## **Epidemiological Highlights**

Epidemiological Week (EW) 38, 2025; 14-20 September 2025





## **EWARS surveillance update for EW38, 2025**

Total Rohingya population	1,156,001*
Total population under surveillance	1,118,996 (97%)
Number of EWARS reporting site	98
Number of weekly report received	96
Completness	98% (Cumulative 100%)
Timeliness	96% (Cumulative 86%)
Alert	102 (7% increase compared to the previous week)

<sup>\*</sup>Joint Government of Bangladesh-UNHCR Population Factsheet as of 31 August 2025 **Note**: The Updated surveillance data is based on current data and maybe slightly differ from previous updates for the same week due to fluidly reporting





## Proportional morbidity & upsurges/outbreak in EW38, 2025

#### **Proportional morbidity**

Acute Respiratory Infections (21.8%), Acute Watery Diarrhea (2.3%) and Unexplained fever (1.2%) were the diseases and health conditions with the highest proportional morbidity this week.

#### **Upsurges/outbreak**

**Dengue**: The weekly cases continue to decline in the past 10 weeks including this week, a total of 5,717 cases including 6 deaths (CFR-0.1%) have so far been recorded. Serotyping results from 18 samples indicate that DENV1 detected among 11 samples (61%) while DENV2 (2 samples) and DENV3 (1 Sample) unlike last two years (2023 and 2024) when DENV2 was predominant.

**Chikungunya:** This week, one RDT positive Chikungunya cases were reported. A total of 24 RDT positive Chikungunya cases (22 in camps and 2 in host population) have so far been reported in camps. Cases been detected surveillance of unexplained fever cases under EWARS.

**Measles**: Cumulatively Six (6) laboratory confirmed measles case was reported from camp 1W (1), 2E (1), 9 (1), 14 (1), 17 (2) and 9 Rubella confirmed cases reported from camps 1W (3); 2W (2), 3 (1), 14 (1), 17 (1), 24 (1).

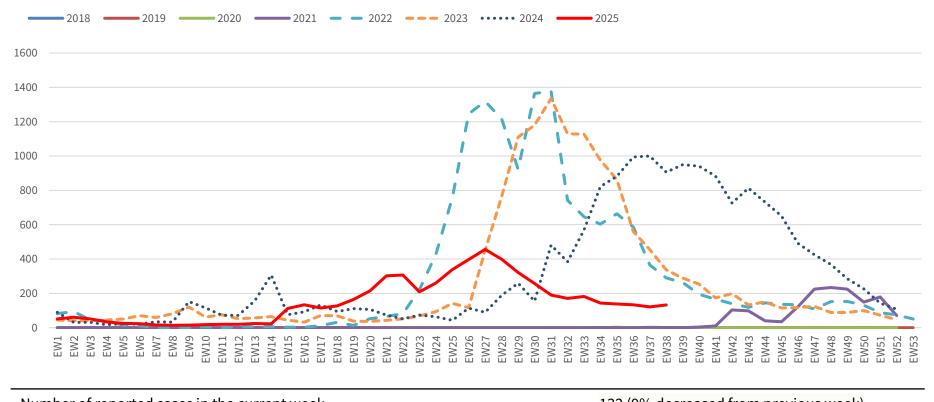
**Diphtheria:** No confirmed cases this week & last 12 weeks. Transmission controlled, 6 confirmed cases & zero death so far reported in 2025

**Cholera**: Transmission remains largely under control, although a few sporadic cases were reported in recent weeks. The overall trend continues to show a sustained decline, with limited resurgence observed since Epi week 35 (24 August 2025).





## Annual trendlines for weekly dengue confirmed cases from 2018-EW38, 2025



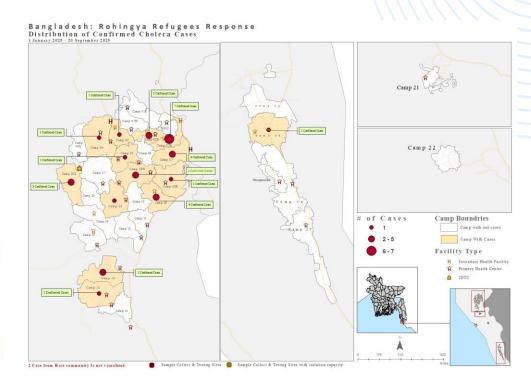
Number of reported cases in the current week	132 (9% decreased from previous week)
Cumulative cases in 2025	5,717
Number of reported deaths 2025 (current week)	6 (0)
Case fatality rate (%), 2025	0.1%
Proportion (%) of cases required hospital admissions in 2025	11%





## Table and spot map of Cholera suspected and confirmed cases from 2018-EW38, 2025

- Six (6) new suspected cases were reported this week.
- Total of 55 culture confirmed cases reported so far 2025 as follows
  - Three new culture confirmed cases, 1 in EW32 (camp 14) and 2 in EW35 (camp 2W and host in Ramu Upazila)
  - 52 culture confirmed cases from previous outbreak reported from EW1-5, 2025/29 January 2025
- last confirmed case was reported 24 August.
- There is zero confirmed cholera death (CFR-0%)
   so far in 2025



	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Culture-confirmed for Cholera	7	184	5	136	70	81	531	55

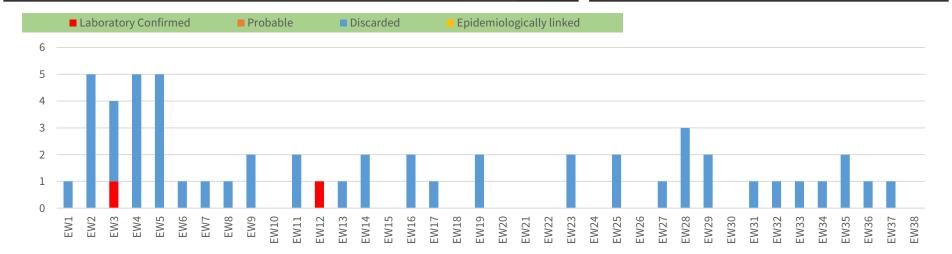




## Table on the epidemiological classification of diphtheria cases from 2017-EW38, 2025

Classification	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Lab. Confirmed	66	226	31	19	30	56	7	4	6
Probable*	1 154	1 555	60	9	29	3	24	0	0
Negative/sample not collected	1 796	3 549	523	198	118	349	250	119	52
Death	30	14	3	0	5	2	1	0	0

Number of reported cases in current week	0
Cumulative cases in 2025	58
Number of reported deaths in week (cumulative deaths)	0 (0)
Date of last confirmed case	20 March 2025
Date of last death	15 May 2023

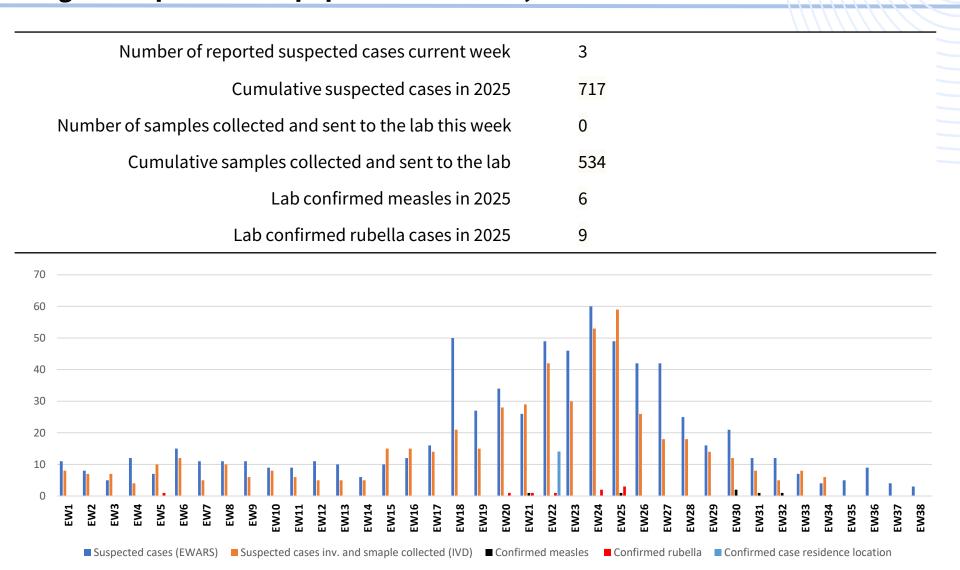


<sup>\*</sup>A case that meets the clinical standard of the suspected case and is strongly suspected to be a Diphtheria case.





## Table and epi curve for suspected measles and rubella cases in Rohingya refugee camps and host population of EW38, 2025

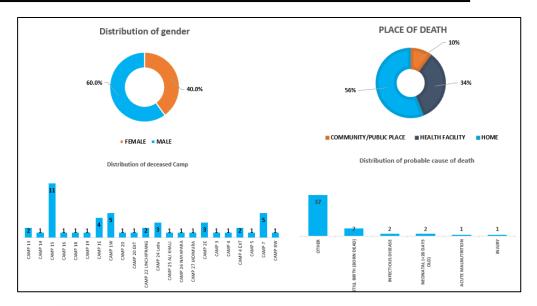






## Table on proportionate mortality and their distribution by gender, place of deaths and probable causes of EW38, 2025

Probable causes of death	Epi week 38	In 2025
Still Birth	7 (14%)	94 (11%)
Neonatal Death (<28 days old)	2 (4%)	70 (8%)
Infectious Disease	2 (4%)	24 (3%)
Severe Acute Respiratory Infection (SARI)		28 (3%)
Injury	1 (2%)	16 (2%)
Maternal Death		6 (1%)
Acute Malnutrition	1 (2%)	4 (0.5%)
Other	37 (74%)	622 (73%)
Total	50 (100%)	864 (100%)







# Bangladesh

Rohingya Emergency Response

Early Warning, Alert and Response System (EWARS)

Epidemiological Bulletin W38 2025







#### **Contents**

#### Highlights

Slide 1	Table 1 Coverage
	Table 2 Early warning performance
	Table 3 Alert performance

#### **Early Warning**

Slide 2	Map 1a Ukhia completeness by site/zone		
	Map 1b Teknaf completeness by site/zone		
Slide 3	Table 4 Ukhia (Northern group) performance by site/zone		
	Map 2 Ukhia (Northern group) completeness by site/zone		
Slide 4	Table 5 Ukhia (Southern group) performance by site/zone		
	Map 3 Ukhia (Southern group) completeness by site/zone		
Slide 5	Table 6 Teknaf performance by site/zone		
Map 4 Teknaf completeness by site/zone			
Slide 6	Table 7 Performance by partner		

#### **Alert**

Slide 7	Table 8 Ukhia (Northern group) alerts by site/zone
	Map 5 Ukhia (Northern group) alerts site/zone
Slide 8	Table 9 Ukhia (Southern group) alerts by site/zone
	Map 6 Ukhia (Southern group) alerts site/zone
Slide 9	Table 10 Teknaf alerts by site/zone
	Map 7 Teknaf alerts site/zone
Slide 10	Table 11 Performance by type of alert
	Table 12 Risk Assessment

#### Sources of data

- 1. Weekly EWARS Reporting Form
- 2. Mortality Case Report Form
- 3. Event-based Surveillance Form







## Highlights W38 2025

#### Table 1 | Coverage

#	%	
11,56,001	-	Estimated total Rohingya population <sup>1</sup>
1,118,996	97%	Total population under surveillance
98	-	Total number of health facilities
98	100%	Number of EWARS reporting sites

Table 2 | Early warning performance indicators

W38	Cumulative (2025)		
96	4056	Number of weekly reports received	
98%	100%	Completeness	
96%	86%	Timeliness	

Table 3 Alert performance indicators

W38	Cumulative (2025)			
102	4,238	Total alerts raised		
100%	100%	% verified		
0%	0%	% auto-discarded		
0%	0%	% undergoing risk assessment		
0%	0%	% completed risk assessment		

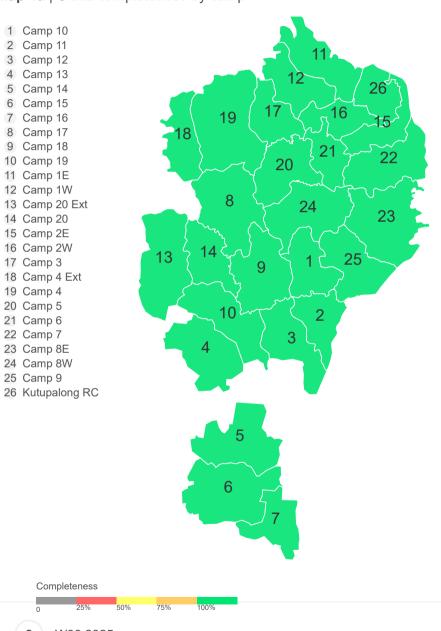




<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Source: UNHCR. Bangladesh: Joint Government of Bangladesh- UNHCR Population Factsheet. August 2025.

#### Early Warning | Ukhia and Teknaf

#### Map 1a | Ukhia completeness by camp



#### Map 1b | Teknaf completeness by camp

- 1 Camp 21 Chakmarkul
- 2 Camp 22 Unchiprang
- 3 Camp 23 Shamlapur
- 4 Camp 24 Leda
- 5 Camp 25 Ali Khali
- 6 Camp 26 Nayapara
- 7 Camp 27 Jadimura
- 8 Nayapara RC





Completeness
0 25% 50% 75% 100%

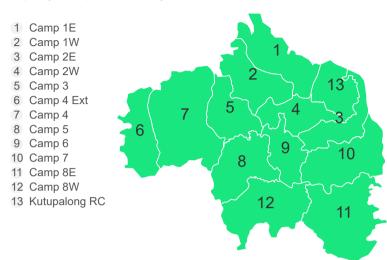




Table 4 | Performance by camp (W38 2025)

Northern group	Reporting		Performance	9
	# health facilities	# reports received	Completeness	Timeliness
	Uł	khia Northern Gro	oup	
Camp 1E	4	4	100%	100%
Camp 1W	4	4	100%	100%
Camp 2E	3	3	100%	100%
Camp 2W	3	3	100%	100%
Camp 3	2	2	100%	100%
Camp 4	4	4	100%	100%
Camp 4 Ext	1	1	100%	100%
Camp 5	3	3	100%	100%
Camp 6	2	2	100%	100%
Camp 7	3	3	100%	100%
Camp 8E	6	6	83%	92%
Camp 8W	3	3	100%	100%
Kutupalong RC	1	1	100%	50%

#### Map 2 | Completeness by camp





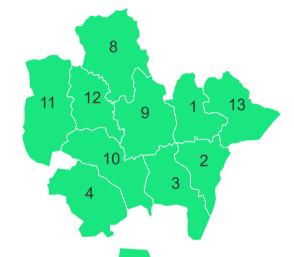


**Table 5** | Performance by camp (W38 2025)

Southern group	Reporting		Performance	9				
	# health facilities	# reports received	Completeness	Timeliness				
	Ukhia Southern Group							
Camp 10	2	2	100%	100%				
Camp 11	2	1	100%	75%				
Camp 12	2	2	100%	100%				
Camp 13	6	6	100%	92%				
Camp 14	3	3	100%	100%				
Camp 15	4	4	100%	100%				
Camp 16	6	5	83%	83%				
Camp 17	3	3	100%	100%				
Camp 18	1	1	100%	100%				
Camp 19	3	3	100%	100%				
Camp 20	2	2	100%	100%				
Camp 20 Ext	2	2	100%	100%				
Camp 9	6	6	100%	92%				

#### Map 3 | Completeness by camp

- 1 Camp 10
- 2 Camp 11
- 3 Camp 12
- 4 Camp 13
- 5 Camp 14
- 6 Camp 15
- 7 Camp 16
- 8 Camp 17
- 9 Camp 18
- 10 Camp 19 11 Camp 20 Ext
- 12 Camp 20
- 13 Camp 9





Completeness 75%





### Early Warning | Teknaf

Table 6 | Performance by camp (W38 2025)

Teknaf	Reporting		Performance	
	# health facilities	# reports received Ukhia Teknaf	Completeness	Timeliness
Camp 21 Chakmarkul	2	2	100%	100%
Camp 22 Unchiprang	2	2	100%	100%
Camp 23 Shamlapur	0	0	0%	100%
Camp 24 Leda	2	1	100%	75%
Camp 25 Ali Khali	1	1	100%	100%
Camp 26 Nayapara	3	3	100%	100%
Camp 27 Jadimura	1	1	100%	100%
Nayapara RC	2	2	100%	100%

#### Map 4 | Completeness by camp

- 1 Camp 21 Chakmarkul
- 2 Camp 22 Unchiprang
- 3 Camp 23 Shamlapur
- 4 Camp 24 Leda
- 5 Camp 25 Ali Khali
- 6 Camp 26 Nayapara
- 7 Camp 27 Jadimura
- 8 Nayapara RC











### Early Warning | Partner performance

**Table 7** | Performance by partner (W38 2025)

Partner	Performa	ance	Reporting		Partner	Performa	ance	Reporting	
	# sites	# reports received	Completeness	Timeliness		# sites	# reports received	Completeness	Timeliness
AKF	1	1	100%	100%	IRC	6	6	100%	100%
AWARD	6	6	100%	100%	MSF	7	7	100%	100%
BASHMAH	1	1	100%	100%	МоН	0	0	0%	0%
BDRCS	8	8	100%	100%	MHI	2	2	100%	100%
BRAC	7	7	100%	100%	QC	1	1	100%	100%
DBC	1	1	100%	100%	PHD	5	5	100%	100%
DCHT-PWJ	1	1	100%	100%	RPN	1	1	100%	100%
FRNDS	11	11	100%	100%	RHU	0	0		
GK	7	6	86%	86%	RTMI	3	3	100%	67%
Global One	1	1	100%	100%	SALT	1	1	100%	100%
GUSS	0	0	0%	0%	SCI	2	2	100%	100%
HAEFA	2	2	100%	100%	DCHT-MM	0	0		
HMBDF	2	2	100%	100%	Turkish Government	1	1	100%	100%
HOPE	1	1	100%	100%	TdH	2	2	100%	100%
IOM	10	10	100%	100%	Turr	_	2	100 /0	100 /0





Table 8 | Performance by camp

Northern group	W38		Cumulative	(2025)
	# alerts	% verif.	# alerts	% verif.
	Al	erts Northern gro	oup	
Camp 1E	5	60%	224	35%
Camp 1W	10	50%	193	33%
Camp 2E	11	36%	426	52%
Camp 2W	0	0%	70	43%
Camp 3	9	33%	183	40%
Camp 4	3	67%	134	40%
Camp 4 Ext	3	33%	68	34%
Camp 5	1	100%	89	29%
Camp 6	0	0%	48	13%
Camp 7	4	0%	106	36%
Camp 8E	1	0%	85	51%
Camp 8W	7	57%	229	44%
Kutupalong RC	0	0%	9	22%

#### Map 5 | Number of alerts by camp

- 1 Camp 1E
- 2 Camp 1W
- 3 Camp 2E
- 4 Camp 2W
- 5 Camp 3
- 6 Camp 4 Ext
- 7 Camp 4
- 8 Camp 5
- 9 Camp 6
- 10 Camp 7
- 11 Camp 8E
- 12 Camp 8W
- 13 Kutupalong RC

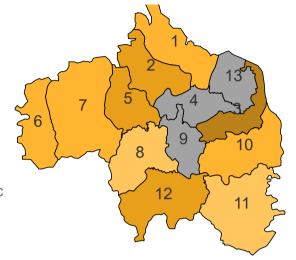




Table 9 | Performance by camp

Southern group	W38		Cumulative (2025)	
	# alerts	% verif.	# alerts	% verif.
	Al	erts Northern gro	oup	
Camp 10	0	0%	150	24%
Camp 11	0	0%	34	35%
Camp 12	0	0%	48	29%
Camp 13	5	60%	208	58%
Camp 14	2	0%	188	44%
Camp 15	4	0%	268	37%
Camp 16	2	100%	182	50%
Camp 17	1	0%	87	43%
Camp 18	0	0%	36	22%
Camp 19	4	50%	100	55%
Camp 20	1	0%	87	38%
Camp 20 Ext	5	20%	191	28%
Camp 9	2	100%	160	59%

#### Map 6 | Number of alerts by camp

- 1 Camp 10
- 2 Camp 11
- 3 Camp 12
- 4 Camp 13
- 5 Camp 14
- 6 Camp 15
- 7 Camp 16
- 8 Camp 17
- 9 Camp 18
- 10 Camp 19
- 11 Camp 20 Ext
- 12 Camp 20
- 13 Camp 9

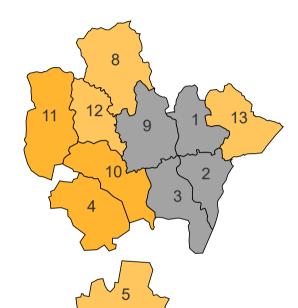








Table 10 | Performance by camp

Teknaf	W38		Cumulative (2025)		
	# alerts	% verif.	# alerts	% verif.	
	Al	erts Northern gro	pup		
Camp 21 Chakmarkul	3	0%	143	15%	
Camp 22 Unchiprang	2	0%	66	27%	
Camp 23 Shamlapur	0	0%	0	0%	
Camp 24 Leda	12	50%	180	31%	
Camp 25 Ali Khali	1	100%	20	50%	
Camp 26 Nayapara	1	0%	96	57%	
Camp 27 Jadimura	1	0%	38	47%	
Nayapara RC	0	0%	17	59%	

#### Map 7 | Number of alerts by camp

- 1 Camp 21 Chakmarkul
- 2 Camp 22 Unchiprang
- 3 Camp 23 Shamlapur
- 4 Camp 24 Leda
- 5 Camp 25 Ali Khali
- 6 Camp 26 Nayapara
- 7 Camp 27 Jadimura
- 8 Nayapara RC







# of alerts







**Table 11** | Performance by type of alert

Event	W38		Cumulative (2025)				
	# alerts	% verif.	# alerts	% verif.			
Indicator-based surveillance							
Malaria	0	0%	0	0%			
Measles	4	0%	332	96%			
Bloody Diarr.	0	0%	0	0%			
AFP	1	0%	20	0%			
Meningitis	1	0%	41	0%			
Haem. fever (susp.)	0	0%	0	0%			
NNT	0	0%	3	0%			
Unexp. fever	1	0%	126	37%			
AWD	1	0%	187	1%			
ARI	0	0%	103	9%			
AJS	3	0%	159	9%			
Varicella (Susp.)	0	0%	81	63%			
Suspected COVID-19	0	0%	0	0%			
Event-based surveillance							
EBS total	11	100%	347	88%			

Table 12 | Risk assessment

W38	Cumulative (2025)		
0	0	Low risk	
0	0	Moderate risk	
0	0	High risk	
0	0	Very high risk	





## For more help and support, please contact:

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#### **Notes**

WHO and the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare gratefully acknowledge all partners who have reported the data used in this bulletin.

The data been collected with support from the EWARS project. This is an initiative to strengthen early warning, alert and response in emergencies. It includes an online, desktop and mobile application that can be rapidly configured and deployed in the field. It is designed with frontline users in mind, and built to work in difficult and remote operating environments. This bulletin has been automatically published from the EWARS application.

More information can be found at <a href="http://ewars-project.org">http://ewars-project.org</a>

Sign up for an account with EWARS Rangladeah at http://bd aware wa









# Bangladesh

Rohingya Emergency Response

Early Warning, Alert and Response System (EWARS)

Annex W38 2025







## **Proportional morbidity**

Figure 1 | Proportional morbidity (W38 2025)

0.0%

Acute Respiratory Infection (ARI)

Acute Watery Diarrhoea

■ Bloody diarrhoea

Other diarrhoea

Varicella (susp.)

Unexplained fever

Acute Jaundice Syndrome (AJS)

Measles/Rubella

Other

■ Vector-borne disease\*

\* Combines malaria and dengue cases (suspected and confirmed)

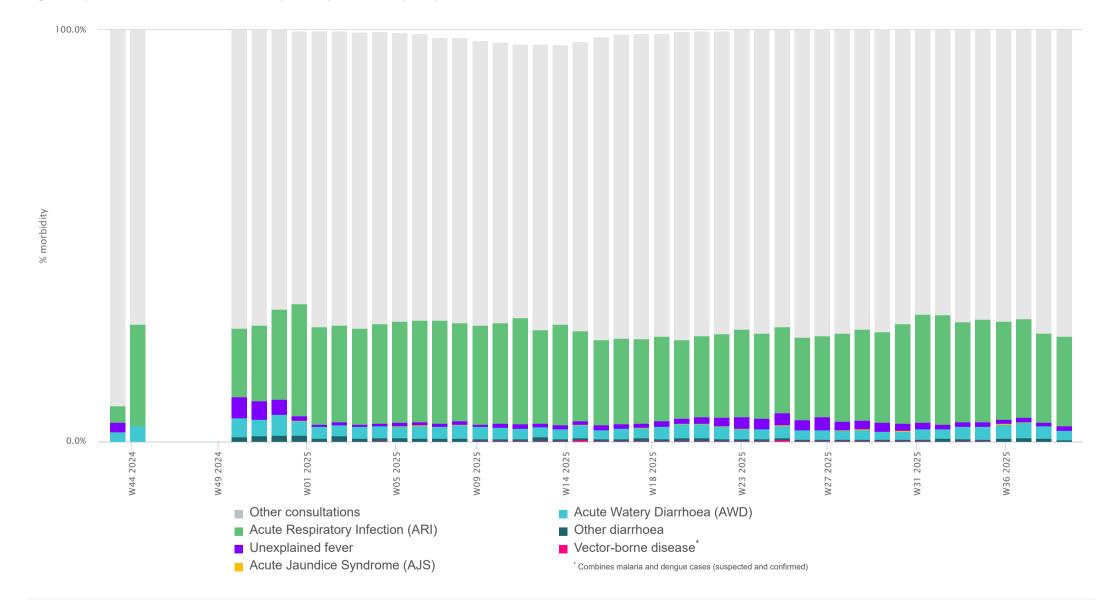
Disease	W38		2025	
	# cases	% morbidity	# cases	% morbidity
AWD	478	2.3%	82,069	2.7%
Bloody diarr.	18	0.1%	4,338	0.1%
Other diarr.	89	0.4%	20,609	0.7%
Susp. Varicella	4	0.0%	23,117	0.8%
ARI	4,493	21.8%	684,765	22.8%
Measles/Rub.	3	0.0%	708	0.0%
AFP	0	0.0%	23	0.0%
Susp. menin.	0	0.0%	228	0.0%
AJS	0	0.0%	2,208	0.1%
Susp. HF	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Neo. tetanus	0	0.0%	5	0.0%
Adult tetanus	0	0.0%	12	0.0%
Malaria (susp.)	0	0.0%	3,664	0.1%
Dengue (susp.)	71	0.3%	20,879	0.7%
Unexpl. fever	238	1.2%	39,997	1.3%
Sev. Malnut.	0	0.0%	1,837	0.1%
Inj./Wounds	570	2.8%	95,384	3.2%
Other	14,738	71.4%	2,039,801	68.0%
Total	20,409	100%	2,999,649	100%





### Trend in consultations and key diseases

Figure 2 | Trend in proportional morbidity for key diseases (W38)

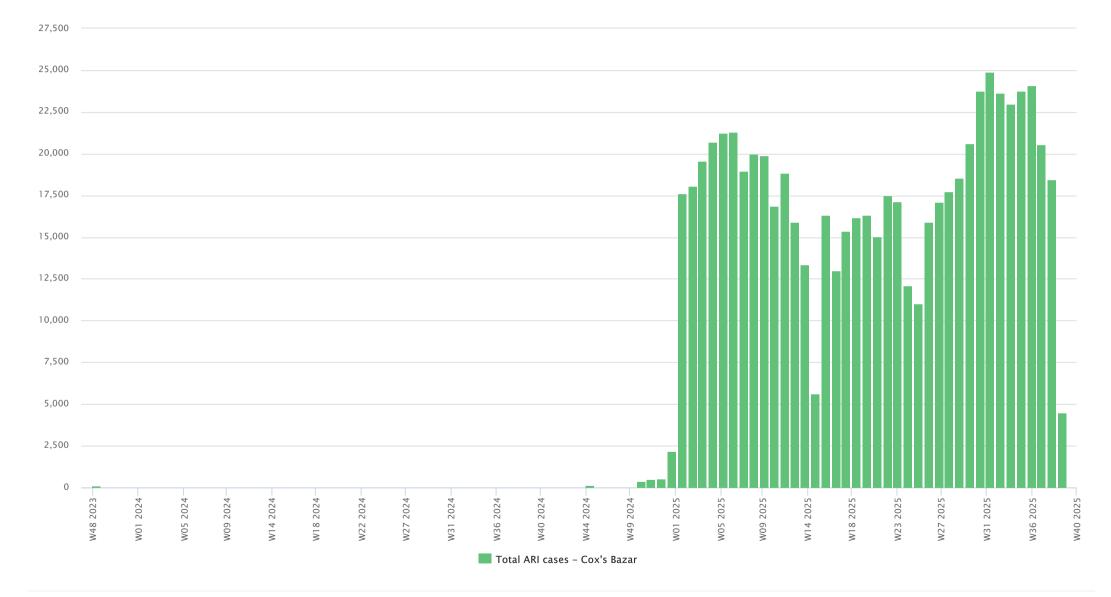






## Acute Respiratory Infection | Trend

Figure 3 | Trend in number of cases over time (W38 2017 - W38 2025)

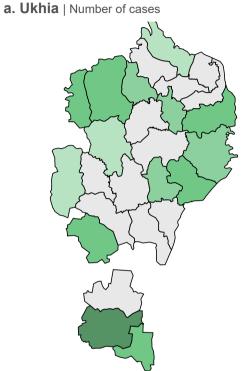






#### **Map 1** | Map of cases by camp (W38 2025)





b. Ukhia | Number of alerts



c. Teknaf | Number of cases





d. Teknaf | Number of alerts





0



#### Map legend



#### Alert threshold

Twice the average number of cases over the past 3 weeks. *Source: IEDCR* 















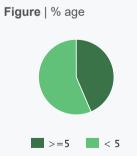
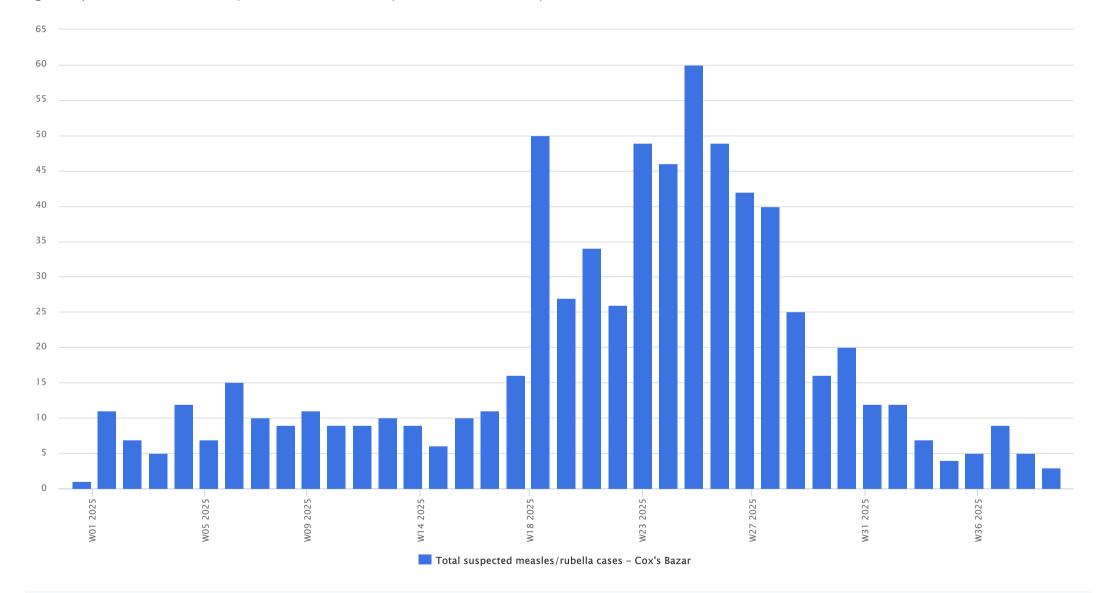


Figure 4 | Trend in number of suspected cases over time (W38 2017 - W38 2025)







#### **Map 2** | Map of cases by camp (W38 2025)

a. Ukhia | Number of cases



b. Ukhia | Number of alerts



c. Teknaf | Number of cases





d. Teknaf | Number of alerts





0



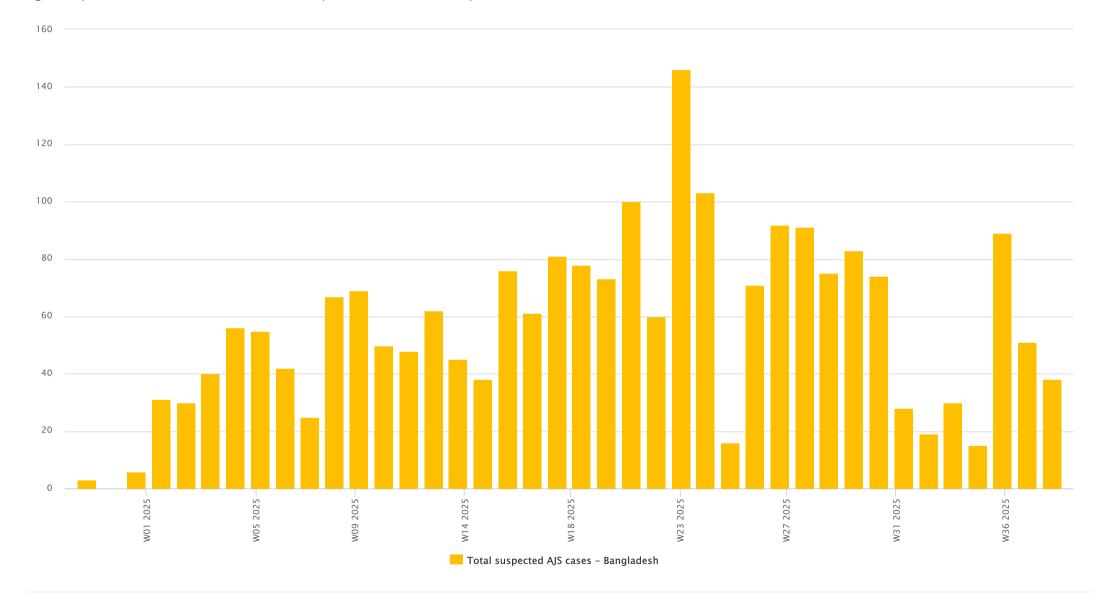


#### Map legend Alert management (W38 2025) Figure | % sex Figure | % age Number of cases 2 0% 0 0 0 Number of alerts Low Risk Very High Alerts Verified Risk Alert threshold 1 case. Source: IEDCR Male Female < 5



## Acute Jaundice Syndrome | Trend

Figure 5 | Trend in number of cases over time (W38 2017 - W38 2025)







#### Map 3 | Map of cases by camp (W37 2017 - W38 2025)

a. Ukhia | Number of cases



b. Ukhia | Number of alerts



c. Teknaf | Number of cases





d. Teknaf | Number of alerts





0







#### Map legend

Number of cases

0 1 10 20 50

Number of alerts

0 1 10

Alert threshold

A cluster of 3 or more cases seen in a health facility. Source: IEDCR

#### Alert management (W38 2025)

0%

Verified

**O**Alerts

**O** Low Risk

Moderate Risk

**O** High Risk

Very High Risk Figure | % sex

No data in chart

Figure | % age

No data in chart





## Acute Watery Diarrhoea | Trends

Figure 6 | Trend in number of cases over time (W38 2017 - W38 2025)

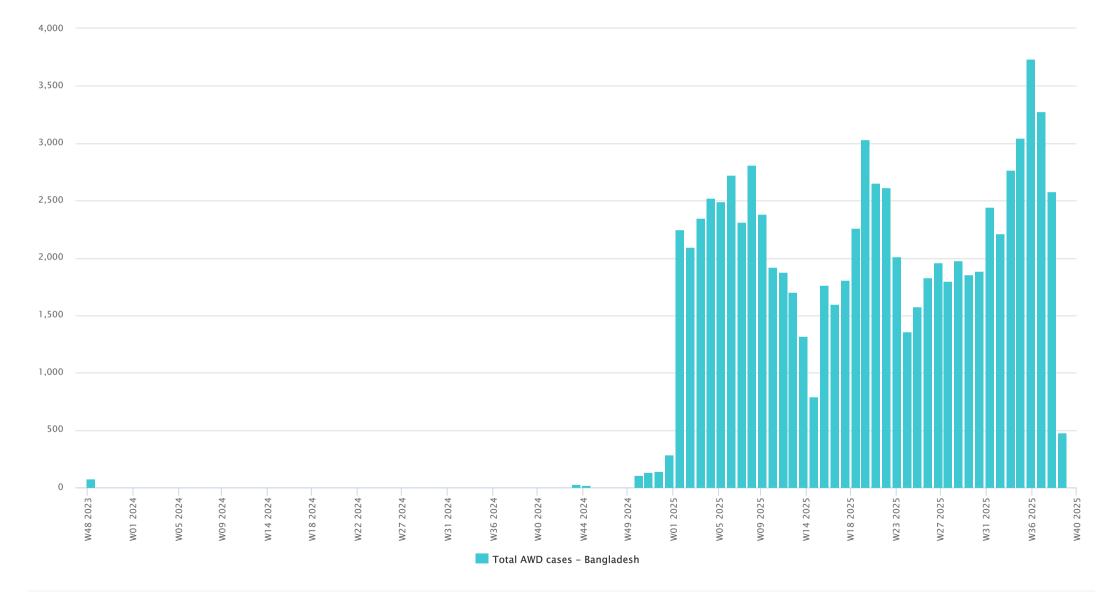
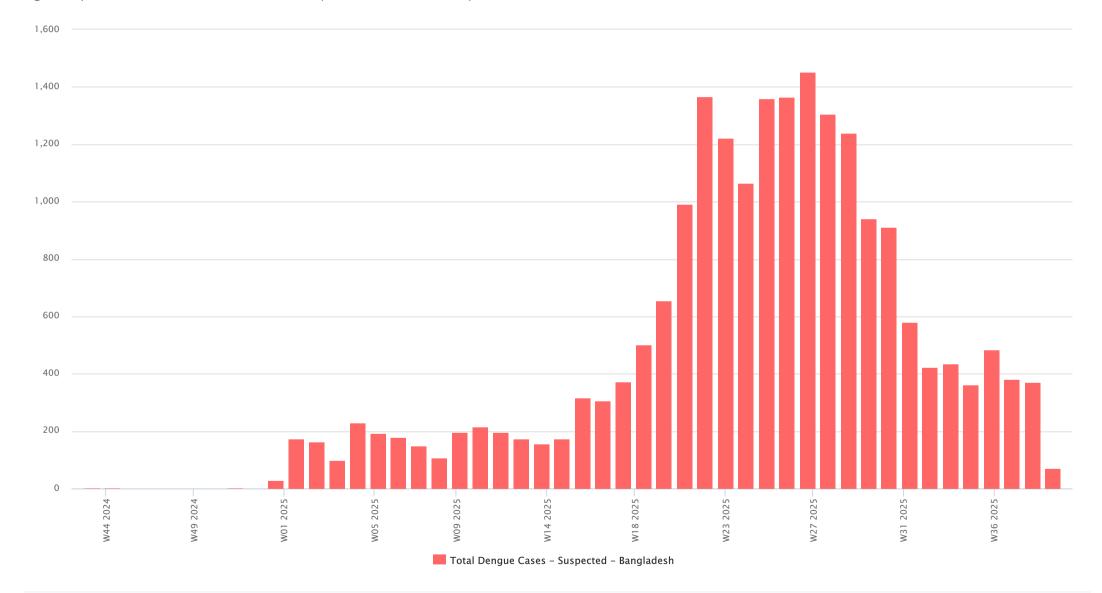






Figure 7 | Trend in number of cases over time (W38 2017 - W38 2025)

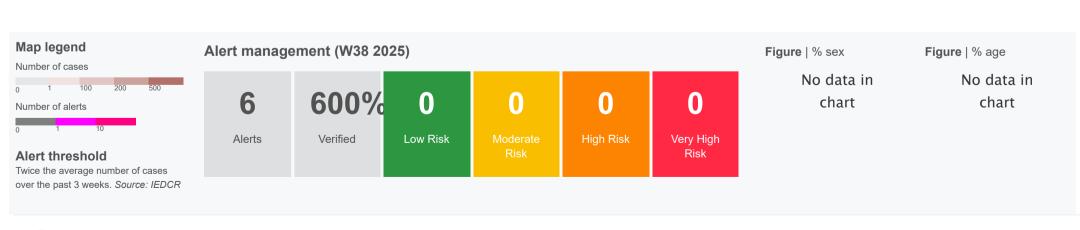






Map 4 | Map of cases by camp (W37 2017 - W38 2025)

a. Ukhia | Number of cases b. Ukhia | Number of alerts c. Teknaf | Number of cases d. Teknaf | Number of alerts

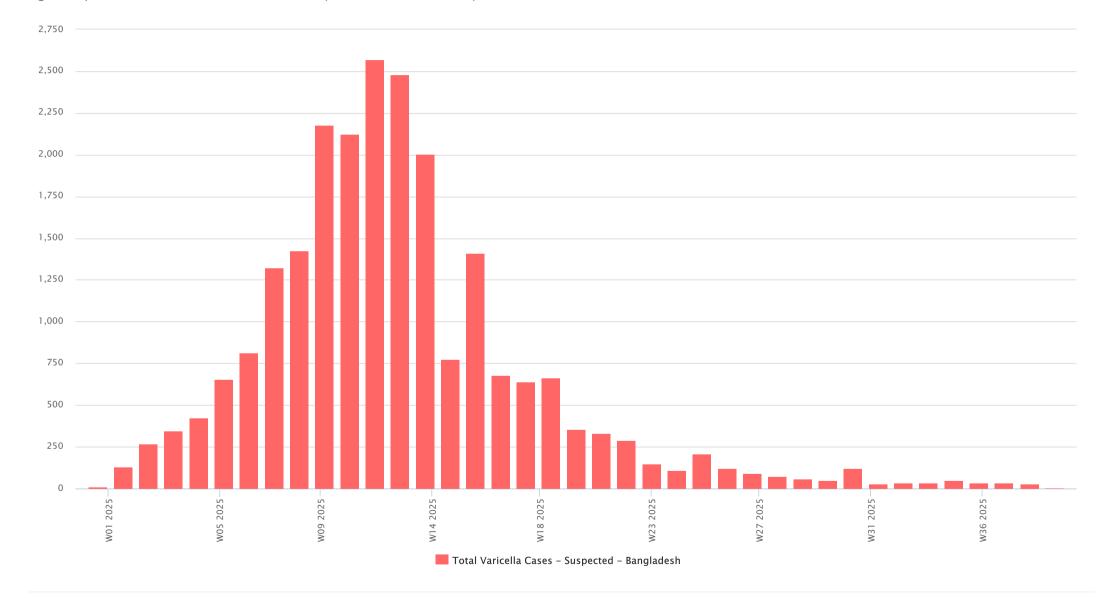






## Varicella (Susp.) | Trends

Figure 7 | Trend in number of cases over time (W38 2017 - W38 2025)







## Varicella (Susp.) | Maps

Map 4 | Map of cases by camp (W37 2017 - W38 2025)

a. Ukhia | Number of cases



c. Teknaf | Number of cases





O







Figure | % sex



Figure | % age





## For more help and support, please contact:

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#### **Notes**

WHO and the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare gratefully acknowledge all partners who have reported the data used in this bulletin.

The data been collected with support from the EWARS project. This is an initiative to strengthen early warning, alert and response in emergencies. It includes an online, desktop and mobile application that can be rapidly configured and deployed in the field. It is designed with frontline users in mind, and built to work in difficult and remote operating environments. This bulletin has been automatically published from the EWARS application.

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