COVID-19 Situation, Thailand
29 June 2022

4,520,220 total confirmed cases
30,634 total deaths

Daily average numbers reported from 16 June to 29 June 2022

- 2,104 new confirmed cases per day
- 1,803 people recovered per day
- 18* deaths per day
- 57,756 vaccinations per day

*(Counting deaths changed to ‘deaths from COVID’ where previously COVID deaths also included ‘deaths with COVID’)

Main messages
- Continue to reduce community transmission of COVID-19 across Thailand
- RTG encourages COVID-free settings and booster vaccinations
- Get vaccinated, maintain universal precautions and stay informed
Contents COVID-19 Update

• Global situation
• National situation
• Provincial situation
• Vaccination situation
• RTG policy updates

All data from the Royal Thai Government and Ministry of Public Health unless otherwise stated
Global Situation
- Globally, the number of new weekly cases and deaths have continued to decline since a peak in January 2022.
- Numbers of new cases increased in past week.
- At the regional level, the number of new weekly cases increased in most of the WHO regions except Western Pacific and Africa regions.
National Situation
Thailand COVID-19 cases, deaths and vaccinations to date: chart showing cases per day

New Cases

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cases Total</th>
<th>14-day Average</th>
<th>Deaths Total</th>
<th>14-day Average</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4,520,220</td>
<td>2,104</td>
<td>30,634</td>
<td>18</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Vaccination

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1st dose</th>
<th>2nd dose</th>
<th>3rd dose</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>56,969,704*</td>
<td>53,147,716*</td>
<td>29,564,725*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4th wave Delta Voc
5th wave Omicron VoC
3rd wave Alpha VoC
2nd wave
1st wave

Date of reporting

Source MoPH to 29 Jun 2022
*Source CCSA to 28 Jun 2022
COVID-19 deaths in Thailand

*Deaths have decreased by 24% in the last 2 weeks

*Compared to 2 weeks prior

Source: MoPH to 29 Jun 2022
Severe and ventilated COVID-19 cases

*Severe and ventilated cases have decreased by 6.4% and 11.4% respectively in the past 2 weeks.

*Compared to 2 weeks prior

'No severe case or ventilated cases data currently available for 7 & 8 May'

Source: MoPH to 29 Jun 2022
COVID-19 hospital bed occupancy (7-day average) and severe cases

*Hospital bed occupancy
  • 14 days hospital bed average: 10,451
  • 14 days average decrease: 13.4%

*All active cases (people in hospital, hospitals or in community or home isolation)
  • 14 days all active cases average: 22,659
  • 14 days decrease: 1.5%

Source MOPH: to 29 Jun 2022

*Compared to 2 weeks prior
# Omicron lineages ratio from 18-24 June 2022

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Testing targets</th>
<th>Omicron lineages by SNP/detection (Potentially)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B.1.1.529</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>International travellers</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In-country cases among several groups</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total (%)</td>
<td>0 (0%)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Source: Department of Medical Science, MoPH*
Provincial Situation
The average daily number of confirmed cases in Bangkok over the past 2 weeks has increased by 4% compared to 2 weeks prior. Cases in Bangkok still make up the greatest proportion of cases.
New COVID-19 cases per million population by province

• The average number of new cases per million population are **decreasing across provinces**, with lower average rates being reported far more widely across the country.

• **Most provinces (75)** reported an average rate of less than **50** new cases per million population.

• Two provinces (Singburi and Bangkok) have an average rate from **50-100** per million population.

• **An average rate in Bangkok remains stable at 189** cases per million population.
New COVID-19 deaths per million population by province

- Seventy-five out of seventy-seven provinces reported an average rate of death less than 2 cases per million population.

- Only two provinces (Trat and Samut Songkhram) reported the highest average rate of deaths per million population (1.6-2.0) over the past two weeks.
Vaccination
People who have received:
1st dose: 56,969,704
2nd dose: 53,147,716
3rd dose: 29,564,725

Source CCSA to 28 Jun 2022
Percentage of the population vaccinated against COVID-19 by province

• Fifty out of seventy-seven provinces reported more than 70% 2-dose vaccination coverage.

• Narathiwat and Pattani provinces in the far south still reported less than 50% 2-dose vaccination coverage.
Current public health and social measures

- All provinces will be designated as surveillance areas or “Green Zone.”
- Entertainment venues can be opened according to relevant regulations.
- Temperature screen in buildings is no longer required, unless in high-risk area.
- The CCSA agreed to discontinue/lift Thailand Pass registration for all travellers, both Thais and foreigners.

Source: CCSA press briefing on 17 June 2022
Wearing a mask in Thailand is voluntary following the Royal Gazette from 23 June onward.

Vulnerable groups are suggested to wear a mask to reduce the risk of infection.
- Pregnant women
- Elderly
- People with chronic diseases

However, people are advised to put on masks in crowded or poorly ventilated places.

https://thailand.prd.go.th  PR Thai Government
Thai FDA approved additional COVID-19 drug

- **Evusheld** (combination of two long-acting antibodies - tixagevimab (AZD8895) and cilgavimab (AZD1061)) from the AstraZeneca has been approved and listed in emergency use listing (EUL) by the Thai Food and Drug Administration (TFDA) for use in people aged 12 years old and above or body weight above 40 kilograms.

- Under this approval, it can be used as a prevention therapy for certain high-risk individuals that can help protect them from COVID-19 before they are exposed to the virus.

- The authority advised that people who need to use this drug should provide doctors with information such as their history of allergies, treatment for coronary artery disease, pregnancy, lactation, and vaccination history.
Changes to Thai approved COVID-19 vaccines

- **COVOVAX** (Recombinant Spike Protein Vaccine) from the Serum Institute of India (SII) has been approved and listed in emergency use listing (EUL) by the Thai Food and Drug Administration (TFDA) for use in adults 18 years old and more.

- TFDA has approved expanding of age group for two vaccines under EUL
  1. **NOVOVAX**: expanding from 18 years and older to **12 years and older**. The recommended dose will be the same as in Adults – 0.5 ml per dose x 2 doses with 3 weeks interval
  2. **Moderna**: expanding from 12 years and older to **6 years old and older**. Dose for 6-11 years old will be half of adult dose – 50 mcg (0.25 ml) x 2 doses with 4 weeks interval
The MoPH’s Guidelines for COVID-19 Vaccine Administration (18 years and above)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>3rd dose booster</th>
<th>Dose 1</th>
<th>Dose 2</th>
<th>Interval</th>
<th>Dose 3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SV/SP</td>
<td>SV/SP</td>
<td>4 weeks</td>
<td>AZ</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SV/SP</td>
<td>AZ</td>
<td>&gt;3 months</td>
<td>AZ</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SV/SP</td>
<td>Pf</td>
<td>&gt;3 months</td>
<td>Pf</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
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<td>AZ</td>
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<td>Pf</td>
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<td>Pf</td>
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<td>AZ</td>
<td>Pf</td>
<td>&gt;4 months</td>
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Note: A half-dose of Pfizer vaccine can be administered as a booster dose, depending on the clinician’s discretion and the vaccine recipient’s choice.

-AZ can be an option for recipients of AZ+AZ who do not wish to receive mRNA vaccines (>6 months interval)

-Moderna can be considered as booster doses in any regimen above.

- Individuals with a history of COVID-19 infection should get the vaccine 3 months after infection.

Source: MoPH’s press briefing 21 March 2022

SV=Sinovac
SP=Sinopharm
AZ=AstraZeneca
Pf=Pfizer
## COVID-19 vaccination programme for children and adolescent

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Vaccine</th>
<th>Dosage</th>
<th>Interval</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5-6 yrs.</td>
<td>Pfizer x 2 doses</td>
<td>orange cap (10 micrograms/ 0.2 ml.)</td>
<td>8 weeks</td>
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<tr>
<td>6-11 yrs.</td>
<td>Pfizer x 2 doses</td>
<td>orange cap (10 micrograms/ 0.2 ml.)</td>
<td>8 weeks</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sinovac - Pfizer</td>
<td>Dose 1: Sinovac 0.5 ml./ dose</td>
<td>4 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Dose 2: orange cap Pfizer (10 micrograms/ 0.2 ml.)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 – 17 yrs.</td>
<td>Sinovac x 2 doses</td>
<td>0.5 ml./ dose</td>
<td>4 weeks*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 -17 yrs.</td>
<td>Pfizer x 2 doses</td>
<td>purple cap (30 micrograms/ 0.3 ml.)</td>
<td>3-4 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sinovac – Pfizer</td>
<td>Dose 1: Sinovac 0.5 ml./ dose</td>
<td>4 weeks**</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Dose 2: purple cap Pfizer (30 micrograms/ 0.3 ml.)</td>
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</tbody>
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* They should receive a booster dose with Pfizer (4 months interval after the 2\textsuperscript{nd} dose)  
** They should receive a booster dose with Pfizer or Moderna (4-6 months interval after the 2\textsuperscript{nd} dose)

Source: MoPH’s press briefing 21 Mar 2022
Walk-in vaccination services for the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, or 5th dose at the Central Vaccination Center (Bang Sue station)

Every day from 09.00 to 16.00 hr.
from 3 June 2022 onward until further notice

* Those who would like to get a booster shot beyond the 4th dose should consult a doctor about the duration of inoculation, types of vaccines, and purposes of vaccination. People, who would like to travel abroad, but the test result for COVID-19 immunity is low, may consult their doctor.

- The vaccination services are available at doors 2 and 3.
- The line is arranged with red chairs.

Procedure for getting the vaccination:
1. Screening
2. Registration
3. Getting vaccination
4. Waiting for side-effect symptoms

Those who have booked and registered in the system may directly go to the vaccination spot.

The 3rd and 4th booster doses are in accordance with the Ministry of Public Health’s measures and recommendations.

*Notice:
For children 5-11 years old, the service is at door 3.
For those who are older than 12 years old, the service is at door 2.
Pfizer booster doses can be given in either the muscle or skin layers.
Additional details:

- Thailand’s entry requirements from 1 July 2022: Thailand Pass removed at https://www.tatnews.org/2022/06/thailands-entry-requirements/
USEFUL LINKS

- The Thailand COVID19 situation report is available in Thai and English, please visit

- For regular updates on WHO’s response in Thailand, please visit

- For global figures and technical advice from WHO, please visit

World Health Organization Country Office for Thailand
4th Fl., Permanent Secretary Bldg.3 Ministry of Public Health, Nonthaburi, Thailand, 11000. sethawebmaster@who.int

www.who.int/thailand @WHO Thailand

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