Around 18% of schools lacked a basic drinking water service at their school.

**HIGHLIGHTS 2023**

- **Drinking Water**
  - 138 countries had national estimates
  - 77% of schools had a basic drinking water service
  - 2x increase acceleration needed for universal access by 2030

- **Sanitation**
  - 144 countries had national estimates
  - 78% of schools had a basic sanitation service
  - 2x increase acceleration needed for universal access by 2030

- **Hygiene**
  - 134 countries had national estimates
  - 67% of schools had a basic hygiene service

- **Menstrual Health**
  - 30 countries had national data
  - Preliminary estimates based on emerging national data

- **WASH in Schools**

  - Low income countries: 49%
  - High income countries: >99%

- **Most commonly available national menstrual health data**

  - Central and Southern Asia: 35%
  - Sub-Saharan Africa: 11%
  - Least Developed Countries: 17%

- **Facilities**
  - 205 million: Improved facilities, but no water available
  - 220 million: Unimproved or no sanitation facility

- **Knowledge**
  - 235 million: No handwashing facilities or no water
  - 320 million: Handwashing facilities without soap

- **Materials**
  - 153 million: Improved facilities, but no soap available
  - 260 million: No menstrual hygiene materials available

- **MENSTRUAL HEALTH**

  - Around 2 out of 5 schools provide menstrual health education
  - Around 1 in 8 schools have bins for menstrual waste in girls’ toilets

- **Secondary School**
  - 75%

- **Primary School**
  - 81%

- **Central and Southern Asia**

  - 67%

- **Low income countries**

  - 49%

- **High income countries**

  - >99%

- **Sub-Saharan Africa**

  - 18%

- **Least Developed Countries**

  - 17%

- **Low income countries**

  - 49%

- **High income countries**

  - >99%