# Situation Update #171 - Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) WHO Country Office for Nepal

# Reporting Date: 17 - 23 July 2023 (Epi Week 29)

## **HIGHLIGHTS**

(Data published in the MoHP Daily Bulletin as of 23 July 2023 and same data published in EDCD Report as of 24 July 2023)

This week, there were three RT-PCR confirmed cases reported, with one each from Nawalparasi East, Syangja, and Udayapur districts.

# COVID-19 vaccination coverage status (as of 18 July 2023)

Vaccine	First dose	Second dose		
Covi-AstraZeneca	5,587,859	4,840,679		
Vero Cell	10,412,042	9,280,881		
Janssen	3,548,417			
Pfizer	5,034,134	3,893,257		
Moderna	3,229,951	2,840,075		

#### **SITUATION OVERVIEW**

(Data as of 23 July 2023)

#### **NEPAL**

# **Cumulative confirmed cases**

RT-PCR: 1,003,373
Antigen RDT: 154,060
Cumulative deaths: 12,031
Cumulative tests

RT-PCR: 6,050,733 Antigen RDT: 1,622,121

# **SOUTH-EAST ASIA REGION**

Cumulative cases (%) 61,195,902 (8%) Cumulative deaths (%) 806,560 (12%)

#### **GLOBAL**

Cumulative cases (%) 768,296,088 (100%) Cumulative deaths (%) 6,952,423 (100%)

# **NEPAL EPIDEMIOLOGICAL SITUATION**

- Since 9 May 2021, all 7 provinces in the country are experiencing community transmission.
- Since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic, a total of 78.2% (784,800/1,003,373) of RT-PCR confirmed cases were reported from three provinces, namely Koshi, Bagmati and Lumbini Provinces. The Kathmandu Valley area (Kathmandu, Bhaktapur, Lalitpur) in Bagmati Province has substantially high case load with 44.2% of the national total (443,065/1,003,373), and 81.4% of the provincial total (443,065/544,307).
- Province-wise, RT-PCR test positivity rate in Epi week 29 ranged from 0.0% (Gandaki Province) to 5.0% (Koshi Province) with a national positivity rate at 0.4%. Madhesh, Lumbini, Karnali and Sudurpaschim Provinces did not report any RT-PCR test performed in the last week.
- Nepal reported 3 new RT-PCR confirmed cases in Epi week 29, 200% more than that in the
  previous week. Of these total cases reported last week, 33% of the cases have been reported from
  Koshi Province.
- Nepal reported no death in Epi week 29, same as in the previous week.

#### **National Influenza Surveillance**

- WHO supported the National Influenza Centre (NIC) at NPHL to conduct a monthly virtual meeting
  with the staff of the National Influenza Surveillance Network (NISN), Provincial Public Health
  Laboratories (PPHLs), and sentinel hospitals on 19 July 2023. The main objective of the meeting
  was to update participants on the monthly activities conducted by these entities.
- WHO provided support to NIC-NPHL for conducting an onsite visit to Bir Hospital, and Sukraraj
  Tropical and Infectious Disease Hospital (STIDH). During the meeting at Bir Hospital, the hospital
  director was briefed about the NISN activities and encouraged to activate the hospital as a sentinel
  site. Meanwhile, at STIDH, discussions were held regarding the issues and challenges such as
  allocated days of sample collection for NISN.
- National Influenza Centre (NIC) NPHL reported 14 diagnostic Influenza samples on Epi week 29
  (17-23 July 2023). One sample was tested Influenza B Positive (to be subtyped). None of the
  samples tested positive for Influenza A and SARS-CoV-2.
- NIC NPHL received 5 Influenza samples from sentinel hospitals on Epi week 29 (17-23 July 2023).
   None of the samples tested positive for Influenza and SARS-CoV-2.
- PPHLs reported testing 95 samples for Influenza-SARS-CoV-2 using a Multiplex kit on Epi week 29 (17-23 July 2023).
  - Eight samples tested Influenza B Positive (yet to be subtyped)
  - One sample tested Influenza A Positive (yet to be subtyped)
  - o Two samples tested SARS-CoV-2 Positive
  - o A total of 2827 samples were tested by PPHLs from 2 Jan 23 July 2023.

# • From 2 January until 23 July 2023:

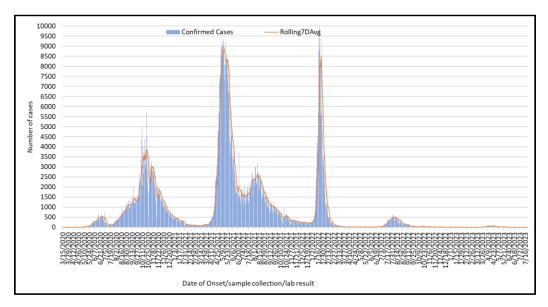
- A total of 567 samples have tested positive for Influenza [(79 Influenza B (lineage not determined), 89 Influenza B Victoria, 357 Influenza A/H3, and 42 Influenza A (H1N1) pdm09), 1 Influenza A (to be subtyped)] from 5225 samples (sentinel and non-sentinel SARI and ILI samples).
- Similarly, 217 samples tested positive for SARS-CoV-2 from dual testing of Influenza and SARS-CoV-2 in 4813 SARI and ILI samples received from sentinel and non-sentinel sites.<sup>1</sup>

WHO SEAR countries: Number of COVID-19 confirmed cases and cumulative incidence rate (per 100,000). Link Here- <a href="https://worldhealthorg.shinyapps.io/covid/">https://worldhealthorg.shinyapps.io/covid/</a>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> These positive cases are included in the COVID-19 database

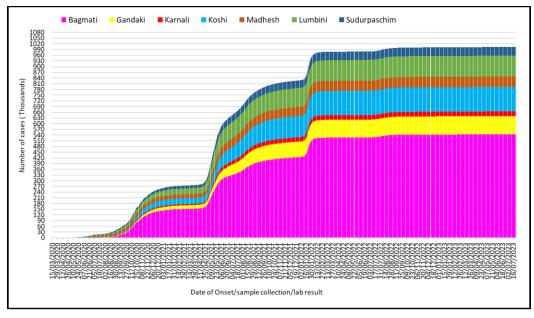
Figure 1: RT-PCR confirmed COVID-19 cases and average number of COVID-19 cases over the last seven days, by date of onset/sample/confirmation (N= 1003373) (Data reported on 23 July 2023 up to 19:00:00)



**Note:** The first case developed symptoms on 3 Jan 2020 in China and was confirmed on 23 Jan 2020 (not shown here). Reference dates used in order of preference as available – Date onset/Date of sample collection/Date of confirmation. Clinical information presented here is collected on the day of sample collection.

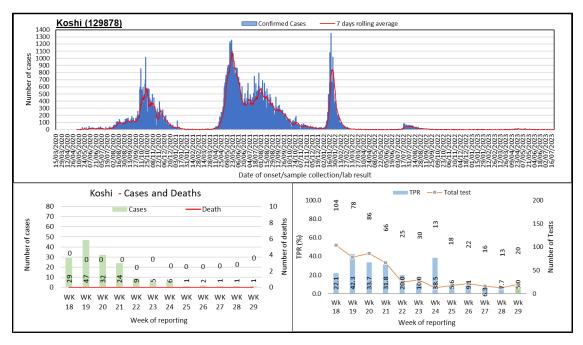
At the national level, the first wave of cases between July 2020 and February 2021 was followed by the second wave from the middle of March 2021. Since the middle of December 2021, a third wave of cases soared up exceeding the highest number of single day cases reported in the past surges towards the end of January 2022. Another wave of cases steadily soared up towards the middle of May 2022 following an overall declining trend since the middle of August 2022. Since the middle of March 2023, cases were soaring up, however the trend is continuously decreasing since the end of April 2023.

Figure 2: Cumulative case count of RT-PCR confirmed COVID-19 (N= 1003373) (Data reported on 23 July 2023 up to 19:00:00)



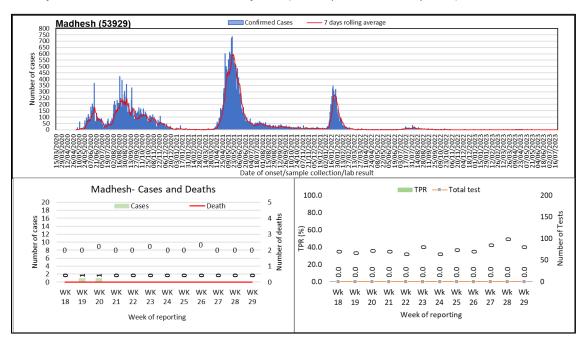
The cumulative case incidence has been increasing in Nepal since the first case was confirmed on 23 January 2020. Cases have been largely reported from Bagmati Province followed by Koshi and Lumbini Province.

Figure 3A1: RT- PCR confirmed COVID-19 cases in Koshi: Trend of Cases, 7 days Rolling Average, Weekly Cases and Deaths and Test Positivity Rate (Data reported on 23 July 2023)



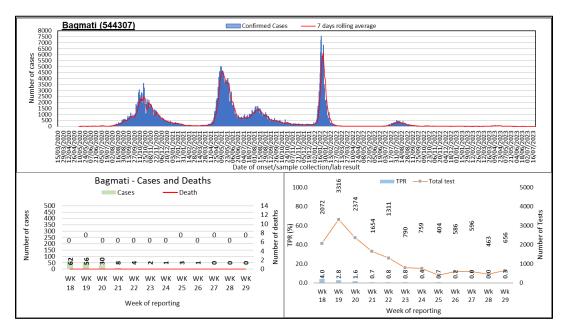
There was 1 new case reported in the past week in Koshi province, same as in the previous week. There was no death reported in the past week, same as in the previous week. The test positivity rate in Koshi province decreased to 5.0% in the past week. A total of 20 tests were performed in the past week, 54% more than that in the previous week.

Figure 3A2: RT- PCR confirmed COVID-19 cases in Madhesh Province: Trend of Cases, 7 days Rolling Average, Weekly Cases and Deaths and Test Positivity Rate (Data reported on 23 July 2023)



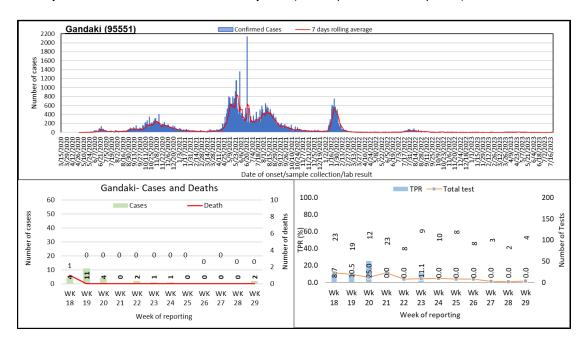
There was no new case reported in the past week in Madhesh province, same as in the previous week. There was no death reported in the past week, same as in the previous week. There was no test performed reported in the past week.

Figure 3A3: RT- PCR confirmed COVID-19 cases in Bagmati Province: Trend of Cases, 7 days Rolling Average, Weekly Cases and Deaths and Test Positivity Rate (Data reported on 23 July 2023)



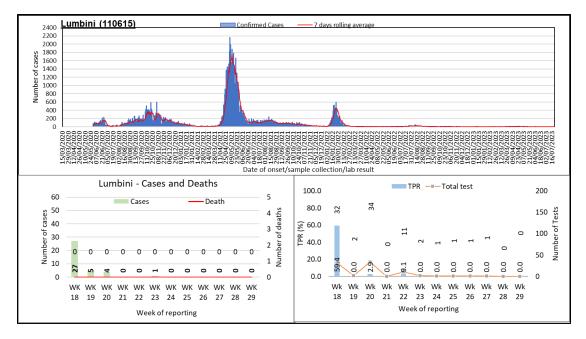
In Bagmati, no new case was reported in the past week, same as in the previous week. There was no death reported in the past week, same as in the previous week. The test positivity rate in Bagmati increased to 0.3% in the past week. A total of 656 tests were performed in the past week, 42% more than that in the previous week.

Figure 3A4: RT- PCR confirmed COVID-19 cases in Gandaki Province: Trend of Cases, 7 days Rolling Average, Weekly Cases and Deaths and Test Positivity Rate (Data reported on 23 July 2023)



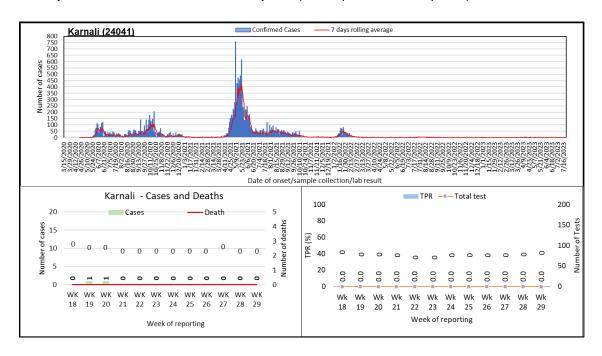
In Gandaki, 2 new cases were reported in the past week, increased from none in the previous week. There was no death reported in the past week, same as in the previous week. The test positivity rate in Gandaki retained at 0.0% in the past week. A total of 4 tests were performed in the past week, 100% more than that in the previous week.

Figure 3A5: RT- PCR confirmed COVID-19 cases in Lumbini Province: Trend of Cases, 7 days Rolling Average, Weekly Cases and Deaths and Test Positivity Rate (Data reported on 23 July 2023)



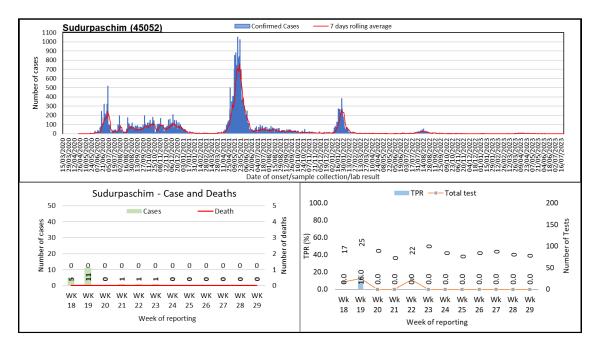
In Lumbini, no new case was reported in the past week, same as in the previous week. There was no death reported in the past week, same as in the previous week. There was no test performed reported in the past week.

Figure 3A6: RT- PCR confirmed COVID-19 cases in Karnali Province: Trend of Cases, 7 days Rolling Average, Weekly Cases and Deaths and Test Positivity Rate (Data reported on 23 July 2023)



In Karnali, no new case was reported in the past week, same as in the previous week. There was no death reported in the past week, same as in the previous week. There was no test performed reported in the past week.

Figure 3A7: RT- PCR confirmed COVID-19 cases in Sudurpaschim Province: Trend of Cases, 7 days Rolling Average, Weekly Cases and Deaths and Test Positivity Rate (Data reported on 23 July 2023)



In Sudurpaschim, no new case was reported in the past week, same as in the previous week. There was no death reported in the past week, same as in the previous week. There was no test performed reported in the past week.

Table 1: Summary of confirmed COVID-19 cases, deaths, and transmission by Provinces (Data reported on 23 July 2023 up to 19:00:00)

porting Province	Total confirmed cumulative cases RT-PCR test	Total Confirmed cumulative cases Antigen RDT test	Total *confirmed cumulative cases	% of total confirmed cumulative cases	Total cumulative deaths	Transmi ssion classific ation	Total confirmed cases in last 14 days Antigen RDT test	Total confirmed cases in last 14 days RT-PCR test	Total confirme d cases in last 14 days	% of total confirme d cumulati ve cases in last 14 days	Total Deaths in last 14 days
Koshi	129878	30391	160269	14.1	1722	**CT	0	2	2	28.6	0
Madhesh	53929	1187	55116	4.9	783	СТ	0	0	0	0.0	0
Bagmati	544307	33414	577721	50.9	5210	СТ	1	0	1	14.3	0
Gandaki	95551	24885	120436	10.6	1430	СТ	0	2	2	28.6	0
Lumbini	110615	28511	139126	12.3	1874	СТ	1	0	1	14.3	0
Karnali	24041	6450	30491	2.7	492	СТ	0	0	0	0.0	0
Sudurpaschim	45052	6547	51599	4.5	520	СТ	1	0	1	14.3	0
National Total	1003373	131385*	1134758	100	12031	СТ	3	4	7	100	0

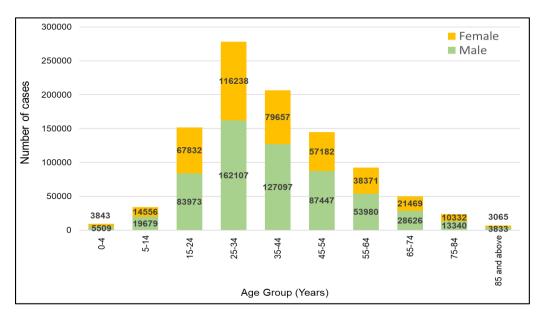
\*Total reported in Health Emergency Operation Center (HEOC) Sitrep as of 23 July 2023 154060, IMU reported 131385

#### Notes:

- 1. The source for the case data used in this update is from RT- PCR test positivity reported by laboratories from various locations across Nepal, as shared by HEOC Sitrep; and IMU/IHIMS.
- 2. Case data is screened and cleaned by our data team for double entry, wrong entries, and manual errors such as city names in place of districts, district names in place of province etc.
- 3. Whereas the test positivity rate is calculated based on the test positivity reported in Sitrep for RT-PCR which may or may not be scrutinized or cleaned the same way and mark the cases on location of the laboratories rather than their place of residence.

<sup>\*\*</sup> CT: Community Transmission

Figure 4: Distribution of RT-PCR positive COVID-19 cases by age and sex (N= 998136) (Data reported on 23 July 2023 up to 19:00:00)



Core epidemiological variables under process for 5237 cases.

Overall, the sex-distribution remains skewed towards males. The incidence of cases is higher in the economically productive age group (15-54 years) for both males and females.

Table 2: Age Specific Case Fatality Ratio and Co-morbidity of Deaths in RT-PCR confirmed COVID-19 cases (N= 1003370) (Data reported on 23 July 2023 up to 19:00:00)

Age Group (Years)	Total confirmed cases	Death (male)	Death (female)	Deaths with any known comorbid condition	Age specific case fatality ratio (%)
0-4	9352	16	23	13	0.42
5-14	34235	13	7	10	0.06
15-24	151805	92	97	71	0.12
25-34	278345	388	265	152	0.23
35-44	206754	875	452	281	0.64
45-54	144629	1398	646	577	1.41
55-64	92351	1692	803	784	2.7
65-74	50095	1641	894	959	5.06
75-84	23672	1229	660	775	7.98
85+	6898	524	290	280	11.8
Unknown	5237	19	7	11	0.5
National	1003373	7887	4144	3913	1.20

 ${\it Case Fatality \ ratio \ (CFR, in\%) = \frac{Number \ of \ deaths \ from \ disease}{Number \ of \ confirmed \ cases \ of \ disease} \times 100}}{\it COVID-19 \ positive \ lab \ result \ is \ temporally \ associated \ with \ death; \ causal \ association \ under \ investigation.}}$ 

A total of 12,031 deaths have been reported. Out of the total deaths, 7,887 (65.6%) were male and 4,144 (34.4%) were female. Amongst the deaths, 3,913 persons (32.5%) had at least one known comorbidity. The age specific case fatality ratio (CFR) progressively increases with age, ranging from 0.06% to 11.8%.

#### PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE

# What are the Government of Nepal (GoN) & the Ministry of Health & Population (MoHP) doing?

• From 3 November 2022 onwards, the Government of Nepal has started administrating second dose COVID-19 booster vaccination for people aged 55 years and above and the vulnerable population group (immune-deficiency/chronic patients, pregnant women, and health workers).

# What is the WHO Country Office for Nepal doing?

# **Laboratory Diagnosis**

- WHO Nepal has been providing support to the National Public Health Laboratory (NPHL) in continued routine work.
- WHO provided technical support to the National Public Health Laboratory (NPHL) in standardization of macrogen RSV primer and probe for RSV diagnosis and in the preparation of Standard Operating Procedure (SoP) and Protocol for RSV diagnosis using macrogen primer probe.

# **Technical Expertise and Training**

Continued routine work from the team of Technical Expertise and Training.<sup>2</sup>

# **Operational Support and Logistics**

Continued routine work from the team of Operation Support and Logistics.<sup>3</sup>

# Risk Communication and Community Engagement

- Weekly COVID-19 Epi Dashboard was uploaded on ReliefWeb (link here) and WHO, Country
  Office for Nepal, website (link here).
- The Weekly WHO Nepal COVID-19 Situation Update was uploaded on ReliefWeb (link <a href="here">here</a>) and WHO, Country Office for Nepal, website (link <a href="here">here</a>).
- The Focused COVID-19 and Health Media Monitoring was uploaded on ReliefWeb (link here).

# What are the health clusters partners doing?

Continued routine work from the team of Partner Coordination and Donor Relation<sup>4</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The routine works of the technical expertise and training team included technical support to the Ministry of Health and Population and its department for developing different guidelines/manuals, conducting health programs, and conducting capacity building activities. To perform these activities, the team coordinates and discuss with relevant government authorities and partners for effective planning and conducting the various activities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The routine works of the operation support and logistics team included technical support to the Management Division of the Department of Health Services for the forecasting, quantification, procurement, and distribution plan of COVID-19 commodities. The other routine activities included daily operational support to the WHO country office and seven provincial health emergency operation centers, including fleet and travel management and the procurement of required logistics and supplies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The routine works include coordinating with all the divisions, units, centers of Ministry of Health and Population (MoHP) and Department of Health Services (DoHS), and the health partners for effective conduction of Health Cluster Coordination meeting. Furthermore, the works included the documentation and distribution of meeting minutes, health partner's support updates in the 3Ws (Who, What, Where) and thematic mapping, updates of WHO's support in the UNRCO 3W sheet, participate in multi-sectoral and emergency and disaster preparedness and response platforms and activities and the humanitarian country team operational meetings. Moreover, necessary support for effective coordination of Health Emergency Operation Centre (HEOC) with different stakeholders is provided.

- UNICEF and WHO are providing overall support for COVID-19 vaccination in close coordination with health partners and donors.
- All members of the Health Cluster are supporting the COVID-19 vaccination campaign of Nepal.
- Health partners are continuing their technical, operational, and logistics support for COVID-19 responses to health-related offices and institutions throughout the country.

# WHO'S STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES FOR COVID-19 RESPONSE- <u>link here</u> RECOMMENDATION AND ADVICE FOR THE PUBLIC

- Protect yourself
- Questions and answers
- Travel advice
- EPI-WIN: tailored information for individuals, organizations, and communities

#### **USEFUL LINKS**

- MoHP COVID-19 official portal is available here.
- Nepal COVID-19 regular updates and resources are available here
- For COVID-19 updates from the WHO South-East Asia Region Office, please visit here.
- For information about coronavirus disease (COVID-19) from WHO, please visit here
- Please visit this site for all technical guidance from WHO.
- Online courses on COVID-19 from WHO can be found here
- WHO Coronavirus (COVID-19) Dashboard can be found here
- Visit the WHO Nepal Facebook page and webpage on COVID-19 here

#### **CONTACT DETAILS**

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