

# Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19)

## WHO Thailand Situation Report – 27 March 2020

Data as reported by the Thai Ministry of Public Health on 27 March 2020

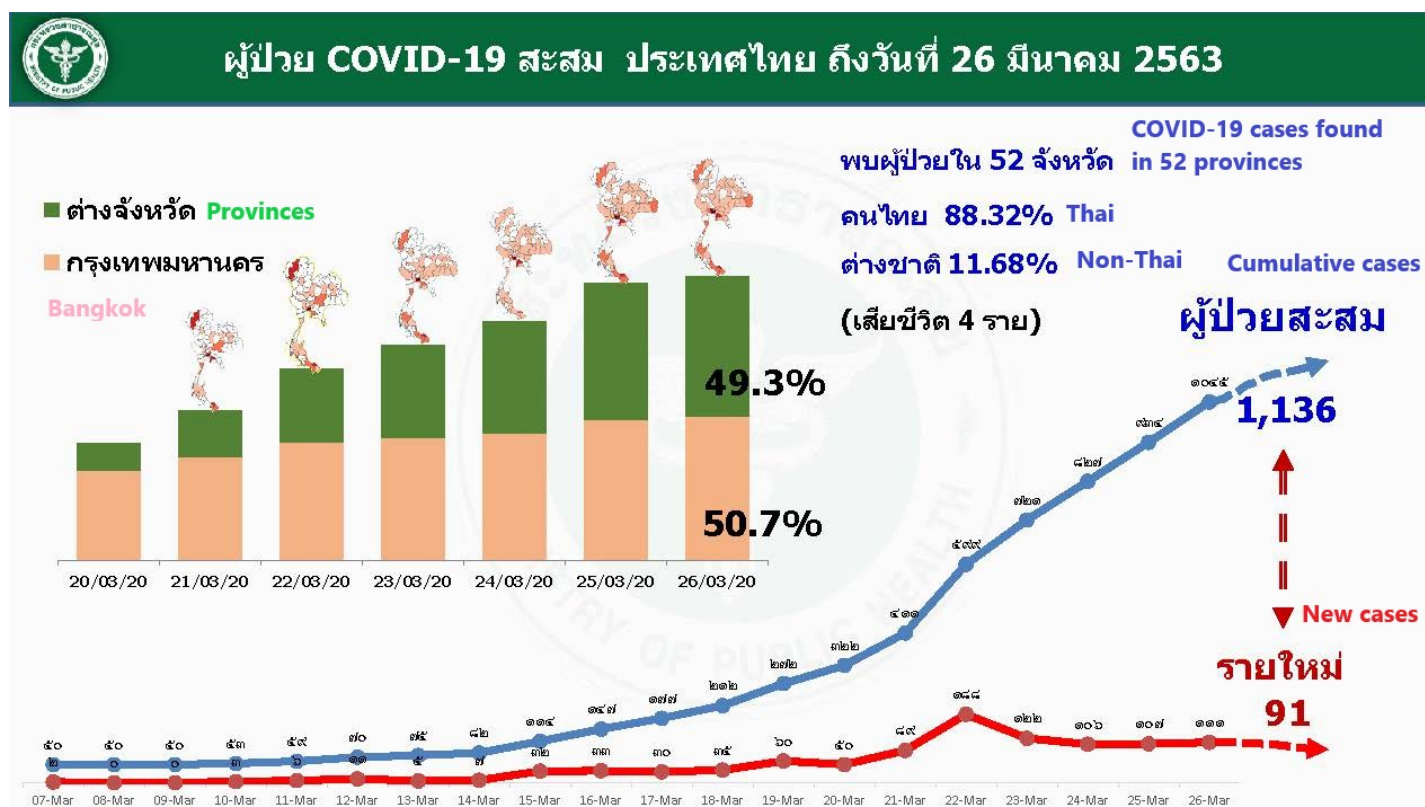
### HIGHLIGHTS

- On the 27th of March 2020, 91 new cases of laboratory-confirmed COVID-19 were announced by the Ministry of Public Health of Thailand, bringing the total number of cases to 1,136.
- Twelve cases are linked to previous clusters and eighteen cases are close contacts of other cases.
- Fifteen cases arrived from abroad, five had been in crowded places or had contact with foreigners through work. Four cases presented with pneumonitis of unknown cause and 42 are still being investigated.
- Of the 1136 reported COVID-19 cases, 97 have recovered, 1034 are receiving treatment and five have died. Eleven cases are reported to be severely unwell.

### THAILAND SITUATION

total and new cases reported in the last 24 hours

1136 confirmed (91 new)  
5 deaths (1 new)  
11 severe cases  
953 people being treated  
97 recovered



### ANALYSIS

The proportion of COVID-19 cases detected outside of Bangkok is increasing; cases have now been reported in more than 2/3<sup>rd</sup>s of Thailand's provinces. Sub-national public health capacity is robust, including extensive networks of Rapid Response Teams and Village Health Volunteers. These networks will work to identify suspected cases, ensure they are quickly isolated from others, treat them and trace and quarantine their close contacts. Rapidly separating infected persons from others minimizes opportunities for spread of the virus and is effective in preventing disease in the population. The goal is to interrupt spread and contain COVID-19 in every affected Province.

Everyone can play their part by staying at home when possible, maintaining 1-2 m distance from others if they must go out, washing hands frequently with soap and water or an alcohol-based sanitizer, avoiding touching the mouth and nose, and observing respiratory hygiene (coughing into flexed elbow or a tissue which is disposed of safely). Anyone who has recently travelled to any province from Bangkok in the past 14 days, and

who develops symptoms of COVID-19, should separate themselves from others, wear a mask and seek medical attention immediately.

## RECOMMENDATIONS AND ADVICE FOR THE PUBLIC

- Remain inside your home. Leave your home **only** for essential activities (e.g. medical care, purchase food).
- Always try to maintain a distance of at least 1.5 meters from all other persons.
- Wash your hands frequently. An alcohol-based hand rub is also effective
- Do not touch your eyes, nose or mouth.
- If unwell, wear a mask. Do not use N95 respirators as supplies are limited and they are critically needed for healthcare workers.
- Cough or sneeze into your elbow or a clean tissue. Dispose of tissues immediately and wash your hands.
- Do not shake hands, embrace, share eating utensils or smoking devices with other people.
- Keep all commonly touched surfaces clean. Advice on cleaning practices and the survivability of the SARS-CoV-2 virus on surfaces & in different settings is available [here](#).

## MEDIA

- WHO Thailand continues to receive media queries about the outbreak and through its [website](#) provides relevant content on a regular basis to the public and other constituencies. Media queries can be directed to [sethawebsite@who.int](mailto:sethawebsite@who.int) and [kanpirom@who.int](mailto:kanpirom@who.int)
- WHO Thailand's [Twitter](#) and [Facebook](#) accounts post useful information on hygiene and protection, such as when and how to use masks, as well as relevant WHO technical guidelines and other content related to the novel coronavirus situation in Thailand and globally.

## WHO THAILAND STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

- Limit transmission to citizens and health care workers
- Train and equip healthcare facilities to manage large numbers of COVID-19 patients
- Address crucial unknowns regarding clinical severity, extent of transmission, viral shedding, treatment options, and accelerate the development of diagnostics, therapeutics and vaccines
- Communicate risk and event information to all communities and counter misinformation
- Minimize social and economic impact through multisectoral partnerships

## PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE

### What Thailand is doing

- Thailand has strong capacities for case detection, risk assessment, case investigation, laboratory diagnosis, clinical management, infection prevention and control, and risk communication.
- With WHO support, the National Institute of Health is supporting specimen testing for other countries as requested.
- Visitors to Thailand traveling from affected areas are being screened on arrival. Possible illnesses may be reported to the Department of Disease Control using the 1422 hotline.
- The Ministry has introduced a self-reporting online tool, available in Thai, English and Chinese, which can be accessed [here](#).

### What WHO is doing in Thailand

- WHO Thailand remains in frequent direct contact with the Royal Thai Government through the Ministry of Public Health, sharing information on key developments, guidelines and scientific updates
- WHO supports the wider UN response and provides relevant information and advice to staff of the UN system in Thailand.

## USEFUL LINKS

- The Thailand COVID19 situation report is available in Thai and English at <http://covid19.th-stat.com/en>.
- For regular updates on WHO's response in Thailand, please visit [www.who.int/thailand](http://www.who.int/thailand)
- For global figures and technical advice from WHO please [visit](#).
- The **International Health Regulations (IHR)** can be viewed [here](#).
- The Department of Disease Control Hotline is 1422 (dialed from within Thailand).
- The **Thai Communicable Diseases Act** (revised in 2015) is available [here](#).
- For a comprehensive COVID-19 global case-tracker, access the **Johns Hopkins University's Centre for Systems Science and Engineering (CSSE)**: in [English](#) and [Thai](#).
- For information on [Global research](#) on the novel coronavirus.
- **The Global Health Network - Coronavirus Outbreak Knowledge Hub** - a pop-up area on [The Global Health Network](#) serves as a knowledge hub and access to guidance on COVID-19.

*(Note: WHO does not take responsibility for content on external websites.)*

For more information or queries on WHO Thailand's response to the COVID-19 outbreak, or our work more widely, contact [sethawebmaster@who.int](mailto:sethawebmaster@who.int), visit [www.who.int/Thailand](http://www.who.int/Thailand), and follow us on [Twitter](#) and [Facebook](#)