

<Country> STEPS Survey <year>

Fact Sheet

The STEPS survey of noncommunicable disease (NCD) risk factors in [country name] was carried out from [insert month and year] to [insert month and year]. [country name] carried out Step 1, Step 2 and Step 3. Socio demographic and behavioural information was collected in Step 1. Physical measurements such as height, weight and blood pressure were collected in Step 2. Biochemical measurements were collected to assess blood glucose and cholesterol levels in Step 3. The survey was a population-based survey of adults aged 18-69 [adjust as necessary]. A [insert type of sampling design] sample design was used to produce representative data for that age range in [insert country name]. A total of [insert sample size] adults participated in the survey. The overall response rate was [insert response rate (x%)]. A repeat survey is planned for [insert year] if funds permit.

Results for adults aged 18-69 years (incl. 95% CI) (adjust if necessary)	Both Sexes	Males	Females
Step 1 Tobacco Use			•
Percentage who currently smoke tobacco	77.1% (66.2 – 88.1)	77.2% (66.2 – 88.1)	77.4% (66.2 – 88.1)
Percentage who currently smoke tobacco daily			
For those who smoke tobacco daily			_
Average age started smoking (years)			
Percentage of daily smokers smoking manufactured cigarettes			
Mean number of manufactured cigarettes smoked per day (by smokers of manufactured cigarettes)			
Step 1 Alcohol Consumption			·
Percentage who are lifetime abstainers			
Percentage who are past 12 month abstainers			
Percentage who currently drink (drank alcohol in the past 30 days)			
Percentage who engage in heavy episodic drinking (6 or more drinks on any occasion in the past 30 days)			
Step 1 Diet			•
Mean number of days fruit consumed in a typical week			
Mean number of servings of fruit consumed on average per day			
Mean number of days vegetables consumed in a typical week			
Mean number of servings of vegetables consumed on average per day			
Percentage who ate less than 5 servings of fruit and/or vegetables on average per day			
Percentage who always or often add salt or salty sauce to their food before eating or as they are eating			
Percentage who always or often eat processed foods high in salt			
Step 1 Physical Activity			•
Percentage with insufficient physical activity (defined as < 150 minutes of moderate-intensity activity per week, or equivalent)*			
Median time spent in physical activity on average per day (minutes) (presented with inter-quartile range)			
Percentage not engaging in vigorous activity			

^{*} For complete definitions of insufficient physical activity, refer to the GPAQ Analysis Guide (http://www.who.int/chp/steps/GPAQ/en/index.html) or to the WHO Global recommendations on physical activity for health (http://www.who.int/dietphysicalactivity/factsheet_recommendations/en/index.html)



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Results for adults aged 18-69 years (incl. 95% CI) (adjust if necessary)	Both Sexes	Males	Females
Step 1 Cervical Cancer Screening			
Percentage of women aged 30-49 years who have ever had a screening test for cervical cancer			
Step 2 Physical Measurements			•
Mean body mass index - BMI (kg/m²)			
Percentage who are overweight (BMI ≥ 25 kg/m²)			
Percentage who are obese (BMI ≥ 30 kg/m²)			
Average waist circumference (cm)			
Mean systolic blood pressure - SBP (mmHg), including those currently on medication for raised BP			
Mean diastolic blood pressure - DBP (mmHg), including those currently on medication for raised BP			
Percentage with raised BP (SBP ≥ 140 and/or DBP ≥ 90 mmHg or currently on medication for raised BP)			
Percentage with raised BP (SBP ≥ 140 and/or DBP ≥ 90 mmHg or currently on medication for raised BP) who are not currently on medication for raised BP			
Step 3 Biochemical Measurement			
Mean fasting blood glucose, including those currently on medication for raised blood glucose [choose accordingly: mmol/L or mg/dl]			
Percentage with impaired fasting glycaemia as defined below • plasma venous value ≥6.1 mmol/L (110 mg/dl) and <7.0 mmol/L (126 mg/dl) • capillary whole blood value ≥5.6 mmol/L (100 mg/dl) and <6.1 mmol/L (110 mg/dl)			
Percentage with raised fasting blood glucose as defined below or currently on medication for raised blood glucose • plasma venous value ≥ 7.0 mmol/L (126 mg/dl) • capillary whole blood value ≥ 6.1 mmol/L (110 mg/dl)			
Mean total blood cholesterol, including those currently on medication for raised cholesterol [choose accordingly: mmol/L or mg/dl]			
Percentage with raised total cholesterol (≥ 5.0 mmol/L or ≥ 190 mg/dl or currently on medication for raised cholesterol)			
Mean intake of salt per day (in grams)			
Cardiovascular disease (CVD) risk			
Percentage aged 40-69 years with a 10-year CVD risk ≥ 20%, or with existing CVD**			
Summary of combined risk factors			
 less than 5 servings of fruits & vegetables per day rais 	erweight (BMI ≥ 25 sed BP (SBP ≥ 14 rently on medicati	0 and/or DBP ≥ 9	
Percentage with none of the above risk factors			
Percentage with three or more of the above risk factors, aged 18 to 44 years			
Percentage with three or more of the above risk factors, aged 45 to 69 years			
Percentage with three or more of the above risk factors, aged 18 to 69 years			
** A 10 year CVD risk of 2009/ is defined according to ago, say, blood pressure, ample			

^{**} A 10-year CVD risk of ≥20% is defined according to age, sex, blood pressure, smoking status (current smokers), total cholesterol, and previously diagnosed diabetes.

For additional information, please contact: STEPS Survey Coordinator [name, email addresses]