

Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19)


Data as reported by the CCSA mid-day press briefing


29 April 2021

WHO Thailand Situation Report


63,570
(+1,871)
Confirmed


188
(+10)
Deaths


27,988
Hospitalized


35,394
(+992)
Recovered

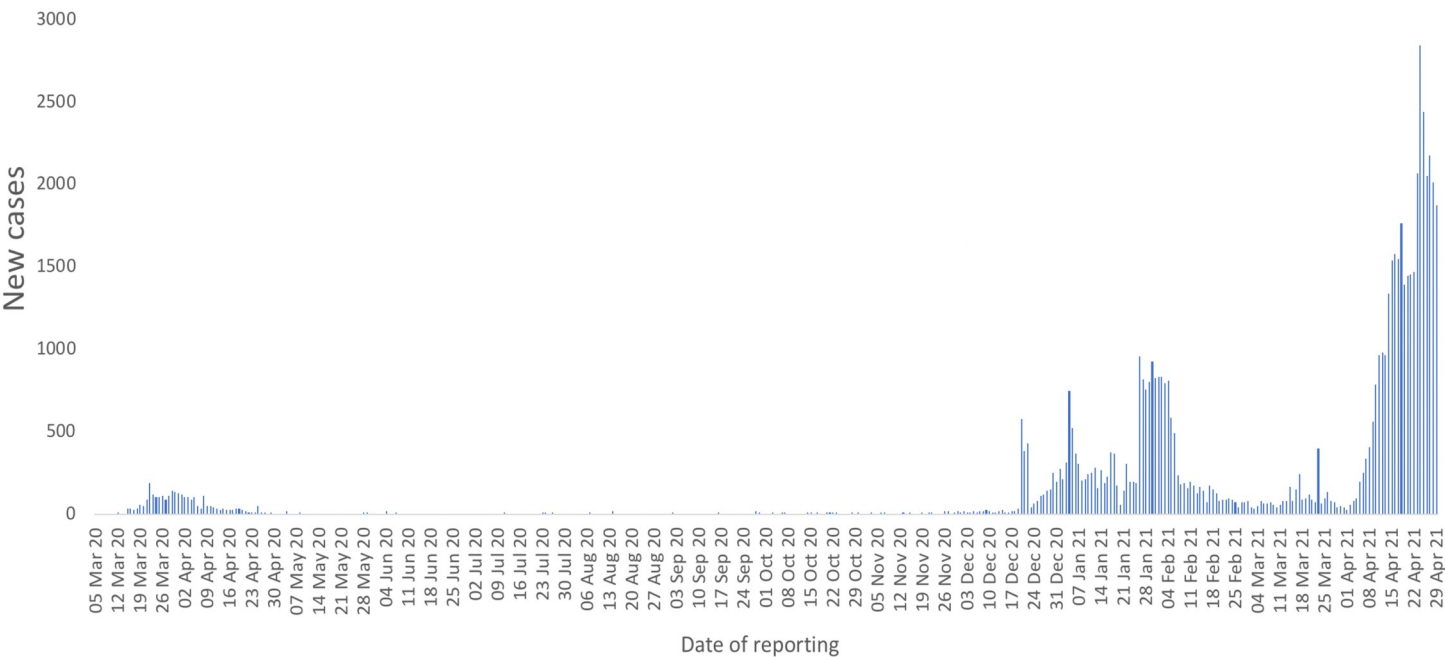


**THAILAND
SITUATION
UPDATE**
No. 176

SPOTLIGHT

- Today, 1,871 new cases of laboratory-confirmed COVID-19 were announced by the Ministry of Public Health of Thailand. Ten new deaths were reported today. In addition, 786 patients are in a critical condition, of which 230 are currently receiving ventilatory support.
- Of the cases reported in Thailand to date, 55.7% (35,394) have recovered, 0.3% (10) have died, and 44% (27,988) are receiving treatment or are in isolation: (21,306 are in conventional hospitals and 6,682 in field hospitals).
- The 1,871 laboratory-confirmed cases reported today include
 - ◊ 1,830 cases detected through the routine surveillance system: (testing of people presenting at a healthcare facility for a variety of reasons, including presence of COVID-19 symptoms, contact with a case, concern about a possible exposure).
 - ◊ 34 cases identified through active case finding: (testing of people in the community at the initiative of public health authorities).
 - ◊ 7 cases detected in quarantine after arriving in Thailand from another country.
- Between 1 April 2021 and 29 April 2021, 34,707 confirmed cases have been reported, of which 28,688 were detected through the routine surveillance system, 5,812 through active case finding, and 207 are individuals who entered Thailand from other countries. 94 cases have died.
- The 10 Provinces reporting the greatest number of laboratory-confirmed COVID-19 cases today are Bangkok (689), Samut Prakan (151), Chonburi (112), Chiang Mai (89), Pathum Thani (81), Surat Thani (46), Songkhla (46), Samut Sakhon (39), Nakhon Pathom (30), and Prachuap Khiri Khan (30).
- The 5 provinces reporting the greatest number of laboratory-confirmed COVID-19 cases in the current wave (1-29 April) are Bangkok (11,588), Chiang Mai (3,436), Chonburi (2,263), Samut Prakan (1,581), and Nonthaburi (1,494).

New COVID-19 cases in Thailand, by date of reporting



Source: MoPH, 29 Apr 2021

UPDATE FROM THE CCSA

The current situation

- Twelve provinces have requested people to stay at home after nightfall; these are Chainat, Nonthaburi, Nakhon Pathom, Samut Sakhon, Surat Thani, Trang, Yala, Songkhla, Samut Prakan, Pathum Thani, Nakhon Nayok and Beung Kan. **This is not a curfew**, but a request for the public's full cooperation. COVID-19 measures for these and other provinces are on the Ministry of Interior website: www.moicovid.com
- The number of provinces with a mandatory mask policy has increased to 73 (from a total of 77 provinces). Violations may result in a fine
- Thailand has now administered 1,344,646 COVID-19 vaccine doses (first dose: 1,059,721 persons, second dose: 284,925 persons)
- Thailand has approved AstraZeneca vaccine produced by Siam Bioscience. The production of vaccine is on schedule and is expected to be ready by June 2021 in alignment with the national vaccination plan.
- The Ministry of Public Health affirms that everyone residing in Thailand is eligible to receive COVID-19 vaccine regardless of nationality

EXPLAINER

I'm concerned that someone in my family was in contact with a COVID-19 case. What should I do to protect myself and others at home until they can get tested, and while waiting for the results?

If someone in your family is in contact with a COVID-19 case and is waiting for lab results, you must assume they may be infectious even if they are not unwell. Preventing spread of infection is easier if a few simple things are done in advance; before you find yourself in this situation.

How to prepare in advance

- Make sure you have contact details for hotlines, health providers and for your own support network (family and friends)
- Stock up on supplies such as regular medicines, medical masks and cleaners / disinfectants
- Prepare a separate room or isolated space where distance can easily be maintained from others
- Set up a support network for food, transport, childcare and other essentials

How to stay safe at home while waiting for COVID test results

- Isolate the person who has been exposed in a separated, well-ventilated room
- Reduce contacts with the person by identifying a single person to tend to their needs
- Wear a medical mask, use separate dishes, cups, eating utensils and bedding
- Regularly clean and disinfect frequently touched surfaces.
- Monitor their symptoms regularly, especially if they have risk factors for severe illness
- Seek care immediately if you see danger signs, including difficulty breathing, chest pain or confusion

WHAT TO DO IF SOMEONE IS SICK IN YOUR HOUSEHOLD



Life has to continue even where COVID-19 is spreading.

Here's how to stay safe.

1 ISOLATE THE SICK PERSON

Prepare a separate room or isolated space, and keep distance from others.



Keep the room well ventilated and open windows frequently.



2 REDUCE CONTACT WITH THE VIRUS

Identify one household member to be the contact person who is not at high risk and has the fewest contacts with people outside.



Use separate dishes, cups, eating utensils and bedding from the sick person.



Clean and disinfect frequently touched surfaces.



3 TAKE CARE OF THE SICK PERSON

Monitor the sick person's symptoms regularly.



Pay special attention if the person is at high risk for serious illness.



Ensure the sick person rests and stays hydrated.



Call your healthcare provider immediately if you see any of these **danger signs**:

- Difficulty breathing
- Loss of speech or mobility
- Confusion
- Chest pain

1 DANGER SIGNS



REMEMBER, IT'S ALWAYS SAFER TO



KNOW YOUR RISK. LOWER YOUR RISK.



WHAT WHO IS DOING TO SUPPORT THAILAND

WHO Thailand supports the Royal Thai Government through the Ministry of Public Health, sharing information on developments, guidelines and scientific updates. WHO also supports the wider UN response, including working with key partners to support migrant populations in Thailand. WHO also provides information and advice to staff of the UN system in Thailand.



USEFUL LINKS

The Thailand COVID19 situation report is available in Thai and English, please [visit](#)
For regular updates on WHO's response in Thailand, please [visit](#)
For global figures and technical advice from WHO, please [visit](#)

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