**TRENDS IN ALCOHOL CONSUMPTION 2016**

**Total** alcohol per capita (15+) consumption in litres of pure alcohol

![Graph showing trends in alcohol consumption](image)

**Recorded and unrecorded** alcohol per capita (15+) consumption in litres of pure alcohol

![Graph showing recorded and unrecorded alcohol consumption](image)

**ALCOHOL CONSUMPTION 2016**

**Prevalence of heavy episodic drinking** (%)

![Graph showing prevalence of heavy episodic drinking](image)

**Total** alcohol per capita (15+), drinkers only, in litres of pure alcohol

![Graph showing total alcohol consumption](image)

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**Country**

- **Total** population: 8,569,633
- **Population in urban areas**: 86%
- **Income group (World Bank)**: High

**Recorded alcohol per capita (15+) consumption by type of alcoholic beverage (%)

![Bar graph showing recorded alcohol consumption by type](image)

**Unrecorded alcohol** is alcohol that is not accounted for in official statistics on alcohol taxation or sales in the country where it is consumed because it is usually produced, distributed and sold outside the formal channels under government control.
**ALCOHOL-ATTRIBUTABLE BURDEN 2016**

Alcohol-attributable fractions in the largest harm categories caused by alcohol (%)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>EU 2016</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age 15–19</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>6.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 20–24</td>
<td>26.4</td>
<td>23.3</td>
<td>23.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All ages</td>
<td>22.1</td>
<td>24.2</td>
<td>26.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* The alcohol-attributable fraction denotes the proportion of a health outcome caused by alcohol (that is, the proportion that would disappear if alcohol consumption was removed).

**ALCOHOL AND YOUNG PEOPLE 2016**

Abstainers past 12 months (%)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>EU 2016</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age 15–19</td>
<td>40.4</td>
<td>52.0</td>
<td>52.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 20–24</td>
<td>17.6</td>
<td>20.0</td>
<td>20.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All ages</td>
<td>34.3</td>
<td>34.3</td>
<td>34.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Prevalence of heavy episodic drinking (%)

<table>
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<th>2010</th>
<th>2016</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age 15–19</td>
<td>21.2</td>
<td>39.4</td>
<td>40.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 20–24</td>
<td>15.5</td>
<td>55.4</td>
<td>52.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All ages</td>
<td>30.3</td>
<td>68.8</td>
<td>65.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total alcohol per capita consumption

<table>
<thead>
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<th>2010</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>EU 2016</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age 15–19</td>
<td>18.1</td>
<td>17.4</td>
<td>17.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 20–24</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>5.7</td>
<td>5.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All ages</td>
<td>14.3</td>
<td>13.1</td>
<td>13.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Alcohol-attributable fractions in overall mortality in different age groups (%)
The WHO “Best Buys” to reduce the harmful use of alcohol

1. Increase excise taxes on alcoholic beverages
2. Enact and enforce bans or comprehensive restrictions on exposure to alcohol advertising (across multiple types of media)
3. Enact and enforce restrictions on the physical availability of retailed alcohol (via reduced hours of sale)

Leadership, awareness and commitments on drinking and alcohol intoxication

Health services’ response

Community and workplace action

Drink–driving policies and countermeasures

Availability of alcohol

Marketing of alcoholic beverages

Pricing policies

Reducing the negative consequences of drinking and alcohol intoxication

Reducing the public health impact of illicit alcohol and informally produced alcohol

Monitoring and surveillance

Labelling of alcoholic beverages on container

Road-safety policies

Random breath testing

Sobriety checkpoints

Legal blood alcohol concentration limit

Sales ban at petrol stations

Note: N/A indicates scores could not be calculated due to missing data.

Country score in the 10 action areas of the European action plan to reduce the harmful use of alcohol 2012–2020 (maximum of 100 points)