

INTERNATIONAL EMF PROJECT 23th International Advisory Committee

Portorož, Slovenia 20 - 22 June, 2018

National Report (Republic of Korea)

1. EMF regulations and standards

The EMF exposure limits in Republic of Korea were established in 2001 (MIST Notification No. 2017-7) and enforced since April 2002. Ministry of Science and ICT (MSIT) is responsible for EMF regulations, except power lines which is regulated by MOTIE (Ministry of Trade, Industry and Energy). National Radio Research Agency (RRA) is in charge of the standards. The EMF exposure limits of SAR in Korea are based on the international standards developed by IEEE (FCC guideline). Until Dec. 2012, only the limit of local SAR for head had been mandated. The SAR limits for workers and for body, limbs and whole-body average were adopted and effective from January 2013. The limits of electromagnetic field level are based on the international standards developed by ICNIRP in 1998. The new ELF EMF guideline adopted by ICNIRP in 2010 is not adopted yet in Korea.

There are two measurement standards for electromagnetic field strength and SAR (RRA Notifications No. 2017-8, 2017-7). The devices and installations regulated for SAR and electromagnetic field strength are described in the separate notification (MSIT Notification No. 2017-7). The assessment results for the electromagnetic field level for the broadcasting stations (aggregated antenna power > 60 W) and the base stations (aggregated antenna power > 30 W or 60 W, depending on the type of the communication system) before putting into service or during the periodic inspection (5-year terms) (Clause 65 of Presidential Decree of Radio Wave Act) shall be reported. Regulations for high-power stations (over 500 W) were added on Dec. 12, 2017, and the regulation for Household Appliances was mandated since Dec. 2016 ?? (Electric blankets: since July 2017, IH cooker, hobs and hotplates: from Jan. 2019).

The regulation for EMF rating and labelling was enforced from August 1, 2014 (MSIT Notification No. 2017-20). The operators of radio stations should affix the labels for EMF strength rating in an appropriate place. For portable devices used in direct contact with the head, those who manufacture or import such devices should affix the labels for SAR rating, and/or display the highest SAR values appropriately.

2. Public Concerns and Risk Communications

The public concerns about EMF are still very high in Korea. Several hundreds of Over 500?? public appeals against the radiation of electro-magnetic energy from base stations have been submitted to government offices and operators in a year. Regarding power lines and substations, more than hundred about 170?? complaints have been filed to KEPCO (Korea Electric Power Corporation). Government offices, operators and KEPCO are actively taking care of such complaints.

EMF web sites for interactive and bilateral communication (www.rra.go.kr/emf, www.emf.or.kr, www.emf60hz.com, home.kepco.co.kr) have been providing EMF related information, including the guidelines for the safe use of home appliances and mobile phones, Q&A, videos for education and forum offered by RRA. Especially, from 2012 the information on the SAR values of each mobile-phone model, including the kid's phone and watch phone from April 2015, was opened to the public through this website. RRA also endeavors to provide the correct information on electromagnetic waves and to alleviate the concerns of the general public through interactive communications. Since 2015, RRA has been running the education programs on electromagnetic wave safety and forums to enhance the bilateral risk communication with the public. Currently, we are expanding the target audiences of the education programs and forums, and also developing new contents such as issue reports, videos for EMF experiment, etc.

KEPCO also operates the Public Information Dissemination Center since 2006. From 2004, two kinds of Newsletters, one for EMF measurement standards and the other one for biological effects, exposure limits and policies are published biannually. Every other year, a survey on "perception for EMF exposure and its hazard" for general public or experts is performed.

3. Researches on the biological effects of EMF

To scientifically identify the effects of the electromagnetic fields on human health, the research project has been performed since 2013, which is titled as "A Study on the EMF exposure control in smart society with total 1.942 billion KRW per year funded by MSIT. Under the superintendence of ETRI (Electronics and Telecommunications Research Institute), several universities as well as an academic society (KIEES, Korean Institute of Electromagnetic Engineering and Science) are joined for the project. Main research topics of the project are as follows:

- Development of anatomically realistic human body model (adult male/female) and head model for simulating exposure assessment, development and maintenance of RF exposure system for *in-vivo/in-vitro* study, performed by ETRI (Electronics and Telecommunications Research Institute)
- WP1, WP2, and WP6 of GERoNiMO Project (ETRI and DKU)
 WP1 (Birth cohort study), WP2 (Cancer risk in young people Mobi-Kids), WP6 (Cumulative and integrated exposure assessment)
- Korea-Japan Joint Case-control Study (ETRI and DKU)
 - EMF exposure index for epidemiological studies on health effect due to radiation from a mobile phone (Korea-Japan EA algorithm), Standardization of Korean head models and applicant to SAR evaluation of mobile phone and Korea-Japan data analysis on the association between EMF by mobile phone use and brain cancer
- Cohort study on the relation between mobile-phone use and behavioral cognitive development of pregnant women and children (ETRI and DKU)
 - Epidemiological study on mobile phone use and cognitive function in elderly people (DKU) and Analysis of body shadowing effect on wearing EMF measurement device for epidemiology study(ETRI)
- *In vivo* and *in vitro* study to investigate the effect of RF exposure on Alzheimer's disease (EWU and KIRMS)
- In vivo study to investigate the biological effects of RF (CDMA, RFID, etc.) exposure (AJU)
- In vivo study to investigate the biological effects of ELF exposure, performed by Hallym University

A project in ELF frequency band launched in 2015 is ongoing and will finish at the end of this year. KEPCO (Korea Electric Power Corporation) funded this project. One of the main research objectives is to investigate worker exposure to 60 Hz magnetic field in the working environments (especially, substation), to set the worker exposure limit value to 60 Hz magnetic field and to establish ELF EMF management planning for workers. The research period is 38 months. KERI, KESRI (Korea Electrical Engineering & Science Research Institute), Inje University, Hoseo University and Soon Chun Hyang University are participating in this project.

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