

Regional Consultation on Nutrition and HIV/AIDS in French Speaking Countries in Africa Region

Evidence, lessons and recommendations for action

Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso

17-20 November 2008

PROVISIONAL PROGRAMME

Monday 17 November 2008

16:00 - 17:30	Registration
17:30 - 18:30	Opening Ceremony*
18:30 - 19:30	Reception

Tuesday 18 November 2008

09:00 - 09:30	Objectives of the consultation Introduction of the agenda and participants selection of Chair and rapporteur <i>Abel Dushimimana</i>
09:30 - 10:00	Nutrition and HIV: Where do we stand and what are the gaps? Burden of disease in the region - Epidemiology of HIV and Nutrition <i>ATM/AFRO representative</i>
10:00 - 10:30	Nutrition cost of HIV in the individual – summarize evidence <i>Randa Saadeh</i>
10:30 - 11:00	Coffee Break
11:00 - 11:30	Nutrition and ART: Overview of current regimens in the Region and update on the evidence base <i>Dan Raiten (NIH)</i>
11:30 - 12:00	Update on micronutrients and HIV/AIDS <i>Mark Manary (Washington University, St. Louis, USA)</i>
12:00 - 12:15	Pregnant and lactating women in HIV setting <i>Macoura Oulare (WCARO, UNICEF)</i>
12:15 - 12:30	Overview of progress made on Nutrition and HIV in West Africa <i>Sergei Diene (FANTA/FINSA)</i>

12:30 - 13:30	Lunch
13:30 - 14:00	Integrating nutrition and food assistance into HIV care and treatment The WHO/WFP manual <i>Micheline Diepart</i>
14:00 -14:30	Group Work 1: Country based work group on integration Why the integration? How is it done? Can we have a framework for priority actions? <i>Randa Saadeh</i> Integrating nutrition and HIV for children - a guidance note (<i>UNICEF</i>)
14:30 - 16:00	Introduction to working groups <i>Randa Saadeh</i> , Countries to be divided into three working groups to discuss the following questions: ▪ What are the mechanisms that help to integrate nutrition and HIV plans and actions? ▪ What you foresee as gaps, constraints and strengths for this integration process? ▪ What are the resources, knowledge, tools needed to facilitate this integration <i>(Guidelines to be shared with participants and sign off sheets)</i>
16:00 - 16:30	Coffee break
16:30 - 17:00	<u>Experiences from the field</u> Burkina Faso <i>TBD</i> Côte d'Ivoire <i>TBD</i> Integrated Package of Essential Nutritional Services (IPENS) as national strategy to strengthen Nutritional Care and Support for People Living with HIV in Senegal. <i>Djibril Cissé (HKI).</i>

Wednesday 19 November 2008

08:00 - 09:00	Feedback from country based group work on integration
09:00 - 09:30	Experiences from the Region - Have we been successful after Durban 2005 and ECOWAS in 2006? <i>Ismael Thiam (WAHO)</i>
09:30 - 10:00	Nutrition considerations in HIV/AIDS and opportunistic infections (TB and malaria) <i>Roland Kupka (UNICEF)</i>

10:00 - 10:30	Coffee Break <i>(Distribute initial draft of Participants' Statement)</i>
10:30 - 12:30	<u>Infant and young child nutrition in the context of HIV and child survival</u> 1/ Global Strategy for infant and young child feeding and child survival <i>Randa Saadeh (20 mins)</i> 2/ Regional perspective on infant feeding and PMTCT (Implementation of a National Strategy for infant and young child feeding in the context of HIV and child survival by countries in the African region) <i>Charles Sagoe- Moses (20 mins)</i> 3/ Infant feeding and HIV/AIDS: Technical update and recommendations <i>Jean Humphrey (20 mins)</i> Discussion on first 3 presentations <i>(15 mins)</i> 4/ Country experience on Infant and Young Child Nutrition <i>(2 x 15 mins)</i> • Niger • Senegal Discussion <i>(15 mins)</i>
12:30 - 13:30	Lunch <i>(Collecting initial feedback on participant statement)</i>
13:30 - 14:30	<u>Infant and young child nutrition in the context of HIV and child survival</u> (Cont'd) 5/ Nutritional care of children with HIV - a case study <i>Carmen Casanovas (25 mins)</i> 6/ How does HIV influence the treatment of malnutrition in children? <i>Mark Manary (25 mins)</i> Discussion <i>(10 mins)</i>
14:30 - 16:30	Thematic Group Work 2: Action Plan Development Introduction to working groups <i>Carmen Casanovas</i> ▪ Nutrition and PMTCT ▪ Management of malnutrition in the context of HIV ▪ Nutrition, ART and co-morbidities (HIV, TB and malaria)
16:30 - 17:00	Coffee break

- 17:00 - 18:30** Panel Session: Resource mobilization for addressing nutrition problems in WHO/AFRO Region.
- Integrating nutritional interventions into funding proposal - Did we make a difference?
- Global Perspective *Randa Saadeh*
Regional Perspective *Charles Sagoe-Moses*
- Global Funds, NIH, PEPFAR, UNICEF, WHO, WFP, UNAIDS, IAEA, FAO
Dan Raiten, Randa Saadeh (facilitators)

Thursday 20 November 2008

- 08:00 - 09:00** Feedback from day 2 group work
- Release second draft of Participant Statement*
- 09:00 - 09:30** New approaches to the care on nutrition and HIV
- Stable isotope techniques to develop and evaluate nutrition interventions
Lena Davidsson (IAEA)
- 09:30 - 10:00** Nutrition and HIV: ensuring continuum of care
Kathy Krasovec (PATH)
- 10:00 - 10:30** How modern improvement methods help integrate nutrition assessment, counselling and care into clinical management of HIV/AIDS patients
Jorge Hermida (HCI)
- 10:30 - 11:00** Coffee Break
- 11:00 - 12:00** Monitoring and evaluation in the context of nutrition and HIV
Carmen Casanovas (40 mins)
- Issues to consider:
- Nutrition assessment, use of data for programme development/review
 - Monitoring and evaluation clinical issues on nutrition and HIV
 - Monitoring nutrition and HIV programme, use of data
 - Indicators for monitoring and evaluation nutrition and HIV
- Discussion (20 mins)
- 12:00 - 12:30** Regional Strategy on HIV - Implementation of food and nutrition interventions in response to HIV in West and Central Africa
Olivier Nkakudulu (WFP)
- 12:30 - 14:00** **Lunch**
- 14:00 - 14:45** Voices from the field
(2 x 20 minutes presentations individual and country)
TBD

- 14:45 - 15:30** Proposed next steps and moving forward - Panel
WHO, UNICEF, WFP, HKI, NGO
- 15:30 - 16:15** Review of Participants' Statement
- 16:15 - 16:30** Closing ceremony

This consultation is jointly sponsored by WHO, NIH and the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA)