Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19)

Situation Report – 114 Timor-Leste



Data as reported by 25 August 2021

HIGHLIGHTS

- The Ministry of Health (MoH) reported **2141** new cases of COVID-19 since the last time of reporting (18.08.2021) this takes the total tally of COVID-19 cases to **15,296** All patients are admitted to the designated isolation and treatment facilities at Vera Cruz, Tasitolu, Tibar, and other government identified isolation hotels. The MoH has also granted permission in some cases for home isolation. For more details, please see the epidemiological update section. The surveillance team, as per the national guideline is conducting further investigation and contact tracing. More details about the new cases can be found at the MoH's Facebook page, <u>Palacio das Cinzas</u>.
- The Case Management vertical Pillar 7 for COVID-19 response, under the National Directorate for Hospital Support Services (DNASH) and financial support from WHO is conducting a five-days training on "Infection Prevention and Control" and "Basic Respiratory and Ventilator Management" as well as "Case Management of COVID 19 Response" at Oe-cusse Referral Hospital. The training was led by DNASH and HNGV with technical support from WHO and St. John of God.

To maintain essential health services in the other areas of health,

continue in schools in Manatuto until the end of August.

- the (MoH) with technical support from WHO and financial assistance from Korea International Cooperation Agency (KOICA) has begun the Transmission Assessment Survey (TAS) for lymphatic filariasis (LF), soil-transmitted helminthiasis (STH), yaws, and scabies in 57 schools in three municipalities Baucau, Manatuto and Viqueque. The survey results will help the MoH to make a programmatic decision towards achieving the goal of NTD elimination and control in Timor-Leste. TAS was completed in Covalima, Bobonaro, and Ainaro in 2020. The findings revealed zero LF and yaws cases, a limited number of scabies, and a low STH prevalence in the three municipalities. TAS have completed in two municipalities Baucau and Viqueque and now will
- The MoH reported 11 more COVID-19 deaths since the last time of reporting (24.08.2021). The COVID-19 death toll now stands at **51**.

SITUATION IN NUMBERS

15,296 confirmed (**1780** new) **11,192** recovered (**584** new) **4,502** active cases **52** deaths

(As per data released by the Ministry of Health)

Follow WHO Timor-Leste on Facebook and Twitter.

More information and guidance by WHO regarding the current COVID-19 outbreak can be found here.

GLOBAL SITUATION IN NUMBERS

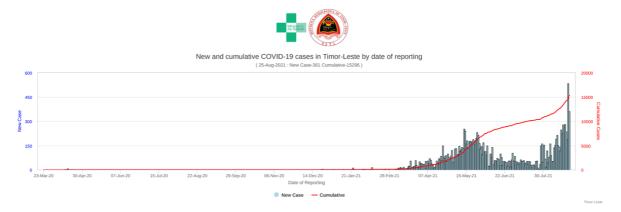
212,357,898 confirmed cases

4,439,843 deaths

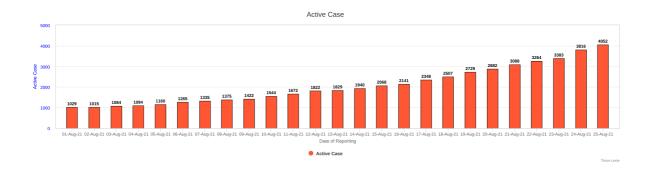
4,619,976,274 vaccine doses

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL UPDATES

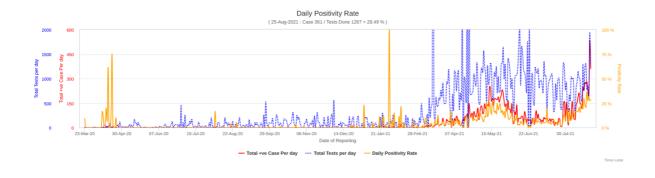
• The cumulative number of confirmed COVID-19 cases stand at 15296. As of 24 August 2021, there were 4177 active cases, with a daily incidence rate of 17.9/100,000 population.



• In the last seven days, Timor-Leste reported the highest number of cases. A total of 2140 cases were reported of which 71 cases needed hospitalization and there were 12 deaths.



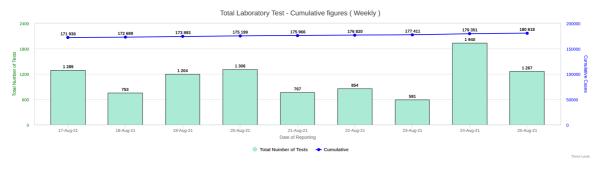
- The number of new cases is increasing at an alarming rate with a significant proportion of health workers being infected, including those working directly on managing COVID-19 patients in critical care settings.
- The latest figures showed that the national 7-day average daily test positivity rate has increased from 19% since the previous reporting period to 27%



- While cases were on a downward trend during the last reporting period, with the spread of the Delta variant being confirmed in Ermera and Dili, some municipalities have reported an increase in the number of daily cases such as Covalima and Baucau. It is most likely that the surge in infection is due to the Delta variant.
- The low number of recovered cases and the continuous increase in new cases means that isolation facilities and critical care capacities are stretched. As the infection continues to rise across the country, the numbers of moderate and severe cases are likely to increase, and it may also translate to the rise in death toll.
- The recent genomic analysis report indicates that out of 45 samples successfully sequenced ofwhich 37 were positive for the Delta variant (B.1.617.2) of SARS-nCoV2.
- Vaccination remains the primary strategy of the government response, with the rollout being scaled up in all municipalities.
- Distribution of newly reported, recovered and active cases by municipalities, as of 24 August 2021.

| Municipality | New Case | Cumulative Case | New Recovered | Cumulative Recovered | New Deceased | Cumulative Deceased | Active Case | |
|--------------|----------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-------------|--|
| Aileu | 0 | 96 | 0 | 58 | 0 | 0 | 38 | |
| Ainaro | 10 | 150 | 3 | 77 | 0 | 0 | 73 | |
| Baucau | 28 | 969 | 11 | 748 | 0 | 1 | 220 | |
| Bobonaro | 12 | 386 | 4 | 298 | 0 | 4 | 84 | |
| Covalima | 7 | 643 | 5 | 309 | 0 | 0 | 334 | |
| Dili | 270 | 10938 | 66 | 8673 | 1 | 43 | 2222 | |
| Ermera | 1 | 1047 | 0 | 305 | 0 | 1 | 741 | |
| Lautem | 4 | 74 | 0 | 60 | 0 | 0 | 14 | |
| Liquiça | 0 | 92 | 0 | 26 | 0 | 1 | 65 | |
| Manatuto | 8 | 128 | 0 | 90 | 0 | 0 | 38 | |
| Manufahi | 7 | 207 | 15 | 109 | 0 | 0 | 98 | |
| Oecusse | 6 | 189 | 21 | 101 | 0 | 1 | 87 | |
| Viqueque | 8 | 377 | 2 | 338 | 0 | 1 | 38 | |
| Total | 361 | 15296 | 124 | 11192 | 1 | 52 | 4052 | |

 As of 24 August 2021, 179,351 PCR tests were done by the National Health Laboratory and referral hospital laboratories since the beginning of the response. The NHL now can return results within 24 hours of collecting the samples.



VACCINATION UPDATES

• At the time of writing this report (25 afternoon August 2021), in total 557,577 COVID-19 vaccine doses comprising 375,602, first doses (coverage 49.8%) and 181,975, second doses (coverage 24.1%) have been administered in Timor-Leste. The breakdown of the number of doses administered and coverage by vaccine type and vaccine dose is given in Table 1.

Table 1: Number of COVID-19 vaccine doses administered and coverage in Dili and Timor-Leste by vaccine brand and doses as of 10:00 hrs 25/08/2021

| | Dose | AZ | SV | Total | Coverage |
|-------------|----------------------|---------|--------|---------|----------|
| | 1 st Dose | 331,483 | 44,119 | 375,602 | 49.8% |
| Timor-Leste | 2 nd Dose | 153,545 | 28,430 | 181,975 | 24.1% |
| | Total | 485,028 | 72,549 | 557,577 | |
| | 1 st Dose | 112,819 | 43,419 | 156,238 | 73.1% |
| Dili | 2 nd Dose | 90,285 | 27,999 | 118,284 | 55.3% |
| | Total | 203,104 | 71,418 | 274,522 | |

Table 2: Number of individuals vaccinated and AEFI by gender as of 10:00 hrs 25/08/2021

| | | | AEFI | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---------|------------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|--------|--------|-------|--|
| Municipality | | First Dose | | S | econd Dos | e | Male | Female | Total | |
| | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | iviale | remale | Total | |
| Dili | 88,602 | 67,636 | 156,238 | 67,137 | 51,147 | 118,284 | 14 | 19 | 33 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aileu | 4,847 | 3,264 | 8,111 | 1,890 | 1,099 | 2,989 | 1 | 0 | 1 | |
| Ainaro | 4,608 | 3,349 | 7,957 | 1,850 | 1,300 | 3,150 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Baucau | 19,270 | 15,528 | 34,798 | 7,539 | 5,351 | 12,890 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Bobonaro | 12,804 | 10,107 | 22,911 | 3,272 | 2,045 | 5,317 | 4 | 6 | 10 | |
| Covalima | 13,302 | 11,601 | 24,903 | 3,084 | 2,361 | 5,445 | 7 | 6 | 13 | |
| Ermera | 11,395 | 7,041 | 18,436 | 3,603 | 2,130 | 5,733 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Lautem | 7,290 | 6,206 | 13,496 | 2,330 | 1,885 | 4,215 | 2 | 0 | 2 | |
| Liquica | 8,056 | 6,409 | 14,465 | 2,740 | 1,902 | 4,642 | 0 | 1 | 1 | |
| Manatuto | 6,795 | 4,925 | 11,720 | 2,046 | 1,302 | 3,348 | 2 | 0 | 2 | |
| Manufahi | 6,978 | 4,645 | 11,623 | 2,544 | 1,420 | 3,964 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Viqueque | 13,384 | 12,271 | 25,655 | 4,085 | 3,088 | 7,173 | 2 | 0 | 2 | |
| ZEEMS (Oecusse) | 13,293 | 11,996 | 25,289 | 2,816 | 2,009 | 4,825 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Total (without Dili) | 122,022 | 97,342 | 219,364 | 37,799 | 25,892 | 63,691 | 18 | 13 | 31 | |
| Total (Timor-Leste) | 210,624 | 164,978 | 375,602 | 104,936 | 77,039 | 181,975 | 32 | 32 | 64 | |

Table 3. Number of individuals among eligible population (18 years and above*) vaccinated in Timor-Leste with COVID-19 vaccine and coverage as of 10:00hrs 25/08/2021

| | Eligible Population | | | Number vaccinated & Coverage | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---------|--------------------------------------|----------|--|----------|---------|----------|--------------------------------------|----------|--|----------|---------|----------|
| Municipality | | | | First Dose | | | | | | Second Dose | | | | | |
| | High Risk Groups (20% Pop.) | 18-59y no comorbidi ty (80% Pop.) | Total | High Risk Groups (20% Pop.) | Coverage | 18-59y no comorbid ity (80% Pop.) | Coverage | Total | Coverage | High Risk Groups (20% Pop.) | Coverage | 18-59y no comorbid ity (80% Pop.) | Coverage | Total | Coverage |
| Dili | 29,980 | 183,822 | 213,802 | 50,647 | 168.9% | 105,591 | 57.4% | 156,238 | 73.1% | 30,186 | 100.7% | 88,098 | 47.9% | 118,284 | 55.3% |
| Aileu | 6,292 | 24,943 | 31,235 | 3,717 | 59.1% | 4,394 | 17.6% | 8,111 | 26.0% | 1,705 | 27.1% | 1,284 | 5.1% | 2989 | 9.6% |
| Ainaro | 7,410 | 27,726 | 35,136 | 2,403 | 32.4% | 5,554 | 20.0% | 7,957 | 22.6% | 1,432 | 19.3% | 1,718 | 6.2% | 3150 | 9.0% |
| Baucau | 18,141 | 55,175 | 73,316 | 10,998 | 60.6% | 23,800 | 43.1% | 34,798 | 47.5% | 5,249 | 28.9% | 7,641 | 13.8% | 12890 | 17.6% |
| Bobonaro | 13,268 | 43,476 | 56,744 | 7,825 | 59.0% | 15,086 | 34.7% | 22,911 | 40.4% | 2,915 | 22.0% | 2,402 | 5.5% | 5317 | 9.4% |
| Covalima | 8,725 | 31,503 | 40,228 | 7,762 | 89.0% | 17,141 | 54.4% | 24,903 | 61.9% | 3,186 | 36.5% | 2,259 | 7.2% | 5445 | 13.5% |
| Ermera | 14,350 | 60,793 | 75,143 | 5,490 | 38.3% | 12,946 | 21.3% | 18,436 | 24.5% | 1,820 | 12.7% | 3,913 | 6.4% | 5733 | 7.6% |
| Lautem | 8,455 | 27,963 | 36,418 | 4,483 | 53.0% | 9,013 | 32.2% | 13,496 | 37.1% | 1,859 | 22.0% | 2,356 | 8.4% | 4215 | 11.6% |
| Liquica | 9,588 | 35,597 | 45,185 | 3,364 | 35.1% | 11,101 | 31.2% | 14,465 | 32.0% | 1,469 | 15.3% | 3,173 | 8.9% | 4642 | 10.3% |
| Manatuto | 6,701 | 21,718 | 28,419 | 3,679 | 54.9% | 8,041 | 37.0% | 11,720 | 41.2% | 1,456 | 21.7% | 1,892 | 8.7% | 3348 | 11.8% |
| Manufahi | 7,595 | 25,766 | 33,361 | 4,989 | 65.7% | 6,634 | 25.7% | 11,623 | 34.8% | 2,342 | 30.8% | 1,622 | 6.3% | 3964 | 11.9% |
| Viqueque | 9,408 | 32,534 | 41,942 | 8,436 | 89.7% | 17,219 | 52.9% | 25,655 | 61.2% | 3,385 | 36.0% | 3,788 | 11.6% | 7173 | 17.1% |
| ZEEMS (Oecusse) | 11,034 | 32,905 | 43,939 | 9,748 | 88.3% | 15,541 | 47.2% | 25,289 | 57.6% | 2,891 | 26.2% | 1,934 | 5.9% | 4,825 | 11.0% |
| Total (without Dili) | 120,967 | 420,098 | 541,065 | 72,894 | 60.3% | 146,470 | 34.9% | 219,364 | 40.5% | 29,709 | 24.6% | 33,982 | 8.1% | 63,691 | 11.8% |
| Total (Timor-Leste) | 150,947 | 603,920 | 754,867 | 123,541 | 81.8% | 252,061 | 41.74% | 375,602 | 49.8% | 59,895 | 39.7% | 122,080 | 20.2% | 181,975 | 24.1% |

^{*}Based on 2021 population projections. Population with Comorbidity 12.5% among 30-59y based on 2016 DHS data
High Risk Groups (20% of the popyulation) - Healthcare staff, other front line staff, aged 60y and above, and 18-59y with comorbidity
18-59y with no comorbidity (80% of the population)

Figure 1: Weekly progress of vaccination in Timor-Leste during as of 10:00 hrs 258/08/2021

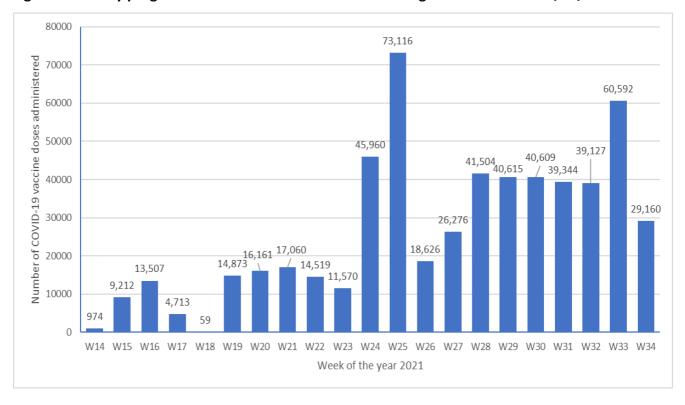
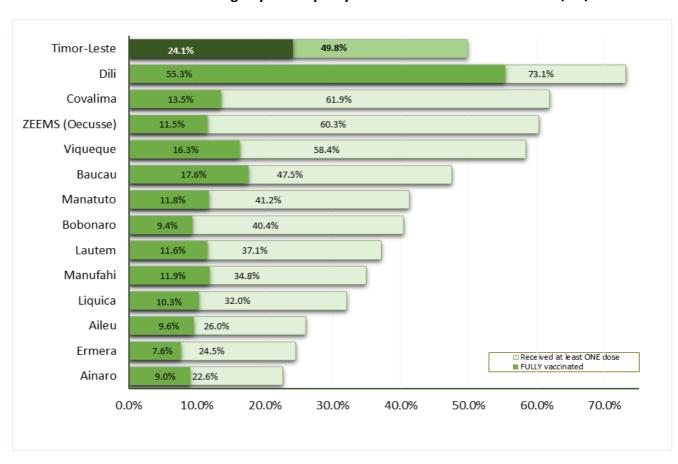


Table 4: COVID-19 vaccine coverage by municipality in Timor-Leste as of 10:00hrs 25/08/2021



WHO TIMOR-LESTE STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

- Interrupt human-to-human transmission including reducing secondary infections among close contacts and health care workers, preventing transmission amplification events.
- Strengthening of surveillance systems and increasing laboratory capacity to detect COVID-19 cases.
- Ensuring adherence to the strictest standards of infection prevention and control (IPC) and increase capacity for IPC.
- Identify, isolate, and care for patients early, including providing optimized care for infected patients.
- Communicate critical risk and event information to all communities and counter misinformation.
- Minimize social and economic impact through multisectoral partnerships.

PUBLIC HEALTH AND SOCIAL MEASURES

Wash your hands frequently

Regularly and thoroughly clean your hands with an alcohol-based hand rub or wash them with soap and water.

Why? Washing your hands with soap and water or using alcohol-based hand rub kills viruses that may be on your hands.

Maintain physical distancing

Maintain at least 1 metre (3 feet) distance between yourself and others.

Why? When someone coughs or sneezes, they spray small liquid droplets from their nose or mouth which may contain virus. If you are too close, you can breathe in the droplets, including the COVID-19 virus if the person coughing is infected.

WHO TIMOR-LESTE STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

Why? If when you're in a setting where maintaining the physical distance of 1 meter or more is not possible due to the space constraint, then it is imperative that you use a face mask as it can help in stopping the transmission of COVID-19

Avoid touching eyes, nose, and mouth

Why? Hands touch many surfaces and can pick up viruses. Once contaminated, hands can transfer the virus to your eyes, nose or mouth. From there, the virus can enter your body and make you sick.

Practice respiratory hygiene

Make sure you, and the people around you, follow good respiratory hygiene. This means covering your mouth and nose with your bent elbow or tissue when you cough or sneeze. Then dispose of the used tissue safely immediately.

Why? Droplets spread virus. By following good respiratory hygiene, you protect the people around you from viruses such as cold, flu and COVID-19.

If you have fever, cough and difficulty breathing, seek medical care early

Stay home if you feel unwell. If you have a fever, cough and difficulty breathing, seek medical attention and call in advance. Follow the directions of health authorities.

Why? Calling in advance will allow your health care provider to quickly direct you to the right health facility. This will also protect you and help prevent spread of viruses and other infections.

Stay informed and follow advice given by your healthcare provider

Stay informed on the latest developments about COVID-19. Follow advice given by your healthcare provider, your national and local public health authority, or your employer on how to protect yourself and others from COVID-19.

Why? National and local authorities will have the most up to date information on whether COVID-19 is spreading in your area. They are best placed to advise on what people in your area should be doing to protect themselves.

Protect ourselves and our loved ones against #COVID19:

- Wash your hands frequently
- Cover coughs and sneezes
- Avoid touching your face
- Avoid crowded places and limit time in enclosed spaces
- Keep a distance of at least 1 metre from others
- Use of mask is imperative when physical-distancing is not possible.
- Regularly clean and disinfect frequently touched objects and surfaces
- Isolate yourself from others if feeling unwell and seek care, if needed

More guidance on preventive measures is available here.

COVID-19 Information and media queries:

- The MoH has established a hotline number 119 for COVID-19 on which people can call to get any COVID-19 related information.
- Additionally, <u>MoH Facebook page</u> provides timely updates on COVID-19 developments in the country.
- WHO Timor-Leste through its <u>Facebook page</u> and <u>Twitter handle</u> also disseminates information on preventive measures, questions and answers, myth-busters and latest updates on COVID-19 globally and nationally. For media queries and interviews requests can be sent to singhsho@who.int and hasane@who.int