HIGHLIGHTS

- Two weeks after Cyclone Mocha hit in Myanmar, the information and impact on the communities is yet far-reaching due to intermittent telecommunications and limited accessibility of roads to the affected areas to collect the data on the ground.
- On 24 May 2023, during Geneva briefing, UN Human rights chief urged the Myanmar military government to open up and ensure life-saving aids get to parts of the country hit by Cyclone Mocha.
- Number of affected people, injuries, missing persons and damaged health facilities are expected to rise as data collection continues as communications are restored.
- Increased cases of acute watery diarrhea AWD are reported in affected communities. Hundreds of latrines and wells are either damaged or destroyed, severely compromising access to safe drinking water and hygiene practices.
- According to EWARS, during 21 – 27 May, total 84 cases of acute watery diarrhea reported, of which 74 cases are <5 children and 10 cases are adults. This is more than double of the previous reporting week, which was 34 cases.
- Support is underway as multisectoral coordinated action from humanitarian organization in Myanmar while still continuing to assess the situation and needs on the ground to deliver an operation at-scale and meet needs across all communities.
WHO Response

- In Rakhine, there are total 7 Rapid Response Teams (1 in Buthidaung, 2 in Maungdaw, 3 in Rathedaung, 1 in Sittwe) and 25 regular mobile primary health care teams (2 in Buthidaung, 2 in Kyauktaw, 1 in Maungdaw, 2 in Minbya, 4 in Mrauk-U, 2 in Myebon, 3 in Pauktaw, 1 in Rathedaung, 8 in Sittwe) functioning. WHO continues to support these RRTs that have been deployed.

- According to EWARS available data in Rakhine State, during 14 – 29 May 2023, total 5,643 health care services have been provided to cyclone affected communities including IDPs in 10 townships of Rakhine State. Most of the consultations were minor injuries and general illnesses. 118 out of 5,643 cases (2%) reported as acute watery diarrhea in fourteen locations and 60 (1%) out of total cases are influenza like illnesses in four locations.

- An operations team, comprising of logistics and procurement support, was deployed to Sittwe on 26 May to support arrangements for the temporary office and assess situation on the ground of transportation.

- In close coordination with the Humanitarian Partners in Myanmar WHO continues to provide on-going integrated humanitarian response along with Health Cluster partners, building capacity of the health partners in five affected states and regions on reporting for the Cyclone Mocha response on 23 May 2023.

“Links to resources from WHO Myanmar “

WHO Myanmar – Cyclone Mocha Response Sitreps

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sitrep</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sitrep #1</td>
<td>18 May 2023</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sitrep #2</td>
<td>22 May 2023</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sitrep #3</td>
<td>25 May 2023</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

RCCE/Health education Materials on Cyclone Mocha Response

Website [https://www.who.int/myanmar](https://www.who.int/myanmar)
Facebook [https://www.facebook.com/WorldHealthOrganizationMyanmar/](https://www.facebook.com/WorldHealthOrganizationMyanmar/)
Instagram [https://www.instagram.com/who_myanmar/](https://www.instagram.com/who_myanmar/)
Twitter [https://twitter.com/WHOMyanmar](https://twitter.com/WHOMyanmar)
Viber Community [https://shorturl.at/ruBGL](https://shorturl.at/ruBGL)

A woman cleans up floodwaters in front of her house after Cyclone Mocha. Sittwe, Rakhine. Credit: OCHA/Zaw Win, 2023