WHO Thailand Weekly Situation Update No. 245

COVID-19 Situation, Thailand 24 August 2022



Based on data as reported by the CCSA

4,637,199 total confirmed cases

32,081 total deaths

Daily average numbers reported from 18 - 24 August 2022



1,943* new confirmed cases per day

*(including hospital admissions only)



28 deaths per day



2,154 people recovered per day



32,358 vaccinations per day

Main messages

Continue to reduce community transmission of COVID-19 across Thailand

RTG encourages COVID-free settings and booster vaccinations

Get vaccinated, maintain universal precautions and stay informed









Contents COVID-19 Update

- Global situation
- National situation
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- RTG policy updates

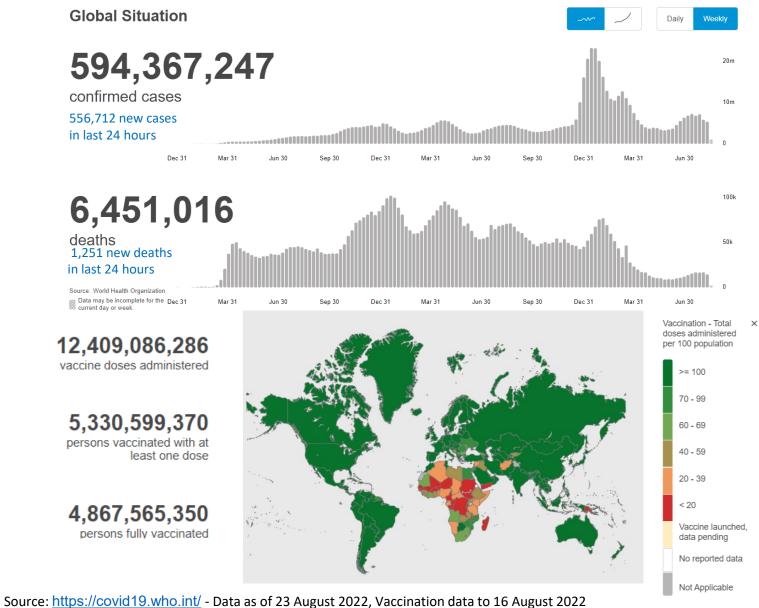
All data from the Royal Thai Government and Ministry of Public Health unless otherwise stated



Global Situation



Global COVID-19 (total) cases, deaths and vaccinations to date



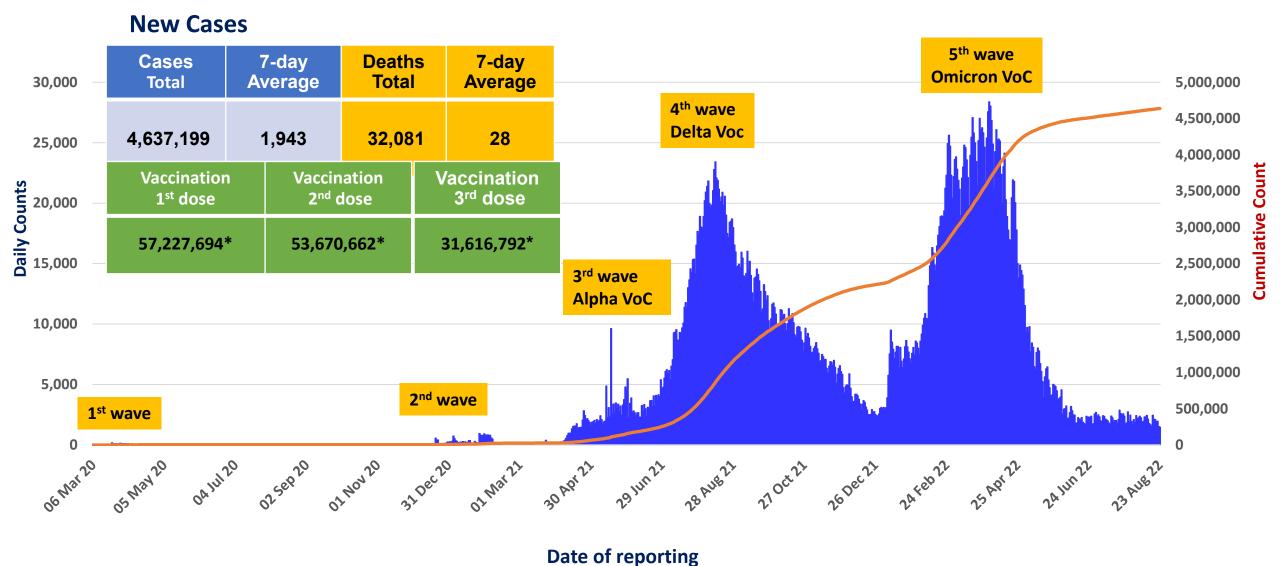
- Globally, the number of weekly cases has increased.
- Numbers of **new deaths slightly** decreased in the past week.
- At the regional level, the number of weekly cases decreased in most WHO regions. There was a slight increase in cases in the Western Pacific Region.



National Situation



Thailand COVID-19 cases, deaths and vaccinations to date: chart showing cases per day



Source MoPH to 23 Aug 2022 *Source CCSA to 23 Aug 2022

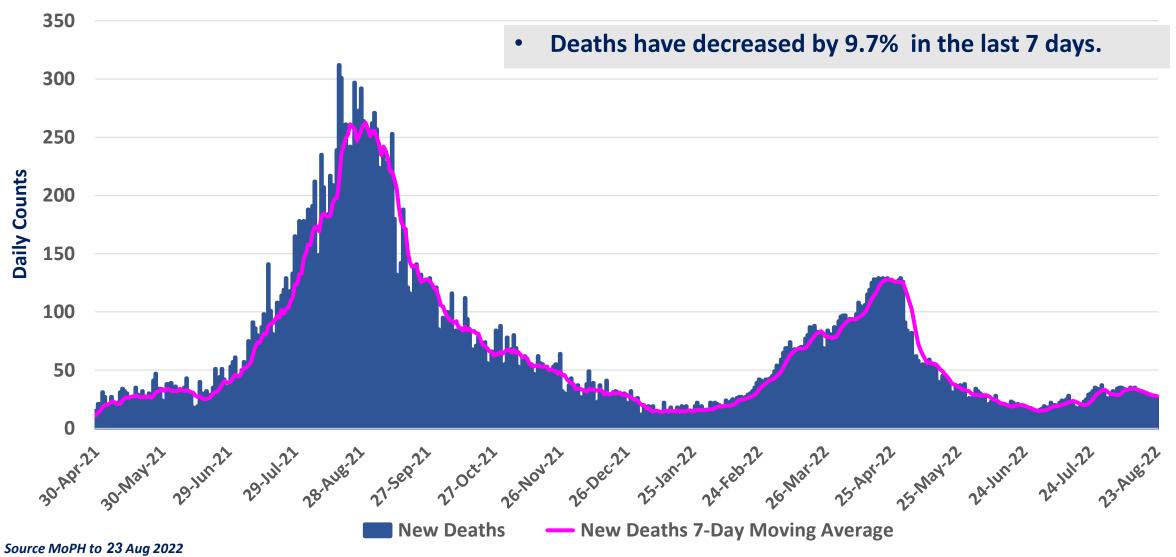
New

—Cumulative

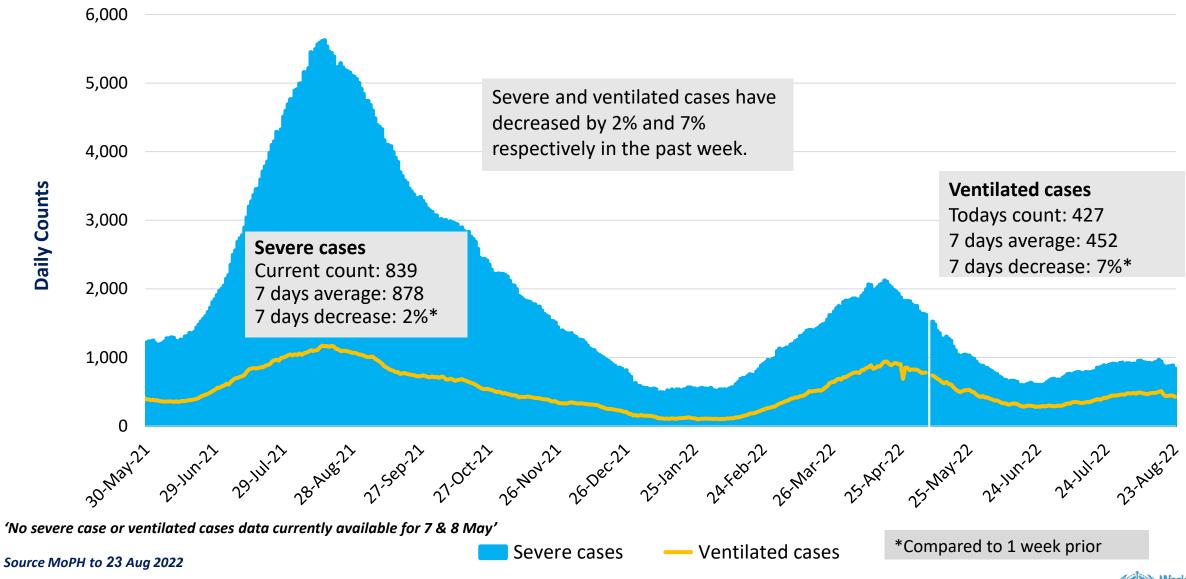




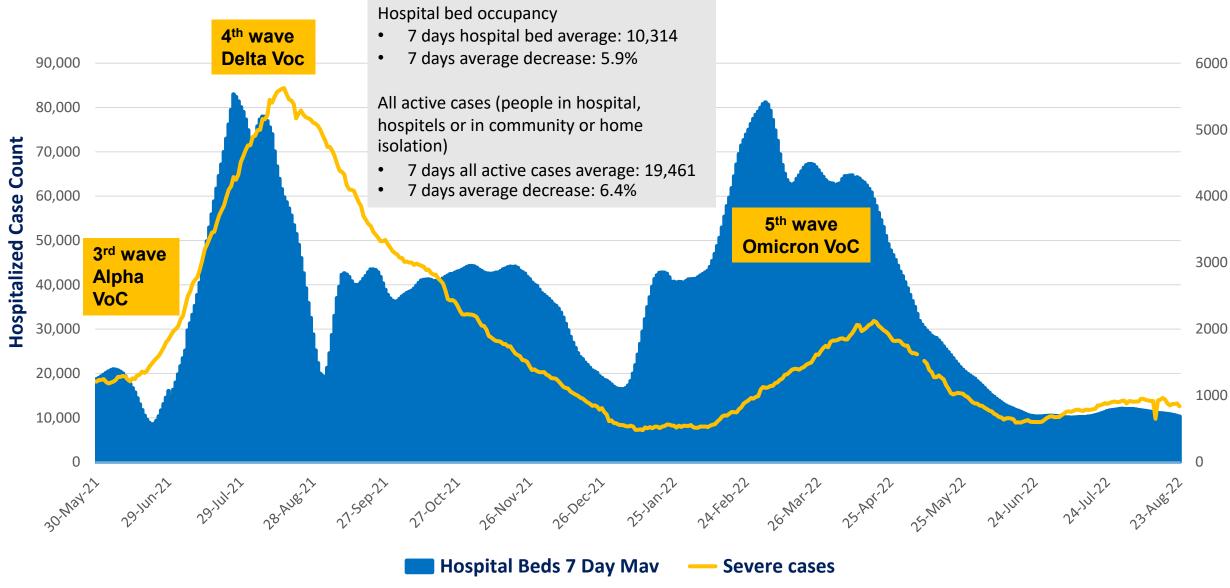
COVID-19 deaths in Thailand



Severe and ventilated COVID-19 cases



COVID-19 hospital bed occupancy (7-day average) and severe cases



Source MOPH: to 23 Aug 2022



Provincial Situation

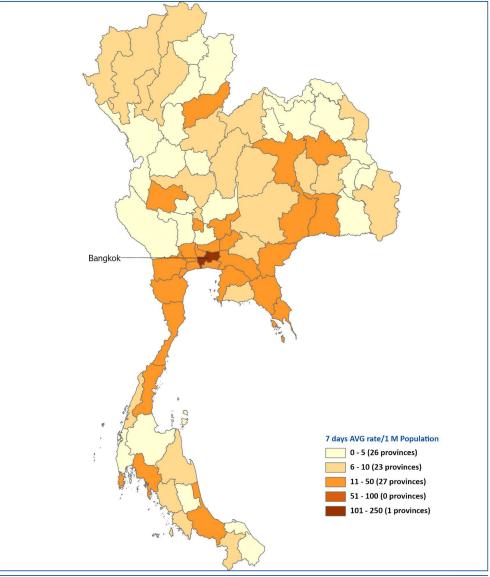


New COVID-19 cases per million population by province

- Nationally, the average number of new cases per million population is slightly decreasing from 13.94 to 12.00.
- Most provinces (76) reported an average rate of less than 50 new cases per million population.
- Bangkok had the highest average rate at 154 cases per million population.



Thailand COVID-19 new cases per 1,000,000 population by province from 18 to 24 August 2022



WHO Thailand Country Office, IMST COVID-19 Response



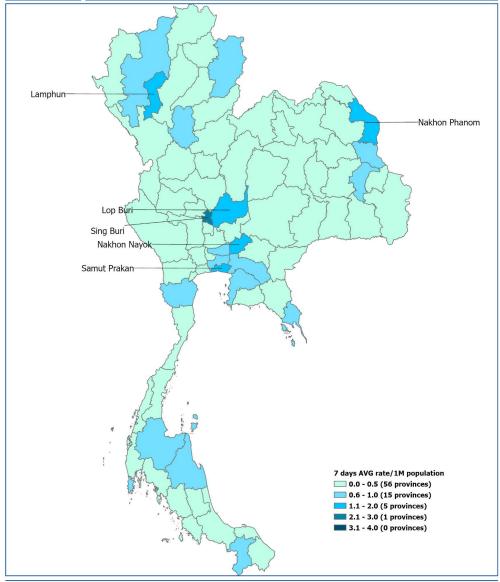
0 50 100

New COVID-19 deaths per million population by province

- Seventy-one out of seventy-seven provinces reported an average rate of death of less than 1 case per million population.
- Sing Buri reported the highest average rate of **deaths** per million population (2.1-3.0) over the past week.



Thailand COVID-19 new deaths per million population by province from 18 to 24 August 2022



Date of Map: 24 Aug 2022

Data Source: Ministry of Public Health

WHO Thailand Country Office, IMST COVID-19 Response

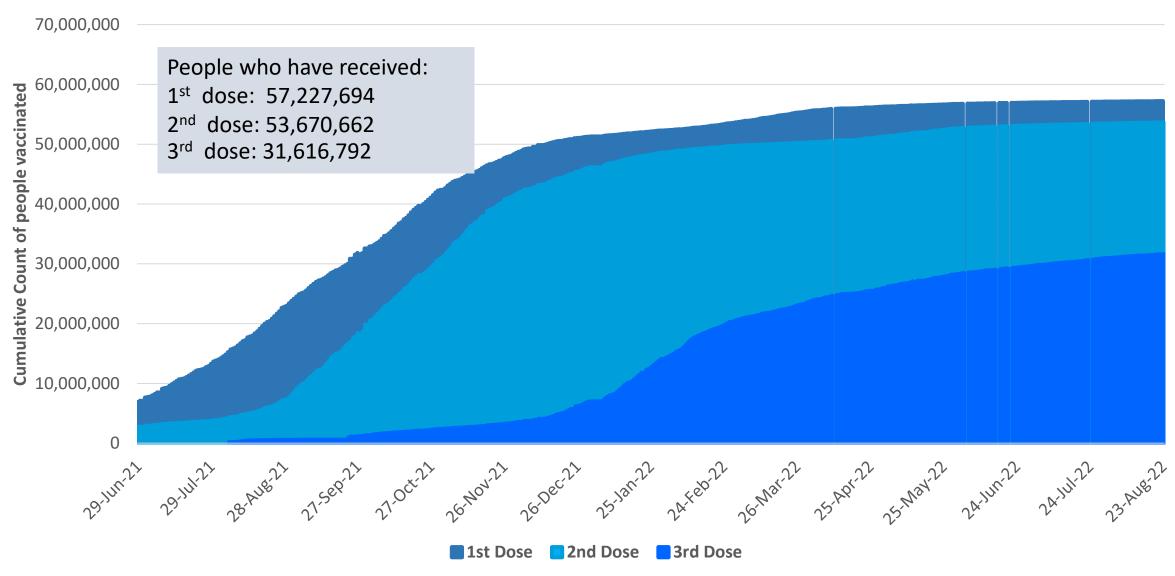


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Vaccination



National COVID-19 Vaccination Coverage



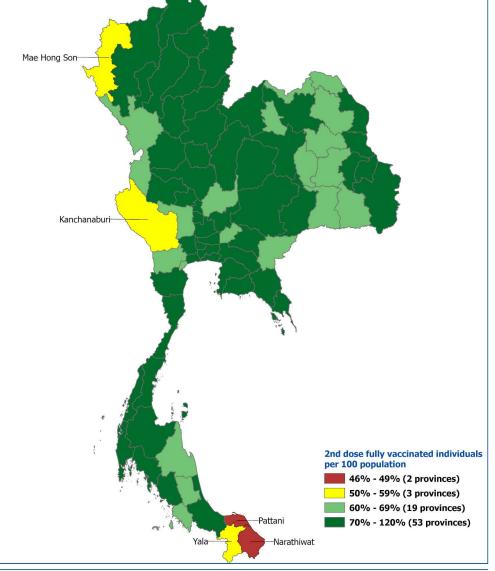
Source CCSA to 23 Aug 2022

Percentage of the population vaccinated against COVID-19 by province

- Fifty-three out of seventy-seven provinces reported more than 70% 2-dose vaccination coverage.
- Narathiwat and Pattani provinces in the far south reported less than 50% 2-dose vaccination coverage.



Second dose vaccination as a percentage of province population until 21 Aug 2022



COVID-19 Update 25-Aug-22 Date of Map: 24 A Data Source: Minis

Data Source: Ministry of Public Health

Date of Data: 21 Aug 2022

WHO Thailand Country Office, IMST COVID-19 Response



0 50 100

Policy Update



The MoPH's Guidelines for COVID-19 Vaccine Administration (18 years and above)

	Dose 1	Dose 2	Inte	rval	Dose 3
	SV/SP	SV/SP	4 we	eeks	AZ
	SV/SP	AZ	>3 m	onths	AZ
3 rd	SV/SP	Pf	>3 m	onths	Pf
dose	AZ	AZ	>3 months		Pf
booster	Pf	Pf	>3 months		Pf
	AZ	Pf	>3 months		Pf
	AZ	AZ	>3 months		AZ
	Dose 1	Dose 2	Dose 3	Interval	Dose 4
	SV/SP	SV/SP	AZ	>4 months	AZ
4 th	SV/SP	SV/SP	Pf	>4 months	Pf
dose	SV/SP	AZ	AZ	>4 months	Pf
booster	AZ	AZ	Pf	>4 months	Pf

Note: A half-dose of Pfizer vaccine can be administered as a booster dose, depending on the clinician's discretion and the vaccine recipient's choice.

- -AZ can be an option for recipients of AZ+AZ who do not wish to receive mRNA vaccines (>6 months interval)
- -Moderna can be considered as booster doses in any regimen above.
- Individuals with a history of COVID-19 infection should get the vaccine 3 months after infection.

SV=Sinovac

SP=Sinopharm

AZ=AstraZeneca

Pf=Pfizer



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COVID-19 Update

25-Aug-22

Source: MoPH's press briefing 21 March 2022

COVID-19 vaccination programme for children and adolescent

Age Group	Vaccine	Dosage	Interval
5-6 yrs.	Pfizer x 2 doses	orange cap (10 micrograms/ 0.2 ml.)	8 weeks
6.44	Pfizer x 2 doses	orange cap (10 micrograms/ 0.2 ml.)	8 weeks
6-11 yrs.	Sinovac - Pfizer	Dose 1: Sinovac 0.5 ml./ dose Dose 2: orange cap Pfizer (10 micrograms/ 0.2 ml.)	4 weeks
6 – 17 yrs.	Sinovac x 2 doses	0.5 ml./ dose	4 weeks*
	Pfizer x 2 doses	purple cap (30 micrograms/ 0.3 ml.)	3-4 weeks
12 -17 yrs.	Sinovac – Pfizer	Dose 1: Sinovac 0.5 ml./ dose Dose 2: purple cap Pfizer (30 micrograms/ 0.3 ml.)	4 weeks**

^{*} They should receive a booster dose with Pfizer (4 months interval after the 2nd dose)

Source: MoPH's press briefing 21 Mar 2022



^{**} They should receive a booster dose with Pfizer or Moderna (4-6 months interval after the 2nd dose)

Administering COVID-19 Booster Doses in Population 5-11 yrs.

Resolution from the Subcommittee on Immunization's Meeting no.5/2022 on 2 August 2022:

For individuals with no history of COVID-19 infection:

age	1 st dose	interval	2 nd dose	interval	booster* full dose
5-6 years	Pfizer (orange cap)	8 weeks	Pfizer (orange cap)		Pfizer (orange cap)
6-11 years	Pfizer (orange cap)	8 weeks	Pfizer (orange cap)	> 3 months	Sinovac/ Pfizer
	Sinovac	4 weeks	Pfizer (orange cap		(orange cap)

For individuals with history of past infection (unvaccinated):

age	1 st dose	interval	2 nd dose	interval	booster* full dose
5-6 years					Pfizer (orange cap)
6-11 years	infection			> 3 months	Sinovac/ Pfizer
					(orange cap)

For individuals with history of past infection (who received the 1st dose):

age	1 st dose	interval	2 nd dose	interval	booster* full dose
5-6 years	Pfizer (orange cap)	Infection		> 3 months	Pfizer (orange cap)
6-11 years	Pfizer (orange cap)				Sinovac/ Pfizer
	Sinovac				(orange cap)

For individuals with history of past infection (who received the 2nd dose):

age	1 st dose	interval	2 nd dose	interval	booster* full dose
5-6 years	Pfizer (orange cap)	8 weeks	Pfizer (orange cap)		Not recommended.
6-11 years	Pfizer (orange cap)	8 weeks	Pfizer (orange cap)	Infection	(natural infection
	Sinovac	4 weeks	Pfizer (orange cap		boosted immune)

Remarks: The table shows only vaccines provided by the government. However, any vaccines and dosage authorized for use in Thailand may be considered for administration. Data as of 19 August 2022

Source: CCSA's press briefing 19 August 2022



Quarantine fo	r close contact	Isolation for positive case		
Vaccinated	Unvaccinated	Vaccinated	Unvaccinated	
10 days self- mor	itoring	The isolation period for		
		asymptomatic and/or mild cases		
		is 5 days after testing positive.		
		Afterward, practice strictly COVID-		
		19 preventive measures for at		
		least 5 days.		

Sources:

CCSA's press briefing on 19 August 2022 Definitions and Guidelines for Management of Close Contacts of COVID-19 Case, 21 May 2022







ผู้โดยสารที่จะทำการถ่ายลำหรือเปลี่ยนลำ (Transit/Transfer) ณ ประเทศไทย

ตั้งแต่ 1 กรกฎาคม 2565 เป็นต้นไป

ผู้โดยสารที่จะทำการถ่ายลำหรือเปลี่ยนลำ (Transit/Transfer) ณ ประเทศไทย ยกเลิกการแสดงหลักฐานประกัน 10,000 ดอลลาร์สหรัฐ ทั้งนี้ให้ตรวจสอบรายละเอียด เอกสารต่าง ๆ ที่ใช้ในการเดินทางกับสายการบินและประเทศปลายทางอีกครั้ง

A health insurance with minimum coverage of 10,000 USD requirement for international transit/transfer passengers will be lifted from 1 July, 2022 onwards. However, please check for the latest travel requirements with the airline and the country of your further destination.

Additional details:

• Thailand's entry requirements from 1 July 2022: Thailand Pass removed at https://www.tatnews.org/2022/06/thailands-entry-requirements/



USEFUL LINKS

- The Thailand COVID19 situation report is available in Thai and English, please <u>visit</u>
- For regular updates on WHO's response in Thailand, please visit
- For global figures and technical advice from WHO, please visit

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NYONE CAN CATCH VIRUSES **INCLUDING COVID-19** REGARDLESS OF THEIR

#SolidarityNotStigma



