# Situation Update #180 - Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) WHO Country Office for Nepal

# Reporting Date: 18 - 24 September 2023 (Epi Week 38)

#### **HIGHLIGHTS**

(Data published in the MoHP Daily Bulletin as of 24 September 2023 and same data published in EDCD Report as of 25 September 2023)

• This week, there were nine confirmed cases reported

### **SITUATION OVERVIEW**

Data as of 24 September 2023

#### NEPAL

Cumulative confirmed cases: 1,157,508 Cumulative deaths:

12,031 **Cumulative tests:** 7,686,767

#### **NEPAL EPIDEMIOLOGICAL SITUATION**

- Since 9 May 2021, all 7 provinces in the country are experiencing community transmission
- Since the beginning of the COVID-19 pandemic, the country has reported a total of 1,157,508 confirmed cases.
- The test positivity rate for Epi week 38 was reported as 0.8% at the national level.
- A total of 9 new confirmed cases were reported in Epi week 38, which is 29% more compared to the previous week.
- No death was reported in Epi week 38, the same as in the previous week

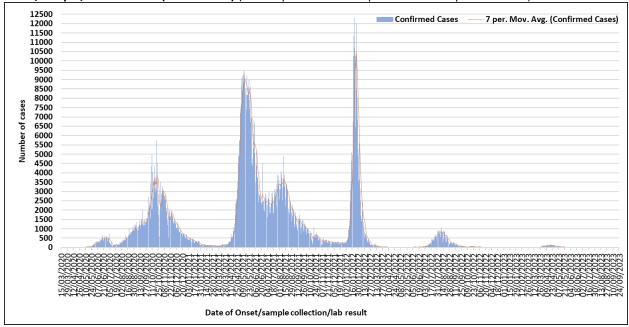
#### National Influenza Surveillance

- The National Influenza Centre (NIC) National Public Health Laboratory (NPHL) reported 47 diagnostic Influenza samples on Epi week 38 (18-24 September 2023)
  - o Four samples tested Influenza A/H3 positive
  - o Two samples tested Influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 positive
  - One sample tested Influenza B Victoria positive
- NIC-NPHL received 16 Influenza samples from sentinel hospitals on Epi week 38 (18-24 September 2023)
  - o One sample tested Influenza B Victoria positive
- Provincial Public Health Laboratories (PPHLs) reported testing 86 samples for Influenza-SARS-CoV 2 using a Multiplex kit on Epi week 38 (18-24 September 2023)
  - Six samples tested A/H3 positive
  - o Four samples tested Influenza A (yet to be subtyped) positive
  - o Three samples tested Influenza B (lineage not determined) positive
  - o One sample tested Influenza B Victoria positive
  - Two samples tested SARS-CoV-2 positive

- A total of 3454 samples were tested by PPHLs from 2 January 24 September 2023
- From 2 January until 24 September 2023:
  - A total of 775 samples tested positive for Influenza [(74 Influenza B (lineage not determined), 157 Influenza B Victoria, 4 Influenza A (yet to be subtyped), 488 Influenza A/H3, and 52 Influenza A (H1N1) pdm09)] from 6,572 samples (sentinel and non-sentinel SARI and ILI samples).
  - Similarly, 253 samples tested positive for SARS-CoV-2 from dual testing of Influenza and SARS-CoV-2 in 6,090 SARI and ILI samples received from sentinel and non-sentinel sites<sup>1</sup>

WHO SEAR countries: Number of COVID-19 confirmed cases and cumulative incidence rate (per 100,000). Link Here - <a href="https://worldhealthorg.shinyapps.io/covid/">https://worldhealthorg.shinyapps.io/covid/</a>

Figure 1: Confirmed COVID-19 cases and average number of COVID-19 cases over the last seven days, by date of onset/sample/confirmation (N= 1157508) (Data reported on 24 September 2023 up to 19:00:00)



**Note:** The first case developed symptoms on 3 Jan 2020 in China and was confirmed on 23 Jan 2020 (not shown here). Reference dates used in order of preference as available – Date onset/Date of sample collection/Date of confirmation. Clinical information presented here is collected on the day of sample collection.

At the national level, the first wave of cases between July 2020 and February 2021 was followed by the second wave from the middle of March 2021. Since the middle of December 2021, a third wave of cases soared up exceeding the highest number of single day cases reported in the past surges towards the end of January 2022. Another wave of cases steadily soared up towards the middle of May 2022 following an overall declining trend since the middle of August 2022. Since the middle of March 2023, cases were soaring up, however there has been continuous decline in cases since the end of April 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> These positive cases are included in the COVID-19 database Situation Update #180 - Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) WHO Country Office for Nepal Friday 29 September 2023

#### PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE

## What are the Government of Nepal (GoN) & the Ministry of Health & Population (MoHP) doing?

• From 3 November 2022 onwards, the Government of Nepal has started administrating second dose of COVID-19 booster vaccination for people aged 55 years and above and the vulnerable population group (immune-deficiency/chronic patients, pregnant women, and health workers).

## What is the WHO Country Office for Nepal doing?

## Leadership

• WHO provided routine support, daily epidemiological situational analysis, and shared relevant regional and global updates to MoHP.

## **Laboratory Diagnosis**

• A total of 7,686,767 (RT-PCR and Antigen) tests were performed nationwide by 110 designated COVID-19 labs functional across the nation (as of 24 September 2023).

## **Technical Expertise and Training**

Continued routine work from Technical Expertise and Training team<sup>2</sup>.

## **Operational Support and Logistics**

Continued routine work from the team of Operation Support and Logistics.<sup>3</sup>

#### Risk Communication and Community Engagement

- IEC materials highlighting the updates from the 78<sup>th</sup> UN General Assembly, including preparedness for future pandemics, were shared on social media.
- Weekly COVID-19 EPI Dashboard was uploaded on ReliefWeb (link here) and WHO, Country Office
  for Nepal, website (link here). The Weekly WHO Nepal COVID-19 Situation Update was uploaded
  on ReliefWeb (link here) and WHO, Country Office for Nepal, website (link here).
- The Focused COVID-19 and Health Media Monitoring was uploaded on ReliefWeb (link here).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The routine works of the technical expertise and training team included technical support to the Ministry of Health and Population and its department for developing different guidelines/manuals, conducting health programs, and conducting capacity building activities. To perform these activities, the team coordinates and discuss with relevant government authorities and partners for effective planning and conducting the various activities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The routine works of the operation support and logistics team included technical support to the Management Division of the Department of Health Services for the forecasting, quantification, procurement, and distribution plan of COVID-19 commodities. The other routine activities included daily operational support to the WHO country office and seven provincial health emergency operation centers, including fleet and travel management and the procurement of required logistics and supplies.

# What are the health clusters partners doing?

- Continued routine work from the team of Partner Coordination and Donor Relation<sup>4</sup>
- UNICEF and WHO are providing overall support for COVID-19 vaccination in close coordination with health partners and donors.
- All members of the Health Cluster are supporting the COVID-19 vaccination campaign of Nepal.
- Health partners are continuing their technical, operational, and logistics support for COVID-19 responses to health-related offices and institutions throughout the country.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The routine works include coordinating with all the divisions, units, centers of Ministry of Health and Population (MoHP) and Department of Health Services (DoHS), and the health partners for effective conduction of Health Cluster Coordination meeting. Furthermore, the works included the documentation and distribution of meeting minutes, health partner's support updates in the 3Ws (Who, What, Where) and thematic mapping, updates of WHO's support in the UNRCO 3W sheet, participate in multi-sectoral and emergency and disaster preparedness and response platforms and activities and the humanitarian country team operational meetings. Moreover, necessary support for effective coordination of Health Emergency Operation Centre (HEOC) with different stakeholders is provided.

## WHO's STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES FOR COVID-19 RESPONSE- link here

#### RECOMMENDATION AND ADVICE FOR THE PUBLIC

- Protect yourself
- Questions and answers
- Travel advice
- EPI-WIN: tailored information for individuals, organizations, and communities

#### **USEFUL LINKS**

- MoHP COVID-19 official portal is available <u>here</u>.
- Nepal COVID-19 regular updates and resources are available <u>here</u>
- For COVID-19 updates from the WHO South-East Asia Region Office, please visit here.
- For information about coronavirus disease (COVID-19) from WHO, please visit here
- Please visit this <u>site</u> for all technical guidance from WHO.
- Online courses on COVID-19 from WHO can be found here
- WHO Coronavirus (COVID-19) Dashboard can be found <u>here</u>
- Visit the WHO Nepal Facebook page and webpage on COVID-19 here

#### **CONTACT DETAILS**

#### **WHO Representative**

Dr. Rajesh Sambhajirao Pandav

WHO Representative to the Government of Nepal

Email: <a href="mailto:pandavr@who.int">pandavr@who.int</a>

## WHO Incident Manager/ Health Cluster Co-lead

Dr. Allison Gocotano

Team Leader - WHO Health Emergencies Program (WHE)

WHO Country Office for Nepal Email: <a href="mailto:gocotanoa@who.int">gocotanoa@who.int</a>

## **Communication/Media Focal Point**

Ms. Tsering Dolkar Gurung

Media, Communication and Public Information Officer

WHO Country Office for Nepal

Email: gurungt@who.int