Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19)

Data as reported by the Thai Ministry of Public Health



02 September 2020

WHO Thailand Situation Report







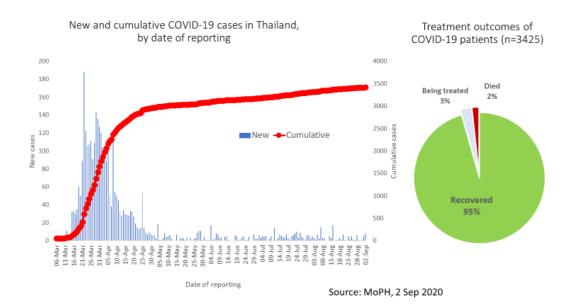




THAILAND SITUATION UPDATE

SPOTLIGHT

- On the 2nd of September 2020, eight new cases of laboratory-confirmed COVID-19 were reported by the Ministry of Public Health. The total number of cases reported in Thailand is currently 3,425.
- Of these cases, 95.6% (3,274) have recovered, 1.7% (58) have died and 2.7% (93) are still receiving treatment.
- Four of the newly confirmed cases are in US citizens who travelled to Thailand for employment. The additional 4 cases are in repatriated Thai citizens, including 2 who arrived from the US, one from Australia and one from Japan. All eight cases were asymptomatic.
- No new deaths were reported today.
- In the past 100 days, all COVID-19 cases detected in Thailand have been in people who were infected in other countries and were diagnosed after arriving in Thailand (there have been no reported cases due to local transmission). Despite this milestone, members of the public must continue to follow preventive measures including distancing, regular handwashing, avoiding touching the face, wearing masks when visiting crowded places and coughing only into a folded elbow or a tissue (which should be disposed of safely).

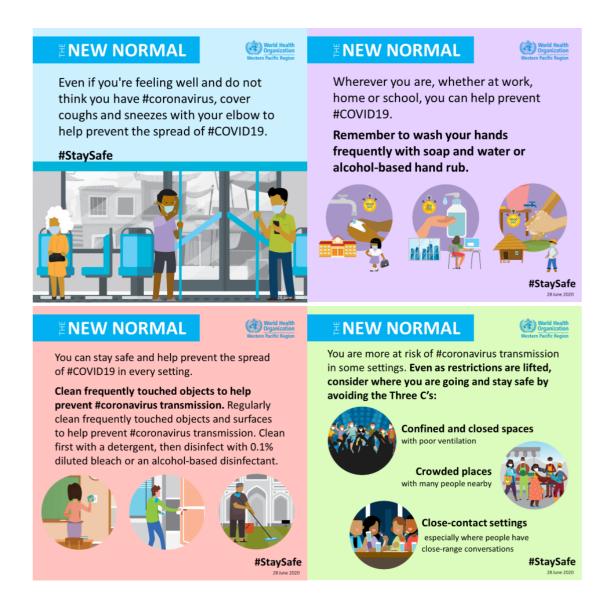


UPDATE FROM THE MINISTRY OF PUBLIC HEALTH

- The COVID-19 situation in Myanmar is being monitored closely: the number of new cases reported in Myanmar in the past two weeks is close to the total number reported between April and early August.
- There are ten provinces in Thailand that share a border with Myanmar. Provincial administration and national security authorities have been alerted to strengthen border controls at unofficial crossing points.
- Provincial health authorities will also work with migrant health volunteers to monitor the situation and support health screening and surveillance. Operators of factories in central provinces that normally employ migrant workers will be asked for cooperation to delay their recruitment.
- Thailand is monitoring and applying lessons learned in other countries. COVID-19 risk management measures, including infection prevention and control procedures need to be strictly applied in quarantine facilities, communities where migrant workers live in crowded conditions, religious compounds where people gather, as well as in schools and healthcare facilities.

- Provincial authorities should work with all sectors to strengthen plans for a possible second wave of infection including the 'worst case scenario' to ensure that they are fully prepared.
- Plans to mitigate risk associated with the arrival of tourists are being further refined. Priority will be given to travelers from countries reporting no domestic COVID-19 transmission for 28 days. Individuals will be required to stay in quarantine for 14 days before being allowed to travel to other parts of the country.
- Between 22-28 August, 28,545 samples were tested for COVID-19. The cumulative number of samples tested until 28 August is 859,480.

ADVICE FOR THE PUBLIC



WHAT WHO IS DOING TO PROVIDE SUPPORT TO THAILAND

WHO Thailand supports the Royal Thai Government through the Ministry of Public Health, sharing information on key developments. guidelines and scientific updates. WHO also supports the wider UN response, including working with key partners to support migrant populations in Thailand. WHO also provides information and advice to staff of the UN system in Thailand.



- The Thailand COVID19 situation report is available in Thailand English, please visit.
- For regular updates on WHO's response in Thailand, please visit.
- For global figures and technical advice from WHO, please visit.

World Health Organization Country Office for Thailand 4th Fl., Permanent Secretary Bldg.3 Ministry of Public Health, Nonthaburi Thailand, 11000

Media queries sethawebmaster@who.int and kanpirom@who.int

For latest updates and resources, please visit:









