





Regional AMR activities in WHO SOUTH-EAST ASIA REGION

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3 Billions, 8 Flagships and SAI









SEAR Flagships & SAI

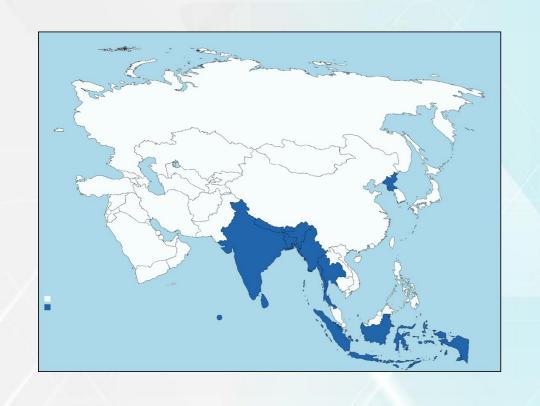
Current Flagships	Flagships 2.0	
Measles elimination and rubella control by 2020	Measles and rubella elimination by 2023	
2. Prevention of noncommunicable diseases through multisectoral policies and plans, with a focus on "best buys"	Prevention and control of noncommunicable diseases through multisectoral policies and plans, with a focus on "best buys"	
3. The unfinished MDG agenda: ending preventable maternal, newborn and child deaths with a focus on neonatal deaths	Accelerate reduction of maternal, neonatal and under five mortality	
4. Universal health coverage with a focus on human resources for health and essential medicines	Universal health coverage with a focus on human resources for health and essential medicines	
5. Building national capacity for preventing and combating antimicrobial resistance	Building national capacity for preventing and combating antimicrobial resistance	
6. Scaling up capacity development in emergency risk management in countries	Scaling up capacity development in emergency risk management in countries	
7. Finishing the task of eliminating diseases on the verge of elimination (kala-azar, leprosy, lymphatic filariasis and yaws)	Eliminate neglected tropical diseases (NTDs) and other diseases* on the verge of elimination	
8. Accelerating efforts to end TB by 2030.	Accelerating efforts to end TB by 2030.	







AMR National Action Plans



COUNTRY	PERIOD	MULTISECTOR	ENDORSEMENT
BANGLADESH	2017-22	YES	МОН
BHUTAN	2018-22	YES	МОН
DPRK	2018-20	YES	MOPH
INDIA	2017-21	YES	GOI
INDONESIA	2017-19	YES	МОН
MALDIVES	2017-22	YES	MOH
MYANMAR	2017-22	YES	МОН
NEPAL	2016-	YES	МОН
SRI LANKA	2017-22	YES	Multisectoral
THAILAND	2017-21	YES	The Cabinet
TIMOR-LESTE	2017-20	YES	МОН





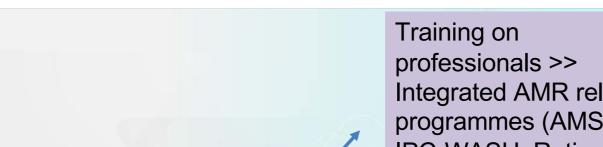












Raising awareness and understanding

Training on professionals >> Integrated AMR related programmes (AMSP, IPC-WASH, Rational use of AM, students, etc.)

Campaign and advocacy









Indonesia







AMR activities in the context of 5 GAP Objectives

- Antimicrobial stewardship:
 - Inclusion of AMR as technical discussion topic in every SEARN Annual meeting to enable progress on regulatory activities for AMR
 - Facilitate adoption of WHO's Access/Watch/Reserve AWARE classification in the National Essential Medicines
 List
 - Support Member States to regulate fixed-dose combination antibiotics
 - Promote rational use of antimicrobials through improved compliance to national clinical guidelines and audits
- Surveillance
 - Training and technical support on AMC/ AMU surveillance
 - Identification of Country needs for Lab strengthening related to AMR
 - Support for Lab strengthening (LIS, EQA, HR training)
- IPC-WASH
 - Training and policy dialogue in IPC-WASH integrated with Covid-19 pandemic
- Research (operational research)
 - Mentoring and technical assistance in collaboration with TDR (SORT-IT) for AMR Research (Nepal, Sri Lanka, Bhutan)







CONCLUSION:

- SEAR has spearheaded AMR containment programmes before it went globally
- All Member States have developed AMR NAP with multi-sectoral approach with variation on endorsement level
- With regard of AMR activities in the context of 5 GAP objectives, some key activities has shown satisfactory achievement, but others still need to strengthen
- With regards of technical support functions, the Region has provided technical supports to Member States in line with Member States' needs.