both Sex	æs
Group (years)	n	# minutes	95% CI	n	# minutes	95% CI	n	# minutes	95% CI

Questions	P1-P15a&	żb							
Used									
Program		fic (unweighted mean & ues), Psetspecificmedian		PsetspecificWT (weighted edian values)					
Program Information	Reports the of the believe the included valid resp	Reports the mean or median amount of physical activity in minutes. Before any of the below variables are created ALL CleanRecode programs are called. To be included in the output, the respondent must have either left blank or given a valid response to each subset of the physical activity questions AND have given a valid response to at least one subset of the physical activity questions							
Created	Name	Purpose	Values	Condition					
Variables	P1t3	Vigorous work activity	P2*P3	P1t3CLN=1					
		in minutes per week	(.)	ELSE					
	P4t6	Moderate work activity	P5*P6	P4t6CLN=1					
		in minutes per week	(.)	ELSE					
	P7t9	Transport activity in	P8*P9	P7t9CLN=1					
		minutes per week	(.)	ELSE					
	P10t12	Vigorous recreational	P11*P12	P10t12CLN=1					
		activity in minutes per week	(.)	ELSE					
	P13t15	Moderate recreational	P14*P15	P13t15CLN=1					
		activity in minutes per week	(.)	ELSE					
	Pwork- day	Average work-related activity per day	(p1t3+p4t6)/7						
	Ptravel- day	Average transport- related activity per day	p7t9/7						
	Precday	Average recreation- related activity per day	(p10t12+p13t15) /7						
	CLN	Checks to see if all physical activity responses, as a combined set, are valid: all subsets of responses must be clean and at least one subset of responses must have a response (not missing)	2	Valid=1 AND P1t3CLN=1 AND P4t6CLN=1 AND P7t9CLN=1 AND P10t12CLN=1 AND P13t15CLN=1 AND P1≠(.) OR P4≠(.) OR P7≠(.) OR P10≠(.) OR P13≠(.) ELSE					

No physical activity by

setting

Description: Percentage of respondents classified as doing no work-, transport-, or recreation-related physical activity.

Instrument questions

• P1-P6a&b: activity at work

P7-P9&b: travel to and from places
P10-P15a&b: recreational activities

	No [insert domain]-related physical activity									
Age Group	Men				Women			Both Sexes		
(years)	n	%	95% CI	n	%	95% CI	n	%	95% CI	

Questions	P1-P15	2 & h		
Used	11-113	axu		
Program	Pnoact	ivityhyset (unweighte	d) Pnoactivit	tybysetWT (weighted)
				reported no work-, transport-, or
Program Information				e any of the below variables are
imormation		1 2	•	•
				illed. To be included in the output,
				or given a valid response to each
				ND have given a valid response to <u>at</u>
C41		e subset of the physica		, ,
Created	Name	Purpose	Values	Condition
Variables	Work	Indicates whether or not respondent did	"did work	P1=1 OR P4=1
		any work-related	activity" "did no	ELSE
		activity	work	ELSE
	detivity		activity"	
	Trans	Indicates whether or	"did	P7=1
		not respondent did	transport	
		any transport-related	activity"	
		activity	"did no	ELSE
			transport	
			activity"	
	Rec	Indicates whether or	"did	P10=1 OR P13=1
		not respondent did	recreation	
		any recreation- related activity	activity" "did no	ELSE
		Terated activity	recreation	ELSE
			activity"	
	CLN	Checks to see if all	1	Valid=1 AND P1t3CLN=1 AND
		physical activity		P4t6CLN=1 AND P7t9CLN=1 AND
		responses, as a		P10t12CLN=1 AND P13t15CLN=1
		combined set, are		AND
		valid: all subsets of		P1≠(.) OR P4≠(.) OR P7≠(.) OR
		responses must be		P10≠(.) OR P13≠(.)
		clean and at least one	2	ELSE
		subset of responses		
		must have a response (not missing)		
		(not missing)		

of total physical activity

Composition Description: Percentage of total physical activity on average per day that comes from each of the 3 types of activity: work-, transport-, or recreation-related. Instrument questions

• P1-P6a&b: activity at work

• P7-P9&b: travel to and from places • P10-P15a&b: recreational activities

Composition of total physical activity									
			Gender				Age Group —		
95% CI	% Recreation	95% CI	% Transport	95% CI	% Work	n	(years)		
9		95% CI	7-	95% CI	% Work	n	(years)		

Qu. Used	P1-P15a	&b							
Program	Pcompo	sition (unweighted), Pcompos	itionWT (weighted	<u>d</u>)					
Program	Reports	the percentage of activity that of	comes from each of	f the three types of					
Infor-		(work, transport, or recreation).							
mation	created ALL CleanRecode programs are called. To be included in the output, the								
		ent must have either left blank							
		ical activity questions AND ha		sponse to <u>at least one</u>					
		f the physical activity questions	, ' 						
Created	Name	Purpose	Values	Condition					
Variables	P1t3	Vigorous work activity in	P2*P3	P1t3CLN=1					
		minutes per week	(.)	ELSE					
	P4t6	Moderate work activity in	P5*P6	P4t6CLN=1					
		minutes per week	(.)	ELSE					
	P7t9	Transport activity in minutes	P8*P9	P7t9CLN=1					
		per week	(.)	ELSE					
	P10t12	Vigorous recreational activity	P11*P12	P10t12CLN=1					
		in minutes per week	(.)	ELSE					
	P13t15	Moderate recreational activity	P14*P15	P13t15CLN=1					
		in minutes per week	(.)	ELSE					
	Ptotal	Sum of all activity per week	p1t3+p4t6+p7t9+						
		J. P. C.	p10t12+p13t15						
	Percent-	Percent of all activity from	(p1t3+p4t6)/Ptota						
	Work	work-related activities	1*100						
	Percent-	Percent of all activity from	p7t9/Ptotal*100						
	Trans	transportation-related activities	(10:10 10:15)/						
	Percent- Rec	Percent of all activity from recreational activities	(p10t12+p13t15)/ Ptotal*100						
	CLN	Checks to see if all physical	1	Valid=1 AND					
	CLIV	activity responses, as a		P1t3CLN=1 AND					
		combined set, are valid: all		P4t6CLN=1 AND					
		subsets of responses must be		P7t9CLN=1 AND					
		clean and at least one subset of		P10t12CLN=1 AND					
		responses must have a		P13t15CLN=1					
		response (not missing)		AND					
				P1≠(.) OR P4≠(.) OR					
				P7≠(.) OR P10≠(.) OR					
				P13≠(.)					
			2	ELSE					

No vigorous physical activity Description: Percentage of respondents not engaging in vigorous physical activity.

Instrument questions

• P1-P6a&b: activity at work

P7-P9&b: travel to and from places
P10-P15a&b: recreational activities

No vigorous physical activity										
Age Group	Men				Women			Both Sexes		
(years)	n	%	95% CI	n	%	95% CI	n	%	95% CI	

Qu. Used	P1-P15	a&b						
Program	Pnovig	orous (unweighted), l	PnovigorousWT	(weighted values)				
Program Infor- mation	any of to be it a valid given a	Reports percentage of respondents who did no vigorous physical activity. Before any of the below variables are created ALL CleanRecode programs are called. To be included in the output, the respondent must have either left blank or given a valid response to each subset of the physical activity questions AND have given a valid response to <u>at least one subset</u> of the physical activity questions (CLN=1).						
Created	Name	Purpose	Values	Condition				
Variables	С	Output table values	"did vigorous physical activity" "did no vigorous physical activity"	P1=1 OR P10=1 ELSE				
	CLN	Checks to see if all physical activity responses, as a combined set, are valid: all subsets of responses must be clean and at least one subset of responses must have a response (not missing)	2	Valid=1 AND P1t3CLN=1 AND P4t6CLN=1 AND P7t9CLN=1 AND P10t12CLN=1 AND P13t15CLN=1 AND P1≠(.) OR P4≠(.) OR P7≠(.) OR P10≠(.) OR P13≠(.) ELSE				

Sedentary Description: Minutes spent in sedentary activities on average per day.

Instrument questions

• P16: sedentary behaviour

Mean/Median minutes spent in sedentary activities on average per day											
Age	Men				Women				Both Sexes		
Group (years)	n	# minutes	95% CI		n	# minutes	95% CI		n	# minutes	95% CI

Questions Used	P16a&b									
Program	Psedentary (unweighted mean & median values), PsedentaryWT									
	(weighted mean values), PsedentarymedianWT (weighted median values)									
Program	Reports the mean or median amount of sedentary activity in minutes.									
Information	ALL CleanRecode programs									
	are called. To be included in the output, the respondent must have e									
	left blank or given a valid response to each subset of the physical activity									
	questions AND have given a valid response to at least one subset of the									
	physical activity questions (CLN=1). Note: P16 was created in									
	CleanRecodeP16 from P16a and P16b. It contains the total sedentary time									
	in mins.									
Created	Name	Purpose	Values	Condition						
Variables	CLN	Checks to see if all	1	Valid=1 AND P16CLN=1						
		physical activity								
		responses, as a								
		combined set, are								
		valid: all subsets of								
		responses must be clean and at least								
		one subset of	2	ELSE						
		responses must have	2	LLSL						
		a response (not								
		missing)								